



6.
REPORT

—OF THE—

Adjutant General

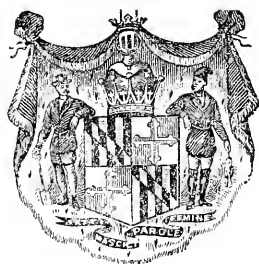
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BALTIMORE :
WM. J. C. DULANY CO., STATE PRINTERS,

1900.



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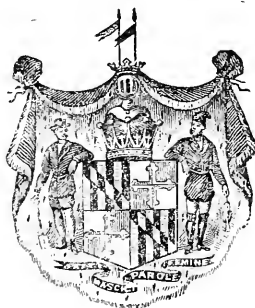
—OF THE—

Adjutant General

—OF—

MARYLAND.

1898-1899.



BALTIMORE :

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Letter Transmitting Report of the Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS LAND AND NAVAL FORCES OF MARYLAND.

ANNAPOLIS, *December 30, 1899.*

To His Excellency the Governor of Maryland, and to the Honorable the Members of the General Assembly of Maryland,

SIRS:

I have the honor to submit herewith the fiscal reports required by law for the years 1898 and 1899; also report of the expenditures of the "Military Emergency Fund" disbursed by warrants upon the Comptroller of the Treasury, as required by the Act of Assembly of 1898, Chapter 380.

A type-written copy of the fiscal report for 1898 was submitted to the Governor in the beginning of the year, and the reporters of the press were given items for publication. As it was desired that the General Assembly should have information of all matters contained in that report, more particularly the report of expenditures of the "Military Emergency Fund" authorized by the said Act of 1898, it was determined that the printing of the report should be deferred for a year so as to embrace all in the report to the General Assembly.

Only fiscal reports are required of this Department, but there are added a consolidated statement of the claim of the State of Maryland against the United States growing out of the expenditures on account of equipping and preparing our troops for the late war, and a statement of the condition of that claim at the date the report was placed in the hands of the printer, December 20, 1899.

Since that date there has been received from the United States a further payment of \$22,926.39 made on December 27, 1899, leaving the condition of the claim, at this writing, as follows:

Balance of claim as amended and filed December 6, 1899.....	\$52,652 80	
Payment on December 27, 1899, as above stated...		\$22,926 39
Unadjusted Clothing Account, arising out of differences in valuations made by the State and the U. S. Quartermaster General's Department		20,874 51
Total of various items running through entire account, causes of non-payment not yet stated by Auditor.....		8,851 90
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$52,652 80	\$52,652 80

It is hoped outstanding differences may be adjusted before the close of the current State administration.

There are also submitted copies of the Proclamations of the Governor and of the principal General Orders issued in connection with the late war, a roster of the officers, with the number of men, who served the United States from Maryland in said war, a roster containing the names of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, the General Staff of the Militia and the aids to the Commander-in-Chief, and the names of the officers, with the number of men, now constituting the Maryland National Guard and the "Veteran Corps," Fifth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard.

This information is followed by reports of the operations of the Quartermaster General's Department and the Inspector General's Department, and by reports of the Commanding Officers of the First Brigade, the First Naval Battalion and the "Veteran Corps."

These additions to the fiscal reports are full and complete, and your attention is respectfully called to them as giving valuable information, especially in regard to Maryland's work in preparing for the late war and to some of the conditions which followed.

In the preparation of the fiscal reports care has been taken, not merely to state a debit and credit account, but to explain the purposes for which the several disbursements were made. The Adjutant General's accounts have been compared with the books of the Comptroller's office, and there is exact agreement so far as warrants issued have been presented to that office.

The claim of the State against the United States was prepared chiefly by John C. Marshall, Clerk to the Acting Quartermaster General, whose services in the Quartermaster General's Department have been invaluable to the State in this and in other work of the Department, notably in the preparation of the property statement appended to the Acting Quartermaster General's report. It would be well if the services of Mr. Marshall, who is a retired army man, could be secured for the State in future work in the Quartermaster General's Department and in other Departments. Some conception of the magnitude of the work in preparing the State's claim against the Government may be had from the statement that over twelve hundred papers, besides letters of information and of inquiry, have been filed with the Auditor for the War Department.

The State is indebted to Senator McComas for his interest in urging the speedy adjustment and settlement of this claim, and action has been accelerated by visits of the Governor to Washington. In this, as in other matters in which he has directed and assisted officers charged with the collection and disbursement of public funds, the Governor has endeavored to protect the financial interests of the State.

This claim against the United States was presented and has been actively followed up by the Adjutant General, although this is not among his prescribed duties. Some of the States have not only employed agents or attorneys, but have had a number of clerks aiding the Auditor's Department in Washington.

While the money (\$101,080.04) thus far collected has been paid into the Treasury of the State without any discount or abatement whatsoever, the work of the Adjutant General in prosecuting the claim was with the understanding, as he supposed, that he should proceed in consideration of the increased pay to be received by him, under the assignment and order of the Governor hereinafter referred to, during his tour of special duty which ended on November 21, 1898. Although the increased pay was withheld on and after September 1, 1898, the Adjutant General has, nevertheless, been performing the work he undertook.

In an interview with the outgoing Attorney General and the Comptroller about this increased pay, in which the work of the Adjutant General during his tour of duty as commanding officer was fully explained, the Attorney General said that, while he did not feel at liberty to reverse the opinion of his predecessor who had sustained the position taken by the Comptroller in withholding this pay, he thought the Legislature should, and he believed it would, award compensation for the work of prosecuting the State's claim against the Government of the United States, and thus adjust the claim of the Adjutant General for increased pay fairly and equitably. I shall not discuss the question at this time further than to say that the Comptroller stated that, although constrained to pursue the course he did pursue upon his and the former Attorney General's interpretation of the meaning of the law, he thought the claim for increased pay was "equitable." The Governor admitted it was "just and fair." I shall later beg leave to call the attention of the General Assembly to this matter, with a particular account of all things relating thereto, as it is a matter which, while somewhat personal to myself, concerns the public as well. I have not desired, and do not desire, anything to which I am not legally and justly entitled, according to my conception of law and right, and I shall be content to rest the determination of the matter with the representatives of the people.

The statement appended to the Acting Quartermaster General's report, above referred to, is one of the most valuable contributions of its kind ever published in Maryland, and, as stated in that report, much time was consumed in collecting the information from which this statement is compiled.

The expenditures for re-equipping the Maryland National Guard have been heavy this year. As some off-set to this we have, as will be noted in the fiscal report, an unusually large sum to our credit out of the apportionment of the appropriation to Maryland by the United States Government for the benefit

of our militia. This sum should be sufficient to meet all demands during the coming year for tentage, ordnance and such other material as is usually furnished by the Government.

It was originally proposed that this Department should not go further in submitting the reports herewith, especially as the reports of officers give such information as will be of interest. Nevertheless, as it has been suggested that a more particular account should be given of the operations of this Department during the late war, and of matters relating thereto, the more so in that upon the head of the Department, not only as Adjutant General, but as Commanding Officer and representative of the Governor, devolved responsibilities of a delicate and trying nature, I shall proceed. I shall endeavor not to repeat what has been treated of in reports of officers herewith, and shall, not merely of necessity, but for the good of the service, omit many details and incidents, seeking to avoid criticism and comment as far as may be, and making this communication as brief and impersonal as it is possible to make it.

It may be well to state in the beginning, in view of some misconceptions that have prevailed, that the object in incorporating into the Act of 1896, Chapter 89, known as the "Militia Law," the provision authorizing the governor to "assign, delegate and order" the Adjutant General to assume command of troops in the case of riot, as set forth in the Act, and "in all other cases of internal disturbance, war and invasion," was to avoid the complications and injustices which occurred in the riots of 1894, when not only did my distinguished predecessor hold, according to the opinion of the learned Attorney-General at that time, a very doubtful authority, to say the least, in the military "Department of Maryland," but, while bearing the burdens and responsibilities of Commanding Officer, he received, very much against his protest, the pay of one of his First Lieutenants. It may be added that neither the General Assembly which passed the bill nor any officer who proposed the provision above referred to, so far as has been ascertained, could have foreseen the war with Spain in 1898, two years later.

Towards the close of the session of 1898, when rumors of war prevailed, a member of the House of Delegates offered a bill to appropriate \$200,000.00 in the event of war. This was not encouraged at the time, but later, when other States were making large appropriations, a bill was prepared by me which, at the Governor's request, was delivered to him, and after some emendation it was offered in the Senate by the President of that body, referred to the proper committee and passed with great unanimity after an amendment had been added in committee, as I have been informed, authorizing the members of the Board of Public Works to borrow money if necessary. I was not asked to appear before the committee nor was I present in either branch of the Legislature at any time when the bill was under

consideration. The Act clearly states the purposes for which the money appropriated should be used, and clearly defines the duties of the Adjutant General in issuing warrants and accounting for its disbursement, the only duties imposed upon this officer by the Act.

On April 16, 1898, the Adjutant General of Maryland, in accordance with a request contained in a letter to the Governor from Mr. Hull, Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives, appeared before said committee in Washington with military representatives from a number of other States in the Union. The object of this meeting seemed to be to ascertain the views of these State representatives, as well as the views of certain army officers present, as to the advisability of passing what was known as the "Hull Bill" for the increase and practical reorganization of the army upon such a scale as would insure a sufficient number of officers and men to meet, in the first instance, any requirement in the event of war. Incidentally, or it may be primarily in the minds of some, the object was to show that there was no immediate necessity for the proposed increase, but that the so-called National Guard organizations of the several States were sufficient and adequate to co-operate successfully with the army. This latter view was supported earnestly and sincerely by many of those present. Maryland's representative, speaking for himself, without any previous instruction, and for what he believed to be the position of Maryland, warmly advocated the "Hull Bill" which, had it been enacted into law at that time, would have avoided the alleged necessity of calling upon the National Guard. While claiming for the Maryland National Guard as much patriotism, loyalty, devotion to duty and efficiency as that of any other State, I did not think its training and experience had been such as to fit it for service in a war which might require invasion of a foreign country. Moreover, I did not think it fair that officers and men who had been mustered in in the State service with no other purpose than to serve their State in ordinary emergencies should be placed in the dilemma of having to sacrifice their business and other interests at a moment's notice or be branded as unpatriotic or cowardly.

The committee adjourned to meet at the office of the Secretary of War in the afternoon with the State representatives and the Army Officers who were present at the earlier meeting. At the latter meeting it was officially declared that war was certain, and it was determined that practically the entire National Guard of the country should be called out and that the committee should forthwith prepare a bill containing provisions giving the President authority to so call out the National Guard upon the declaration of war. Such a bill was subsequently passed with a supplemental bill passed later.

It is important to bear in mind these preliminary matters as an

explanation of the meaning of the provisions of the Act of Congress for calling out the National Guard, of the subsequent course of events in the preparations by the States for war and the volunteering of the National Guard, and of the peculiar status of these organizations while in the United States service.

It is proper also to add that there was apprehension, at that time, of actual invasion of our waters by the Spanish fleet.

So much having been determined at Washington in relation to the National Guard, against such protest as was made and implied by the position taken by the Adjutant General of Maryland, the afternoon and night of that Saturday were spent in a careful consideration of these new and unusual conditions, and General Orders Nos. 6, 7 and 8 were prepared. There was question whether or not a "retired list" could be created. Although the Board of Officers who prepared the Militia Law of 1896 agreed that the authority proposed to be vested in the Governor by Section 3 "to make and publish all needful rules and regulations" would be ample for this purpose, when officers of both the Fourth and Fifth Regiments as early as the summer of 1896 asked that a regulation creating a retired list should be made and published, the Adjutant-General, after a more careful study of the law, refused to make the regulation on the ground of its doubtful legality. But the present being a case of "threatened invasion" and "certain war," Section 2 which authorizes the Governor "to make all needful rules and regulations therefor" was deemed to apply. There was ample authority in Section 23 to revoke commissions, for "qualification" applies to physical as well as to mental incapacity. The method prescribed in the latter section is not only cumbersome but somewhat harsh; and it was thought every officer would gladly accept this method of "retirement," which, as a matter of fact, was generally accepted at the time General Orders No. 6 went into effect.

The information gained at Washington on April 16, as hereinbefore set forth, with copies of General Orders Nos. 6, 7 and 8, was laid before a number of officers called together at the house of Brigadier-General Lawrason Riggs in Baltimore, on Sunday, April 17, 1898. The officers present were General Riggs, General Thomas S. Mumford, Major Clinton L. Riggs, Captain C. Baker Clotworthy, Captain Charles D. Gaither and Lieutenant J. Markham Marshall. It was proposed to have at least two officers of the Fourth Regiment, but their attendance could not be secured at the time of the conference.

There was no expression of objection at this conference to the provisions of these General Orders nor to anything that had then been done or that was then proposed. It was understood and agreed that as the Maryland National Guard was to be called upon Maryland would do her duty, and that every preparation should be made in advance, as far as practicable, for the situation that confronted us. There was no enthusiasm. It was a matter of duty and of State pride, for the most part.

General Orders Nos. 6, 7 and 8 were therefore promulgated on April 18.

During this week, besides the activity in the First Brigade, the First Naval Battalion received special orders to prepare for war upon inquiries and requests from the Navy Department. It may be stated in this place that the whole course of conduct of the officers and seamen of this battalion during the continuance of their service in the war and on their return to the service of the State was such as to gain for them the approbation of the United States and the State authorities. It may also be stated that the "Extract from Log of First Prize Crew from U. S. 'Dixie'" and other appendices to Commander Emerson's report on file at these Headquarters are of great interest, but it was impracticable to print them with the report.

On April 21, war being declared, the Governor placed the Adjutant General in command of the Maryland State forces by a duly authenticated commission. A copy of this special commission was filed at the War Department, and it was recognized there during the period it was in force. The authority so vested in the Adjutant General was fully approved by the War Department as simplifying the relations between that Department and this, for the commission not only placed the Adjutant General in command, but gave him "full power and authority to do and to act in all respects as the Governor and Commander-in-Chief could or might do in the premises," thus making him the Governor's representative as the law prescribed.

The officers at Brigade Headquarters in Baltimore requested that the troops should be ordered into camp to facilitate the equipping and organizing for the war. Orders were accordingly issued on April 22.

On April 23, upon the request of the Secretary of the Navy, the first contingent of the Naval Battalion was ordered to Norfolk, and subsequently another contingent was called for and ordered to Norfolk to complete the complement of the "Dixie." The celerity of the movements of the Naval Battalion in thus reporting for active duty, as more fully set forth in Commander Emerson's report herewith, was among the creditable achievements of this well-disciplined State organization.

On Monday, April 25, 1898, the entire First Brigade reported for duty at Pimlico, in accordance with orders previously issued, under the immediate command of Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs. The promptness of the movements in this case also deserves high commendation. (See General Riggs' report). Most of the events at the Pimlico Camp are stated by General Riggs in his report and explained by the orders issued during the encampment. Not only was delay caused by the weather, as shown by General Riggs' report, but by the frequent changes in numbers required and in the method and manner of organizing prescribed from time to time by the War Department. Nine changes were made after the call for troops.

In addition to these causes of delay preparations were hampered by the very natural efforts of relatives and friends who did not desire those they loved and upon whom, in many cases, they were dependent, to volunteer for this doubtful experiment. A sort of public sentiment was thus created which found expression in letters and other matter published in the newspapers. This sentiment had so far prevailed that assertions were made "on the outside" that when the day came for muster in one entire regiment would refuse to volunteer. Of course these assertions were made by those who did not know the regiment. In order to relieve somewhat this phase of our difficulties and to more clearly set forth the restrictions imposed by the State upon volunteering, a letter was written General Riggs to the following effect: "No officer or man of either the Fifth or the First Regiment who has father or mother, wife or sister, or any other relative dependent upon him for support, will be permitted to remain in his regiment or to be mustered in into the United States service."

On April 26 a telegram was received from the Secretary of War calling for Maryland's quota as one regiment of infantry and four heavy batteries and prescribing the number of officers and men in each organization. A telegram was immediately sent stating we had no artillery in Maryland and asking for a change in this call. A letter was also immediately written to the Secretary of War protesting against this call and offering the entire First Brigade as then constituted, stating further, in effect, that if efficiency and fighting were desired Maryland could better answer these requirements by furnishing the entire Brigade, and asking that we be credited with the excess thus furnished upon a second call for troops. No notice was ever taken of this letter, but on April 27 was received the official letter from the Secretary of War repeating the call as above stated, and asking that the quota be made up "preferably from the National Guard organizations." This was in accordance with the determination made on April 16, above referred to, and the act passed in accordance therewith.

Immediately after receiving this letter from the Secretary of War the Governor issued his proclamation, and orders were issued accordingly, as will appear from copies thereof herewith printed. The call for the four batteries of artillery was changed to a call for two battalions of infantry, and other changes were made as above stated.

The question as to how these National Guard organizations should be mustered in arose at the War Department, and upon suggestion it was agreed that they should be mustered in and the officers commissioned as of the "5th and 1st, (respectively), Maryland U. S. Volunteers, [5th and 1st, (respectively), Regt's, I., M. N. G.]," the designation "U. S. Volunteers" being subsequently changed to "U. S. Volunteer Infantry."

This parenthetical designation was designed to mark the distinction between National Guard regiments and other regiments in the Volunteer Army of the United States and thus to preserve the integrity of our State organizations.

On May 13, 1898, provisional and special commissions were issued by the Governor of Maryland, as required by the United States, to the officers of the Fifth and First Regiments. The Fifth Regiment was mustered in into the United States service by Lieutenant Ellwood W. Evans, 8th U. S. Cavalry, on May 14, 1898, with 985 officers and men, and the two battalions of the First Regiment were mustered in by him on May 17, 1898, with 651 officers and men. The Fifth soon after departed for Chickamauga, and the First for Fort Monroe.

Provision had been made by the United States that each National Guard regiment might have one Army Officer as a Field Officer. This was a wise provision. Captain Walter L. Finley, 9th U. S. Cavalry, who had been in Maryland by assignment of the War Department for several years, whose ability as an officer was well known, and whose high standing in this Department as a man of integrity, courage and honor was understood and approved by officers and men of the Maryland National Guard, was recommended for the position of Major in the First Regiment, and Lieutenant Ellwood W. Evans, the mustering officer above mentioned, who had been military instructor at St. John's College for several years and who was also most favorably and popularly known among Maryland officers and men as a competent officer and a gentleman above reproach, was selected for the Fifth Regiment. It was subsequently made known that the Fifth preferred to enter the United States service with its own officers alone. After information was received from the War Department that the First Regiment would be assigned to garrison duty, for a time at least, and that Captain Finley's regiment, the 9th Cavalry, was ordered to the front, Captain Finley held it to be his duty to join his regiment and resume the command of his own Troop. As Lieutenant Evans' regiment was not assigned for duty at the front he consented to go with the First Regiment as a more certain means of seeing active service in the end, and the officers of that regiment readily accepted him as one of their majors. His services to this regiment were invaluable.

The announced purpose to permit these regiments to select and retain, as far as practicable, such of their own officers as were not rejected by the examining surgeons was consistently followed in commissioning officers at Pimlico. No other course would have been just to those who were making the sacrifices many of them made, and any other course would have been in violation of the rights of these organizations as National Guard organizations.

The Staff appointments were, in every case, made by the

Commanding Officers of the respective regiments, and commissions were issued accordingly.

In the subsequent commissioning of officers of the Fifth Regiment, of which there were only five, to fill vacancies, commissions were issued on the recommendation of the Commanding Officer. In the subsequent reorganization of the First Regiment, after the second call for troops, the Adjutant General and Major General Commanding did suggest the names of several officers at the request and with the approval of the Commanding Officer of the regiment; a privilege accorded, as was believed, not merely by virtue of his office but as the former regimental commander. At no time and in no case, except in that of Lieutenant Evans above mentioned, was any man, not a member of the organization, commissioned, although the "pressure" to induce departure from this rule almost amounted to persecution in some instances. There was, as was to have been expected, much disappointment at the failure of some to enter the service, but no influences or motives other than consideration for the welfare of these organizations and the good of the service operated upon this Department either in this or in any other matter.

On the second call for troops and the proclamation of the Governor thereupon on June 8, 1898, orders were issued and steps were taken for the organization of the Battalion of the Fourth Regiment which promptly responded to the call to become, for the time, a part of the First Regiment. When the loyalty of officers and men to their own organization is considered, loyalty even to their company designation, too much praise cannot be given the officers and men of the Fourth for being willing to thus leave their own regiment and assume another company designation. This Battalion was mustered in by Captain William J. Nicholson, 7th United States Cavalry, at Baltimore, on June 29, 1898, and soon thereafter left for Fort Monroe to join the First.

On this second call for troops officers from each of the Fifth and First Regiments were sent back to Maryland with orders to report to these Headquarters for blanks and instructions and to proceed with the work of recruiting so that the strength of each company should be increased to one hundred and six enlisted men. The completion of this recruitment made each of said regiments, after the addition to the First Regiment of the battalion of the Fourth above mentioned, a three-battalion, twelve-company regiment, with an aggregate in each of thirteen hundred and thirty-three officers and men; thus making, as stated in the roster herewith, a total of twenty-six hundred and sixty-six infantry, besides the four hundred and fifty-six from the First Naval Battalion for the naval service—a grand total of thirty-one hundred and twenty-two. There was also a number of enlistments from Maryland in a so-called "immune" regiment, with which the State authorities had nothing to do.

By virtue of the special commission to the Adjutant General from the Governor authority was given me by the War Department to visit, from time to time as might be deemed expedient, the First Regiment upon matters relating to its discipline, further organization, etc. In pursuance of this authority three visits were paid the regiment at Fort Monroe and two at Camp Meade, the last visit to Camp Meade being in November, 1898, shortly before its departure for its winter quarters in Augusta, Georgia. The second visit to Fort Monroe was to complete the organization of the regiment. This was practically accomplished on July 7, 1898, although one officer was not mustered in until July 15.

After the departure of our troops for the war it was urged in certain quarters, from good motives for the most part, that another regiment should be organized for the protection of the State, as the Legislature had appropriated an abundance of money for the purpose. The position taken at these Headquarters in reference to this matter was that Troop "A," after the increase in its authorized strength to one hundred enlisted men, the remnant of the Fourth Regiment, the First Separate Company and the "Veteran Corps" would be sufficient for ordinary purposes, especially as our proximity to Washington, where there was then a number of troops, would afford us opportunity to secure aid in case of serious riot or internal disturbance. In fact, Troop "A" was practically "on waiting orders." It was further held that the expenditure of about thirty thousand dollars, which would have been required to fully equip the proposed regiment, would not be justified under all the circumstances and with a due regard to the welfare of the State. Some of the States did organize new regiments.

Early in August, upon the receipt of a letter from the Commanding Officer of the Fifth Regiment, then at Tampa, urging that the regiment be sent to Puerto Rico as its last opportunity to see active service, I proceeded to Washington. The result of several visits and numerous telegrams was that, while the regiment was about to be assigned to General Schwann's Brigade of Regulars, it was finally brigaded with the 2nd Georgia and the 1st Florida, under General Hudson, for service in Puerto Rico. At the same time the 1st Regiment was added to General Wade's Provisional Division for service in Puerto Rico, thus assigning all of Maryland's troops for active service as a recognition, as was stated at the War Department, of Maryland's efficient efforts to furnish well-equipped troops for the war. General Miles' telegram that no more troops were needed in Puerto Rico prevented these contemplated movements.

On Thursday, August 11, 1898, the Governor called my attention by telephone to an account in one of the daily papers in Baltimore of serious illness and dissatisfaction in the 5th Regiment at Tampa. He further called attention

to letters received by him from persons in Baltimore. Not one word of complaint from any officer or man had reached these Headquarters, except the very natural request of the Commanding Officer, above referred to, that the regiment should be assigned to duty in Puerto Rico. It was known that the regiment was one of only eight of the large number at Chickamauga which was deemed fit in material and equipment for immediate service. The State had even furnished our troops with ammunition. It was known the regiment was under orders for Santiago in the very beginning and that embarking had, at one time, been commenced at Port Tampa. It was supposed that matters were not altogether comfortable at Tampa, but no official notification of actual conditions there had been received.

However, after further talk with the Governor it was determined that a visit should be paid to Tampa. Having obtained from the Adjutant-General of the army, by virtue of the special commission from the Governor filed at the War Department as aforesaid, a strong letter to the Commanding Officer of the Fourth Army Corps, which, among other things, stated the purpose of the trip to be "to inquire into the health and general condition of the 5th Maryland U. S. Volunteer Infantry, based upon rumors which the bearer believed to be largely sensational," departure was made from Baltimore on Saturday afternoon, August 13, 1898. Tampa was reached on Sunday night.

That neither officers nor men of the regiment, used for weeks to their own appearance and surroundings, worn with waiting, wasted, in many cases, by fever and disease developing and multiplying day by day, could understand how the situation affected one who had been one of them, and who had seen them depart from Pimlico three months before in health and vigor, is not a matter of surprise. Had I been vested with the authority I should, then and there, have ordered the regiment home.

Orders had been issued to remove the regiment, with other troops at Tampa, to Huntsville, Alabama; but a rumor prevailed that it might be ordered to Fernandina, still within the "fever belt." I therefore left Tampa for Jacksonville on Tuesday night, August 16, having heard much of censorship at Tampa, and on the morning following wired the Adjutant General of the Army from the latter place as follows: "To my surprise nothing sensational in those rumors. The patient and uncomplaining endurance of officers and men amounts to heroism. I earnestly hope the exodus from Tampa to Huntsville will be speedily accomplished."

On my arrival at Huntsville, by way of Chickamauga where valuable information as to army conditions generally was obtained, General Coppinger, Commanding the Fourth Army Corps, and his officers extended every facility for the work in hand, gave full information, offered the choice of camping ground for the Fifth, and agreed fully, with the entire

concurrence of the Chief Surgeon of the Corps, that it would be advisable, under all the circumstances, to remove not only such of the soldiers of the regiment as were already ill and able to be moved, but more particularly those who were in that depressed state bordering on illness. Arrangements were therefore made soon after the arrival of the regiment at Huntsville on the Sunday morning following for hospital trains, and two trains transporting nearly two hundred of these invalids were dispatched in the ensuing ten days.

General Riggs received these invalids on arrival of the trains in Baltimore, and the worst cases were removed to hospitals by special direction of the Governor. The Surgeon General of the Army afterwards paid about \$4,000 on account of the hospital claims, relieving to this extent the obligation assumed by the State.

Shortly after the arrival of the regiment at Huntsville the Governor of Maryland, at the solicitation of friends of the regiment in Baltimore and in accordance with the wishes of a very large majority of the members of the regiment, wired that he had secured from the War Department an order for the mustering out of the Fifth Regiment. The regiment remained at Huntsville over two weeks, reported at Baltimore early in September and was mustered out on October 22, 1898.

About twenty members of the Fifth Regiment died from disease contracted in the service, including that very popular and well-beloved officer, Lieutenant-Colonel William D. Robinson.

The war career of the First Regiment was uneventful. This regiment, like the Fifth, did what was required of it. It performed garrison duty at Fort Monroe; left for Camp Meade, near Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, in September; left Camp Meade for winter quarters at Augusta, Georgia, in the late fall, and was there mustered out on February 28, 1899. Eight men were reported to have died in the First Regiment.

That neither regiment saw more active duty was not, I am persuaded, the fault of either organization. As a prominent army officer said: "There was not enough war to go around." Whatever may have been the shortcomings of any department of the government, very few persons have any conception of the "pressure" brought to bear by Senators, Representatives and others in high places to accomplish special purposes. It is but just, however, to these "servants of the people" to say that the "pressure" upon them frequently comes from the people they represent. It has been alleged that this "pressure" was largely the cause of the assignment to duty of certain regiments in the late war. However this may be, the particular matters that should not be lost sight of are the prompt response to the call of duty by Maryland troops, the sacrifices made by these loyal officers and men, the unreserved offer of themselves to their country for whatever the fate of war might bring.

But, while this is all true, it can hardly be expected that the National Guard will ever again be called upon under similar conditions. Its present organization, its real relations with the United States Government; our so-called camps of instruction, where tents are pitched, sinks dug, food cooked and served for the men; the methods of discipline, the retaining, from sentimental motives, which would in some cases be praise-worthy if the consequences were not likely to be serious, of officers and men who have grown old in the service of the State and their country, or who have become physically disqualified for active duty in the field—these and other considerations, including the fact referred to in the early part of this communication that officers and men of the so-called National Guard, as now constituted, are simply mustered in to serve the State, render the calling out of the National Guard for a foreign war impracticable and unfair. This was the position taken by Maryland, through its proper representative, at the beginning, as hereinbefore set forth, and events justified the apprehension then entertained.

One difficulty about Volunteer Regiments when first called into service is that neither officers nor men, as a rule, have learned to take care of themselves. The least and last thing a soldier has to do is to fight. Any man with ordinary intelligence can learn drill and some tactics, and any ordinary man will fight upon provocation, especially if he have company. The primary duty of an officer is himself to learn and to teach his men how to care for their bodies and their morals in camp, so that when the fighting time comes they may be in that state of physical health and moral vigor which steadies the nerves and otherwise makes a man feel like a man. If any intelligent man of business who takes up military studies and drill for a few hours a week, with a view of qualifying himself to be an officer, is as fit to command and have charge of men as an army officer, or, if an enlisted man in the National Guard is "as good as a regular," then the government would as well close West Point and disband the regular army.

After the return of one of the regiments there was much agitation of questions growing out of the peculiar conditions and the results attending this calling out of the National Guard for the service of the United States. Letters were written and published in the newspapers, and opinions were freely given. This agitation proceeded mainly, it is fair to assume, from ignorance of the provisions of the Acts of Congress referred to in the early part of this communication, and, in some cases, from want of knowledge of our own laws and military regulations. Circular No. 3, promulgated on October 10, 1898, while provoking some adverse criticism based upon an entire misapprehension of its purposes, practically set this agitation at rest. This circular, while containing quotations from the United States law, the constitution

and laws of this State and military regulations, was, for the most part, in the nature of an opinion as to the status during and after service in the Volunteer Army of the United States of those who were National Guardsmen at the time of muster in, and as to the status after muster out of those who were not National Guardsmen. The position taken on two points at least was afterwards affirmed by opinions rendered by competent authority elsewhere. The Solicitor-General of the United States, in an opinion approved by the Attorney-General of the United States, decided that General Harries, the Brigade Commander of the District of Columbia National Guard, did not forfeit his commission as Brigadier-General or his right to issue orders to the National Guard of the District as such Brigadier-General in consequence of being commissioned by the President as Colonel of the regiment which entered the United States service even while still holding this provisional commission. In New York it was thereafter held that an officer in one of the National Guard regiments which volunteered for the Volunteer Army of the United States might be court-martialed by State authority after muster out for offenses committed while in the service of the United States, and that a State Court of Inquiry could investigate the entire course of conduct of the commanding officer and other officers of a National Guard regiment while in the United States service.

No charges were preferred against any officer or man of the Maryland National Guard after muster out of the United States service in the late war.

After other matters had been disposed of in the fall of 1898 a plan, before that long considered, was sought to be put in operation by which, it was believed, the State organizations could be very nearly assimilated to organizations in the regular military establishment of the country; but there was such violent opposition to this, it was adjudged to be so out of the course of anything that ever had been done before in Maryland, there seemed to be so pronounced a sentiment in certain quarters that each organization should remain, in some sort, a law unto itself, that the plan was abandoned after the publication of one regulation.

Still, pride in the organization on the part of its members is to be commended. It has influenced our organizations in the past to do the State good service, and it will in the future. That these organizations have survived the processes of the disintegration which was threatening them during and after the trying ordeal through which they recently passed, is not due so much to the orders preserving their integrity and unity as to this very pride of organization and loyalty to the State service which have stimulated the work of officers and men.

I cannot too strongly commend the valuable services of General Riggs, the Brigade Commander, of General Mumford, the

Inspector General and Acting Quartermaster General, and of Commander Emerson, Commanding the First Naval Battalion, for their faithful and efficient work during the late war and throughout the whole of this State administration.

I must express my appreciation for the invariable courtesy and consideration shown me by the officers of the War Department and all other Army officers with whom I was brought in contact during my limited tour of special duty.

In conclusion, I beg leave to submit the two following recommendations as to amendments of the Militia Law:

(1.) In order that officers who have long and faithfully served the State may retain their rank and their uniforms without being required to perform active duty, except in certain emergencies and within the limit of their ability, and that all doubt as to the retiring of officers shall be removed, I respectfully recommend that amendment to the law be made providing for the retirement of such officers upon their application.

(2.) As there is present provision in the Militia Law by which enlisted men may be honorably discharged upon application and dishonorably discharged after court-martial, I respectfully recommend that further provision be made for the discharge of enlisted men "for the good of the service."

As I am about to resign the office of Adjutant General to accept an office conferred upon me by the suffrages of the people of my county, I desire to thank the present Governor for the confidence implied in his original appointment of me as Adjutant General, and in his subsequent special commission to me as Commanding Officer and his representative during the late war.

And being thus about to sever relation with the military establishment of the State, which commenced in eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, I beg leave, through this communication, to express my steadfast regard and lasting good will for the officers and men of the Maryland National Guard, earnestly hoping that they may remain loyal to their State and to their organization, and that they may always endeavor to maintain a high standard of discipline and efficiency.

Very respectfully,

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

FISCAL REPORT.

FISCAL REPORT

OF THE

Adjutant General of Maryland.

1898.

ACCOUNT SHOWING THE DISPOSITION OF THE APPORTION-
MENT TO THE STATE OF MARYLAND OF THE APPRO-
PRIATION MADE BY THE UNITED STATES GOV-
ERNMENT FOR THE BENEFIT OF
THE MILITIA.

DATE.		DR.	CR.
1898.			
January 1.....	To balance to credit of Maryland....	\$5,903 54	
July 1.....	To amount of apportionment of ap- propriation to Maryland for fiscal year ending June 30, 1899.....	6,900 90	
February 17...	By Ordnance stores issued		\$2,143 71
February 17...	By Quartermaster stores issued.....		643 40
March 3.....	By Quartermaster stores issued.....		37 69
March 22.....	By Ordnance stores issued.....		718 40
March 31.....	By Ordnance stores issued.....		21 50
March 31.....	By Quartermaster stores issued.....		11 63
April 11.....	By Ordnance stores issued.....		108 95
April 22.....	By Ordnance stores issued.....		1,952 00
July 18.....	By Ordnance stores issued.....		2,910 90
December 31..	By balance.....		4,256 26
		\$12,804 44	\$12,804 44

Balance to credit of Maryland January 1, 1899, \$4,256.26.

ACCOUNT OF DISBURSEMENTS OF APPROPRIATION MADE BY
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, FROM JANUARY
1, 1898, TO DECEMBER 31, 1898, INCLUSIVE, ON ACCOUNT
OF THE CONTINGENT AND NECESSARY EXPENSES
OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE AND
THE MAINTENANCE, ETC., OF THE LAND
FORCES OF THE MILITIA.

1898.		
January	1...Amount to credit of appropriation this date, as per last Annual Re- port	\$43,433 52
October	1...Amount of appropriation for the con- tingent and necessary expenses of the Adjutant General's Office and for the maintenance, equipment and discipline of the land forces of the militia, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1899; being an appropriation of \$50,000, less \$2,000 for salary of Adjutant Gen- eral paid by checks of Treasurer..	48,000 00
	Total	<u>\$91,433 52</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

GENERAL ACCOUNT.

FOR CONTINGENT AND NECESSARY
EXPENSES OF ADJUTANT
GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1898.	To J. R. Frost, Janitor:	
January	4...For services for quarter ended De- cember 31, 1897.....	\$25 00
April	1...For services for quarter ended March 31, 1898.....	25 00
July	22...For services for quarter ended June 30, 1898.....	25 00
October	1...For services for quarter ended Sep- tember 30, 1898.....	25 00
	To King Brothers:	
February	4...For printing and binding 300 copies Adjutant General's Report for 1897, and for printing 150 copies General Orders No. 16.....	153 00
October	4...For printing General Orders Nos. 6, 7 and 8	10 00
November	17...For printing 200 copies Circular No. 3.....	20 00
	To W. M. Holladay:	
March	24...For printing and binding 500 copies Manual of Arms.....	55 00
	To H. H. Boswell, Clerk:	
April	26...For incidental expenses of the office	50 00
June	30...For incidental expenses of the office	50 00
September	14...For incidental expenses of the office	50 00
November	1...For extra services for month of October	25 00

December	2...	For incidental expenses of the office To C. F. Johnston, Stenographer and extra Clerk:	\$25 00
May	5...	For services for 8 days to May 1, 1898,	20 00
November	2...	For services for October, 1898.....	100 00
December	1...	For services for November, 1898..... To Chesapeake and Potomac Tele- phone Company:	100 00
May	5...	For exchange rental for quarter ending June 30, 1898.....	37 92
July	12...	For exchange rental for quarter ending September 30, 1898.....	52 50
October.	5...	For exchange rental for quarter ending December 31, 1898..... To J. H. Medairy & Co.:	52 50
June	3...	For stationery.....	25 85
June	11...	To Wm. J. C. Dulany Company: For stationery.....	43 08
November	17...	For stationery..... To the J. W. Bond Company:	20 25
December	15...	For printing blank forms.....	56 00
Oct. 1, '87 to		To L. Allison Wilmer, Adjutant General and Major General Com- manding:	
Jan. 1, '98...		For amount paid, Adjutant General, for telegrams, postage, printing, etc	18 50
Sept. 3, '97 to		For amount paid for traveling ex- penses and hotel bills of Adj- utant General to and in Baltimore and Baltimore county on matters connected with the discipline, equipment, etc., of the militia...	134 10
Jan. 4, '98...		For amount paid W. M. Holladay for printing orders, etc.....	18 50
May	11...	For amount paid Wiley & Co. for shelter tent (sample).....	3 30
May	17...	For amount paid A. B. Rutherford, Clerk Court of Appeals, for cer- tified copy Military Emergency Fund law.....	1 25
June	10...	For amount paid Wiley & Co. for two copies Davis' Military Law...	15 00
Jan. 1 to Dec. 2...		For amount paid for telegrams and for telephones messages from points out of Annapolis.....	215 78
Jan. 4 to Dec. 2...		For amount paid for traveling ex- penses, hotel bills, etc., Adjutant General and Major General Com- manding, his officers and clerks, Baltimore, Washington, Pimlico, Fort Monroe, Philadelphia, Har- risburg and Camp Meade, on matters connected with the dis- cipline and equipment of the Militia	809 90
			<hr/> \$2,262 43

FOR EXPENSES CONNECTED WITH THE TRANSPORTATION, SUBSISTENCE
AND CARE OF INVALID SOLDIERS OF FIFTH REGIMENT.

		To L. Allison Wilmer, Adjutant General and Major General Commanding:	
September 8...	For amount advanced by Governor (\$1,000) and by said Wilmer (\$340.12), for car service, provi- sions, attendance, etc., in send- ing first detachment home from the South.....	\$1,340 12	
		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
September 14...	For pay of special detail, (Brigade Headquarters) at time of remov- ing said soldiers to hospitals.....	38 60	
September 15...	For certain expenses connected with removal and care of said soldiers	536 59	
October 12...	For the temporary aid of certain of said soldiers not in hospital.....	50 00	
November 2...	For account of car service, provisions, attendance, etc., in fetching second detachment home, and for removing to hospitals.....	2,265 39	
		To Captain S. R. Tregallas, Pay- master, Fourth Regiment:	
October 3...	For pay of special detail from Com- pany "H" in removing said soldiers to hospitals.....	90 00	
			\$4,320 70

FOR QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

		To Major Charles R. Spence, Acting Quartermaster General:	
March 25...	For 100,000 ball cartridges, purchased from Hartley and Graham	\$1,850 00	
		To Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, Acting Quar- termaster General:	
April 29...	For contingent and necessary ex- penses of Camp Wilmer.....	1,000 00	
May 4...	For incidental expenses of his Department	1,000 00	
May 7...	For incidental expenses of his Department	3,500 00	
August 5...	For his services, under orders, with the Maryland National Guard....	458 33	
November 2...	For rent of grounds at Pimlico, and other expenses of his Department	2,125 36	
		To Thomas & Evans:	
September 13...	For 3 bound books.....	28 50	
			\$9,962 19

FOR SURGEON GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

To Hynson, Westcott & Co.:		
September 14...	For hospital and medical supplies...	\$815 92
To Jesse B. Riggs, Agent:		
October 2...	For insurance on medical stores.....	8 00
To Leonhardt Wagon Manufacturing Co.:		
November 17...	For storage and insurance on ambulance and litters.....	7 00
		<hr/> \$830 92

FOR BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES OF THE BRIGADE.

To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:		
January 4...	For Headquarter's expenses for quarter ending March 31, 1898...	\$200 00
January 4...	For allowance, special inspection, Fourth Regiment.....	29 50
April 6...	For Headquarter's expenses for quarter ending June 30, 1898.....	200 00
May 9...	For printing orders, etc., by Guggenheimer & Weil.....	10 75
June 2...	For pay of servant at hospital, Camp Wilmer.....	30 00
June 2...	For pay of himself and staff, services at Camp Wilmer.....	2,116 61
June 6...	For hire of horse for orderly, and for pay of Examining Surgeons of Fourth Regiment.....	99 16
June 10...	For bill for printing and stationery.	71 55
July 11...	For Headquarter's expenses for quarter ending September 30, 1898	315 94
September 14...	For expenses of certain officers of Fifth Regiment in recruiting, Camp Wilmer	75 95
October 3...	For Headquarter's expenses for quarter ending December 31, 1898.....	273 50
October 3...	For services and pay of Captain Keyser and Sergeant Putsche at Camp Wilmer.....	74 80
To Colonel John S. Saunders, Brigade Inspector General:		
January 4...	For services and pay mustering in Troop "A".....	19 50
May 2...	For services and pay as Inspecting and Mustering Officer.....	197 33
To H. H. Mansbach:		
April 6...	For uniforms furnished disbanded Company "B," original Second Battalion (old claim adjusted and compromised).....	200 00
To Captain J. W. Downey, Assistant Surgeon:		
May 4...	For services, pay, and expenses, examining officers and men Company "B," 1st Regiment.....	16 55

May	9....For services and pay, examining men of First Regiment.....	\$24 90
	To Captain S. Griffith Davis, Assistant Surgeon:	
May	9....For services and pay, examining officers of First Regiment and officers and men of Fourth and Fifth Regiments.....	49 99
	To Captain D. F. Pennington, Acting Assistant Quartermaster General:	
June	11....For services and pay from May 29 to June 30, 1898.....	177 92
November 17...	For services for July, 1898.....	172 36
November 17...	For barrels, gas and breakage, Third Battalion, Fourth Regiment.....	7 15
	To Major Charles V. Starkloff, Paymaster First Brigade:	
July	14....For pay of certain officers, Fourth Regiment, as recruiting officers...	158 00
November 17...	For special services in paying troops To Felix Johnston:	60 ⁰⁰ 63
September 14....	For four days' labor at Camp Wilmer To Captain J. B. Schwatka, Assistant Surgeon:	4 00
August	11....For services and pay in examining Troop "A"	5 55
October	5....For services and pay in examining new recruits, Troop "A"	5 55
	To Dr. W. B. Morrison, Hagers-town:	
August	11....For examining recruits, First Regiment.....	46 80
	To C. H. Hargett:	
August	11....For storing and hauling lumber at Frederick.....	50 00
	To William D. Bowers Lumber Company:	
October	12....For material, teams and hauling.....	124 04
	To the New York Clothing House:	
October	15....For uniforms for Brigade Staff, Signal Corps, Troop "A," and First and Fifth Regiments.....	2,592 80
	To Captain George F. Haupt:	
November 17...	For subsistence of his men before entering service of United States To Charles B. Kennedy:	20 75
December	1....For twelve water barrels for use at Camp Wilmer.....	12 00
		<hr/>
		\$7,443 58
Total General Account.....		<hr/>
		\$24,819 82

FOURTH REGIMENT ACCOUNT.

To Colonel Willard Howard:

January	12....For armory expenses for quarter ending March 31, 1898.....	\$1,500 00
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April	6...	For armory expenses for quarter ending June 30, 1898.....	\$1,500 00
July	11...	For armory expenses for quarter ending September 30, 1898.....	2,031 95
November	17...	For armory expenses for quarter ending December 31, 1898.....	1,500 00
		To E. D. Preston:	
August	8...	For mess chess for Third Battalion..	17 60
Total Fourth Regiment Account			<u>\$6,549 55</u>

FIFTH REGIMENT ACCOUNT.

To Col. Frank Markoe:			
January	4...	For armory expenses for quarter ending March 31, 1898.....	\$1,500 00
April	6...	For armory expenses for quarter ending June 30, 1898.....	1,500 00
		To Captain J. J. Jackson, Jr., Ordnance Officer:	
May	9...	For services of Charles Strickler in cleaning and repairing rifles.....	22 50
		To Major Clinton L. Riggs:	
October	3...	For commissary chests for use of his battalion.....	61 80
		To F. Schultze Manufacturing Company:	
October	12...	For gun cases and locks.....	14 90
To the Tabb & Jenkins Hardware Company:			
November	2...	For twelve Meyers No. 1 cooking outfits.....	396 90
		To J. W. Pugsley:	
November	17...	For materials and repairs, Fifth Regiment Armory.....	15 00
Total Fifth Regiment Account			<u>\$3,511 10</u>

FIRST REGIMENT ACCOUNT.

To Colonel William P. Lane:			
January	4...	For Headquarters expenses for quarter ended December 31, 1897.....	\$4 00
April	6...	For Headquarters expenses and armory rent and expenses of Companies "A," "B," "D," "E," "G" and "I" for quarter ended March 31, 1898.....	406 04
		To Captain Q. S. J. Beckley, Company "A":	
January	4...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended December 31, '97..	41 00
		To Captain George L. Fisher, Company "B":	
January	4...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended Dec. 31, 1897.....	84 25
		To Captain James C. Porter, Company "G":	
January	4...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended Dec. 31, 1897.....	56 38

REPORT OF THE

April	6...	For repairs on armory made under supervision of and approved by Captain Walter L. Finley, U.S.A. To Capt. Wm. A. Wright, Co. "E":	\$274 00
January	12...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended December 31, '97. To Lieutenant William L. For-	48 99
January	12...	man, Company "I":	
December	1...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended December 31, '97..	24 75
December	1...	disbanded Company "I":	39 16
March	10...	To H. H. Boswell, former Captain disbanded Company "E":	
March	10...	For collecting, packing and shipping rifles formerly issued to said company.....	15 00
April	6...	To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
April	6...	For gas bill and janitor, disbanded Company "F":	16 00
June	13...	For type writer, etc.....	111 70
September	13...	For pay of certain officers and men, First Regiment, not entering the service of the United States, for services at Camp Wilmer.....	1,534 91
April	29...	To Captain Charles D. Gaither:	
April	29...	For pay and expenses to Cumberland to inquire into expediency of organizing a company for First Regiment.....	17 50
July	14...	To Major Charles V. Starkloff, Paymaster First Brigade:	
July	14...	For pay of certain enlisted men, Company "A":	369 14
October	12...	To the New York Clothing House:	
October	12...	For Uniforms.....	613 95
November	17.	To Captain Charles T. Lowndes, Company "C":	
November	17.	For expenses in recruiting his company	11 20
December	15...	To Antietam Fire Company:	
December	15...	For rent of armory, Company "B," from April 1, 1898, to January 1, 1899.....	187 50
December	15...	To the Trustees of Maryland Avenue M. E. Church:	
December	15...	For rent of armory, Company "G," from April 1 to October 1, 1898...	90 00
December	15...	To William Bealer, Janitor, Company "G":	
December	15...	For services for quarter ended September 30, 1898.....	15 00

Total First Regiment Account

\$3,960 47

FIRST SEPARATE COMPANY ACCOUNT.

January	4...	To Captain William R. Spencer:	
January	4...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended December 31, 1897.	\$75 55

April	6...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended March 31, 1898.....	\$92 27
July	11...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended June 30, 1898.....	75 30
November	17...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended September 30, 1898.....	107 65
		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
May	9...	For printing letterheads by J. Edward Richards & Co.....	2 50
May	26...	For services and pay of company at Camp Wilmer.....	2,466 81
Total First Separate Company Account			<u>\$2,820 08</u>

TROOP "A" ACCOUNT.

		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
June	14...	For pay of officers and men, Camp Wilmer.....	\$457 12
August	8...	For certain camp expenses, S. O. No. 31, A. G. O.....	100 00
		To Captain Jos W. Shirley:	
July	11...	For current expenses for half year ended June 30, 1898.....	116 52
August	8...	For horse hire for June, 1898.....	199 00
September	14...	For horse hire for July, 1898.....	217 00
October	3...	For horse hire for August, 1898.....	219 00
November	17...	For horse hire for September, 1898, and for armory expenses for quarter ending September 30, 1898.....	433 21
December	1...	For horse hire for October, 1898.....	117 00
		To H. W. Webb & Sons:	
August	8...	For axes, etc.....	13 20
		To Wendell, Fay & Co.:	
September	14...	For army kersey.....	190 65
		To the A. G. Alford Sporting Goods Co.:	
September	14...	For 1,000 cartridges.....	12 50
October	12...	For 950 cartridges.....	12 37
		To the Mount Washington Electric Light and Power Comp'y:	
December	1...	For extending line to Pikesville for use of Troop.....	65 00
		To New York Clothing House:	
December	15...	For uniforms.....	1,109 00
Total Troop "A" Account.....			<u>\$3,261 57</u>

SIGNAL CORPS ACCOUNT.

		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
May	26...	For services and pay of Signal Corps at Camp Wilmer.....	\$ 666 49
June	13...	For supplies.....	409 00
Total Signal Corps Account....			<u>\$1,075 49</u>

RECAPITULATION.	DR.	CR.
To amount of appropriation.....	\$91,433 52	
By General Account.....		\$24,819 82
By Fourth Regiment Account.....		6,549 55
By Fifth Regiment Account.....		3,511 10
By First Regiment Account.....		3,960 47
By First Separate Company Account.....		2,820 08
By Troop "A" Account.....		3,261 57
By Signal Corps Account.....		1,075 49
By balance December 31, 1898.....		45,435 44
	\$91,433 52	\$91,433 52

1899.

January	1...Balance in Treasury, subject to the warrant of the Adjutant General, for the contingent and necessary expenses of the Adjutant General's Office, and for the maintenance, equipment and discipline of the land forces of the militia for the remainder of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1899..	
		<u>\$45,435 44</u>

ACCOUNT OF DISBURSEMENTS OF APPROPRIATION MADE BY
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND FROM
JANUARY 1, 1898, TO DECEMBER 31, 1898,
INCLUSIVE, ON ACCOUNT OF
FIRST NAVAL BATTALION.

1898.			
January 1.....	Amount to credit of appropriation this date, as per last annual report	\$ 588 99	
October 1.....	Amount of appropriation for the maintenance, equipment and discipline of First Naval Battalion for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1899.....	5,000 00	
	DISBURSEMENTS.		
March 4.....	To Commander Isaac E. Emerson : For current expenses of the battalion		\$ 300 00
	To William V. Wilson, Jr., Paymaster:		
June 3.....	For sundry bills paid by him.....		157 15
November 17..	For services on board "Dale," from May 29 to July 2, 1898.....		268 49
	To "Eclipse Laundry:"		
November 17.	For cleaning uniforms.....		49 26
	By balance December 31, 1898.....		4,814 09
	Total.....	\$5,588 99	\$5,588 99

1899.		
January	1...Balance in treasury, subject to the warrant of the Adjutant-General, for the maintenance, equipment and discipline of First Naval Battalion for remainder of fiscal year ending September 30, 1899.....	\$4,814 09

ACCOUNT OF MONEYS IN THE HANDS OF AND RECEIVED
BY THE ADJUTANT GENERAL, AND DEPOSITED IN
THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK, BALTIMORE,
WITH AN ACCOUNT OF THE DIS-
BURSEMENTS THEREOF.

1898.—To	check from Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, Acting Quartermaster General, for amount of warrants Nos. 275, 279 and 283, for \$1,000, \$1,000 and \$3,500, respectively, for equipment, etc., of troops for the war, and refunded, by said check, from amount of Military Emergency Fund in his hands.....	\$5,500.00
To	cash from Captain George L. Fisher, Co. "B," First Regiment, through Gen. Riggs, excess of pay roll of said company, refunded from payment out of Military Emergency Fund.....	12 00
To	check from Brigade Headquarters, excess of payment for printing and stationery, refunded from \$71.55 on Warrant No. 296.....	4 30
To	check of Major Charles V. Starkloff, Paymaster First Brigade, excess of payment for certain men of First Regiment, refunded from \$527.14 on Warrant No. 308.....	17 00
To	check from Brigade Headquarters, excess of allowance for Troop "A" encampment, refunded from \$100 on Warrant No. 314.....	7 01
To	check from Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, Acting Quartermaster General, for rebatement on typewriter, being unexpended balance in his hands, refunded from Military Emergency Fund..	14 75
To	check from Brigade Headquarters, excess of special requisition to assist invalid men of Fifth Regiment, not in hospital, refunded from \$50 on Warrant No. 341...	15 00
To	check from Captain George S. Jackson, Paymaster Fifth Regiment, excess of pay roll of officers and men of said Regiment not entering the service of the United States, refunded from \$5,000 on Warrant to General Riggs on Military Emergency Fund.....	306 65

DISBURSEMENTS.

(Paid by checks on the Third National Bank.)	
By check No. 1 to Captain Benjamin R. Elliott, Fourth Regiment, for three days' pay, collecting property of disbanded Co. "I," First Regiment.....	\$15 00
By check No. 2 to Major W. H. Crim, Surgeon Fifth Regiment, for services and pay in examining officers of Fourth and Fifth Regiments.....	27 50
By check No. 3 to Captain I. R. Trimble, Assistant Surgeon, Fifth Regiment, for services and pay in examining officers and men of Fourth and Fifth Regiments.	38 85
By check No. 4 to Captain J. D. Iglehart, Assistant Surgeon, Fifth Regiment, for services and pay in examining officers and men of Fourth and Fifth Regiments and Signal Corps.....	33 30
By check No. 5 to Brigadier General R. B. Warfield, Surgeon General, for medical and hospital stores.....	1,218 25
By check No. 6 to Brigadier General R. B. Warfield, Surgeon General, for medical and hospital stores.....	1,350 50
By check No. 7 to Colonel John M. T. Finney, Chief Surgeon, First Brigade, for services and pay in examining officers and men of Fourth and Fifth Regiments.....	68 04
By check No. 8 to Captain H. H. Keedy, Jr., Paymaster First Regiment, for services and pay in preparing muster rolls, etc.....	38 92
By check No. 9 to Dr. Louis E. Livingood, Johns Hopkins Hospital, for analyzing water at Pimlico, Camp Wilmer.....	50 00
By check No. 10 to Colonel William P. Lane, First Regiment, for transportation, telegrams and other incidentals, Camp Wilmer	16 52
By check No. 11 to John Wiley & Sons, for 500 copies Murray's Drill Manual.....	50 00
By check No. 12 to Colt's Patent Firearms Manufacturing Co., for revolvers and ammunition for the Maryland National Guard	1,368 32
By check No. 13 to Lieutenant Colonel Charles B. McClean, First Regiment, for personal expenses and printing.....	30 85
By check No. 14 to Captain Frank Bateman, Commissary First Regiment, for transportation and telegrams at Camp Wilmer	5 05
By check No. 15 to Hynson Westcott & Co., for drugs, etc., for use at Camp Wilmer.....	466 16
By check No. 16 to Dr. O. M. Linthicum, for examining recruits, Co. "K," First Regiment.....	5 00
By check No. 17 to Dr. Howard Bratton, for examining recruits, Co. "E," First Regiment.....	41 00

By check No. 18 to Lieutenant W. E. Sands, Co. "B," First Regiment, for expenses in recruiting	\$4 15
By check No. 19 to Major W. C. Claude, Surgeon, First Regiment, for examining recruits and for transportation	34 46
By check No. 20 to Captain George L. Fisher, Co. "B," First Regiment, for transportation	7 80
By check No. 21 to Lieutenant W. G. Rouse, Co. "D," First Regiment, for expenses in recruiting, etc.....	96 67
By check No. 22 to Captain Samuel Riggs, Co. "K," First Regiment, for expenses in recruiting	14 25
By check No. 23 to Captain William A. Wright, Co. "E," First Regiment, for transportation, etc.....	11 11
By check No. 24 to Captain Thomas G. Forward, Co. "D," First Regiment, for expenses in recruiting.....	20 83
By check No. 25 to Captain George L. Fisher, Co. "B," First Regiment, for transportation, etc.....	3 50
By check No. 26 to Lieutenant George P. King, Co. "E," First Regiment, for expenses in recruiting, etc.....	27 70
By check No. 27 to Major J. B. Phipps, Fourth Regiment, for expenses to Washington on June 26.....	5 85
By check No. 28 to Captain F. I. Mosher, Fourth Regiment, for expenses in recruiting.....	28 85
By check No. 29 to Smith Premier Typewriter Co., for repairing typewriter.....	4 75
By check No. 30 to Wm. Wood & Co., for medical books, Surgeon General's Department.....	72 00
By check No. 31 to H. A. Dodge, for revolvers and ammunition for Third Battalion, Fourth Regiment.....	201 71
By check No. 32 to Annapolis Gas and Electric Light Co., for electric lights, Armory, Co. "G," First Regiment.....	13 20
By check No. 33 to Wm. Bealer, janitor, Co. "G," First Regiment, for services for quarter ended June 30, 1898.....	15 00
By check No. 34 to Mohler & Horner, for awnings for Adjutant General's office.....	26 90
By check No. 35 to W. M. Holladay, for printing orders, etc.....	10 50
By check No. 36 to Citizens' Express Co., for two tarpaulins, loaned and lost at Camp Wilmer.....	15 00
By balance in Third National Bank, December 31, 1898.....	439 22
	<hr/>
	\$5,876 71 \$5,876 71

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENT OF MILITARY EMERGENCY FUND LOAN.

1898.—To total amount borrowed by the Board of Public Works from the Third National Bank and placed in Treasury subject to warrant of Adjutant General.....\$125,000 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

To L. Allison Wilmer, Adjutant General, as commanding officer by appointment and assignment of the Governor, under A. A. 1896, Chapter 89, Section 34:	
For part of his pay for his services.....	1,986 10
To Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, acting Quartermaster General and Inspector General:	
For his pay for his services, (\$458.33 in addition being paid out of the general appropriation for the militia).....	993 06
For the equipment and camp expenses of troops in preparing for war.....	75,000 00
To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
For pay and services of officers in examining, recruiting, etc., under call for troops.....	513 83
For pay of Fourth Regiment at Camp Wilmer.....	3,089 55
For pay of officers and men of Fifth Regiment physically disqualified, etc., to enter service of United States, for service at camp.....	5,000 00
To Paymaster, Fifth Regiment:	
For pay of officers and men entering service of United States, to time of muster in.....	17,637 69
To Paymaster First Regiment:	
For pay of officers and men of the Regiment physically disqualified, etc., to enter the service of the United States, for service at Camp.....	2,138 73
For pay of officers and men entering service of United States to time of muster in.....	10,423 83
To Commander Isaac E. Emerson:	
For pay of certain officers and men, First Naval Battalion, to time of muster in into service of the United States.....	4,220 73
To H. H. Boswell, Clerk:	
For extra services at night, etc.....	125 00
To C. F. Johnston, Stenographer and extra Clerk:	
For services from May 1, to October 1.....	500 00
To Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Co.:	
For metal cases for Adjutant General's Office	650 00
To Cashier Third National Bank:	
For interest on Military Emergency Fund Loan to January 1, 1899, (except \$461.82 paid out of General Militia Fund).....	2,721 48

\$125,000 00 \$125,000 00

FISCAL REPORT

OF THE

Adjutant General of Maryland.

1899.

ACCOUNT SHOWING THE DISPOSITION OF THE APPORTION-
MENT TO THE STATE OF MARYLAND OF THE APPRO-
PRIATION MADE BY THE UNITED STATES GOV-
ERNMENT FOR THE BENEFIT OF
THE MILITIA.

DATE.		DR.	CR
1899.			
January 1.....	To balance to credit of Maryland.....	\$ 4,256 26	
July 1.....	To amount of apportionment of ap- propriation to Maryland for fiscal year ending June 30, 1900.....	6,900 90	
August 24.....	By ordinance stores issued.....		\$ 233 40
December 31...	By balance.....		10,923 76
		<u>\$11,157 16</u>	<u>\$11,157 16</u>

Balance to credit of Maryland, January 1, 1900, \$10,923.76.

ACCOUNT OF DISBURSEMENTS OF APPROPRIATION MADE BY
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND FROM
JANUARY 1, 1899, TO DECEMBER 31, 1899, IN-
CLUSIVE, ON ACCOUNT OF THE CON-
TINGENT AND NECESSARY EXPEN-
SES OF THE ADJUTANT GENER-
AL'S OFFICE AND THE MAIN-
TENANCE, ETC., OF THE
LAND FORCES OF
THE MILITIA.

1899.		
January	I...Amount to credit of appropriation this date, as per last Annual Re- Report	\$45,435 52
October	I...Amount of appropriation for the contingent and necessary exp- enses of the Adjutant General's Office and for the mainte- nance, equipment and disci- pline of the land forces of the militia for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1900; being an ap- propriation of \$50,000, less \$2,000 for salary of Adjutant General paid by checks of Treasurer.....	48,000 00
	Total.....	<u>\$93,435 52</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

GENERAL ACCOUNT.

FOR CONTINGENT AND NECESSARY EXPENSES OF ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

1899.	To C. F. Johnston, stenographer and extra clerk:	
January	3...For services for December, 1898.....	\$100 00
February	3...For services for January, 1899.....	100 00
March	1...For services for February, 1899.....	100 00
April	1...For services for March, 1899.....	100 00
April	30...For services for April, 1899.....	100 00
	To Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company:	
January	12...For exchange rental for quarter ending March 31, 1899.....	52 50
April	5...For exchange rental for quarter ending June 30, 1899.....	52 50
July	12...For exchange rental for quarter ending September 30, 1899.....	52 50
October	18...For exchange rental for quarter ending December 31, 1899.....	52 50
	To J. R. Frost, Janitor:	
January	12...For services for quarter ended December 31, 1898.....	25 00
March	31...For services for quarter ended this date.....	25 00
July	3...For services for quarter ended June 30, 1899.....	25 00
September	28...For services for quarter ended September 30, 1899.....	25 00
December	20...For services for quarter ended December 31, 1899.....	25 00
	To J. H. Medairy & Company:	
January	13...For stationery.....	67 80
	To W. M. Holladay:	
March	15...For printing orders.....	138 00
July	12...For printing orders.....	22 50
December	13...For printing orders and blanks.....	15 00
	To the J. W. Bond Company:	
March	15...For printing blanks, etc.....	102 10
May	4...For lithographing 700 warrants for non-commissioned officers.....	36 25
July	11...For printing blanks, etc.....	12 50
Sept.	28...For printing blanks, etc.....	46 25
	To H. H. Boswell, clerk.	
March	17...For incidental expenses of the office.....	100 00
October	27...For incidental expenses of the office.....	100 00
	To A. Hoen & Company:	
July	12...For ten copies History Fifth Regiment.....	10 00
	To Pearre, Crowl & Company:	
Sept.	28...For Adjutant General's warrant book.....	19 00

	To Young & Selden:	
October 18...	For blank roll, enlistment, etc., papers and books for Regiments and Companies.....	\$691 25
	To L. Allison Wilmer, Adjutant General:	
Dec. 3, '98, to		
Dec. 20, '99...	For telephone messages from points out of Annapolis, and for telegrams, typewriting and some postage.....	91 00
Dec. 3, '98, to		
Dec. 20, '99...	For traveling expenses and hotel bills to and in Baltimore and Washington, on matters connected with the discipline and equipment of the militia.....	507 14
December 20...	For expenses incurred in the typewriting and preparing report.....	35 00
		<hr/>
		\$2,828 79

FOR EXPENSES CONNECTED WITH CARE OF INVALID SOLDIERS,
FIFTH REGIMENT.

		To Captain I. R. Trimble, Assistant Surgeon:	
January	26...	For professional and medical services, under orders.....	\$30 00
November	16...	For professional and medical services, under orders.....	317 42
		To Captain Charles W. Jackson:	
March	23...	For his expenses for medical attention	76 80
		To T. J. Boykin:	
June	22...	For his expenses for medical attention to his son.....	77 00
		To Ullman, Boykin & Company:	
July	11...	For supplies furnished.....	24 50
		To the University of Maryland Hospital:	
October	17...	For board and attendance.....	3,019 34
		To Hospital of Good Samaritan:	
October	17...	For board and attendance.....	214 01
		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
October	27...	For medical bills and expenses of certain of those not cared for in hospital	1,834 30
December	3...	For additional medical bills and expenses of certain others of those not cared for in hospital.....	220 66
December	20...	For certain bills paid by him and for services of four nurses on second hospital train from the South	148 44
		<hr/>	\$ 5,962 47

FOR INTEREST ON MILITARY EMERGENCY FUND LOAN.

To Cashier Third National Bank:		
January	13...For balance of interest to January 1, 1899.....	\$461 82
June	12...For interest to April 1, 1899.....	937 50
July	20...For balance of interest to July 1, 1899.....	694 72
September	21...For balance of interest to date of closing loan	958 34
		<hr/> \$3,052 38

FOR BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES OF THE BRIGADE.

To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:		
January	12...For Headquarters expenses for quarter ending March 31, 1899....	\$253 00
April	14...For Headquarters expenses for quarter ending June 30, 1899.....	278 50
July	11...For Headquarters expenses for quarter ending September 30, 1899.....	282 00
September	28...For metal cases.....	425 00
October	18...For Headquarters expenses for quarter ending December 31, 1899.....	282 00
December	20...For blank forms for headquarters....	34 50
To Colonel John F. Saunders, Brigade Inspector General:		
January	12...For services and expenses inspecting Troop "A".....	10 22
February	1...For services and expenses inspecting and reporting upon the condition of armory, etc., Company "A," First Regiment.....	28 44
August	10...For services and expenses inspecting other armories and the condition of companies First Regiment.	101 59
December	1...For services and expenses inspecting Troop "A".	9 72
To W. H. Spilcker:		
April	1...For lamp for headquarters, Camp Wilmer....	4 00
To Minch & Eisenbrey:		
June	22...For sixteen tables for headquarters, Camp Wilmer.....	28 80
To John A. Horner & Co :		
September	21...For table linen, etc., used at Camp Wilmer.....	17 10
		<hr/> \$1,754 87

FOR QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

To J. C. Marshall, Clerk:		
January	12...For services for December, 1898.....	\$ 50 00
February	3...For services for January, 1899.....	50 00
March	1...For services for February, 1899.....	50 00

April	1...	For services for March, 1899, and traveling expenses.....	\$ 51 25
May	4...	For services for April, 1899.....	50 00
June	12...	For services for May, 1899.....	50 00
July	11...	For services for June, 1899.....	50 00
August	10...	For services for July, 1899.....	50 00
September	21...	For services for August, 1899.....	50 00
October	18...	For services for September, 1899.....	50 00
November	16...	For services for October, 1899.....	50 00
December	7...	For services for November, 1899.....	50 00
December	20...	For services for December, 1899.....	50 00

To Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford:

January	26...	For current expenses of his office....	25 00
May	4...	For material for uniforms for Fourth and Fifth Regiments.....	12,389 51
June	22...	For material for building storeroom..	75 50
August	10...	For material for uniforms for Fourth Regiment.....	1,827 00
September	28...	For the making of clothing for Fourth and Fifth Regiments.....	11,110 29
To George W. Kaesmeyer:			
January	26...	For care of State property.....	50 00
July	11...	For care of State property to April 1, 1899.....	50 00
August	10...	For care of State property to July 1, 1899.....	25 00

\$26,203 55

FOR INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

To Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, Inspector General:

December	20...	For services as inspecting officer, under orders, and for expenses in typewriting reports.....	\$285 04
To J. C. Marshall, Clerk:			
December	20...	For traveling expenses and hotel bills and for record ribbon.....	23 50

\$308 54

FOR JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

To Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford:

March	30...	For services on Military Board.....	\$76 40
To Colonel John S. Saunders:			
March	30...	For services on Military Board.....	49 10
To Captain S. S. Ullrich, Assistant Surgeon:			
April	14...	For services on Military Board.....	27 75
To Capt. Joseph W. Shirley:			
July	11...	For services on Military Board.....	27 75
To Lieut. Redmond C. Stewart:			
July	11...	For typewriting paid by him as Recorder, Military Board.....	10 00
July	11...	For services on Military Board as Recorder.....	41 70

		To Colonel John M. T. Finney, Chief Surgeon:	
September 21...	For services on Military Board.....	\$ 48 60	
		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
December 12...	For pay of Court, court-martial of Lieut. James H. Moore, First Separate Company.....	181 41	
			<u>\$462 71</u>

FOR SURGEON GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

		To Hynson, Westcott & Co.:	
January 12...	For medical supplies.....	\$167 43	
April 1...	For hauling medical supplies, re- turned from Augusta, Georgia....	6 67	
		To Jesse B. Riggs:	
October 18...	For insurance on medical supplies...	4 50	
			<u>\$178 60</u>
Total General Account.....			<u>\$40,751 91</u>

FOURTH REGIMENT ACCOUNT.

		To Colonel Willard Howard:	
January 2...	For armory expenses for quarter ending March 31, 1899.....	\$1,500 00	
April 14...	For armory expenses for quarter ending June 30, 1899.....	1,911 58	
May 4...	For the reimbursement of the offi- cers of said regiment for certain contracts made by them with Oehm & Co. for uniforms.....	3,640 25	
July 11...	For armory expenses for quarter ending September 30, 1899.....	1,500 00	
October 18...	For armory expenses for quarter ending December 31, 1899.....	1,500 00	
November 16...	For company clerk hire.....	156 00	
		To Lieutenant Charles Hahn:	
April 5...	For expenses in recruiting Third Battalion.....	17 23	
Total Fourth Regiment Account			<u>\$10,225 06</u>

FIFTH REGIMENT ACCOUNT.

		To New York Clothing House:	
January 26...	For uniforms	\$396 05	
April 1...	For uniforms	317 00	
		To Colonel Frank Markoe:	
March 8...	For armory expenses for six months ended December 31, 1898.....	2,177 77	
March 8...	For armory expenses for quarter ending March 31, 1899	1,509 00	
April 20...	For armory expenses for quarter ending June 30, 1899.....	1,500 00	
July 20...	For armory expenses for quarter ending September 30, 1899.....	1,500 00	

November 16...	For armory expenses for quarter ending December 31, 1899.....	\$1,523 40
	To Captain J. J. Jackson, ordnance officer:	
July	11...For expenses in hauling ordnance stores	18 55
Total Fifth Regiment Account		<u>\$8,941 77</u>

FIRST REGIMENT ACCOUNT.

		To Trustees Maryland Avenue M. E. Church:	
January	12...	For rent of armory, Company "G," for quarter ended December 1, 1898.....	\$45 00
April	10...	For rent of armory, Company "G," for quarter ended March 31, 1899,	45 00
July	20...	For rent of armory, Company "G," for quarter ended June 30, 1899...	45 00
November 16...		For rent of armory, Company "G," for quarter ended September, 30, 1899	45 00
		To William Bealer, Janitor, Company "G: "	
January	12...	For services for quarter ended December 31, 1898.....	15 00
April	1...	For services for quarter ended March 31, 1899.....	15 00
July	3...	For services for quarter ended June 30, 1899.....	15 00
October	18...	For services for quarter ended September 30, 1899	15 00
December	20...	For services for quarter ended December 31, 1899.....	15 00
		To Stephen B. Lyddane:	
January	12...	For armory rent, Company "K," to January 29, 1899, closing contract	112 50
		To Captain Q. S. J. Beckley:	
January	26...	For armory rent, Company "A," to January 1, 1899.....	86 45
February	1...	For armory rent to March 31, 1899, closing contract.....	8 35
		To Frank Bateman:	
February	3...	For rent of armory, Company "D," to January 1, 1899.....	100 00
		To Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs:	
February	23...	For balance of pay of officers and men, Company "D," First Regiment, not entering service of United States.....	252 57
December	12...	For balance of pay of Lieutenant James C. Henderson for services at Camp Wilmer.....	66 11
		To Colonel William P. Lane:	
March	29...	For headquarters desk and stationery.....	34 80

		To Captain William A. Wright, Company "E:"	
July	20...	For armory rent and expenses for one year to March 31, 1899	\$138 90
		To Lieutenant-Colonel Charles B. McLean:	
July	20...	For Headquarters expenses for quarter ended June 30, 1899.....	20 80
		To Captain George L. Fisher, Company "B:"	
August	10...	For armory rent for half year ended June 30, 1899.....	133 00
Total First Regiment Account			<u>\$1,208 48</u>

FIRST SEPARATE COMPANY ACCOUNT.

		To Captain William R. Spencer:	
January	12...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended December 31, 1898.	\$80 95
April	14...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended March 31, 1899...	80 45
July	11...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended June 30, 1899.....	85 80
October	16...	For armory rent and expenses for quarter ended September 30, 1899.	108 95
Total First Separate Company Account...			<u>\$356 15</u>

TROOP "A" ACCOUNT.

		To Jacob Gminder:	
January	12...	For nickel-plating sabres.....	\$68 00
		To Cap. Jos. W. Shirley:	
January	12...	For current expenses for quarter ended December 31, 1898.....	31 83
February	23...	For horse hire for November and December, 1898.....	202 00
April	14...	For current expenses for quarter ended March 31, 1899.....	22 13
July	11...	For current expenses for quarter ended June 30, 1899.....	50 53
August	10...	For horse hire for June and July...	216 00
October	18...	For current expenses for quarter ended September 30, 1899.....	146 76
December	12...	For horse hire for September.....	90 00
December	12...	For horse hire for October.....	59 00
December	12...	For horse hire for November.....	85 00
		To W. H. Horstman Company:	
March	1...	To 5 dozen steel bits.....	165 00
		To A. G. Alford Sporting Goods Company:	
March	15...	For 6,000 ball cartridges.....	66 50
April	14...	For 3,000 ball cartridges.....	33 00
		To B. Wilkins & Sons:	
July	11...	For ordnance stores.....	186 75

		To Brigadier General Lawra- son Riggs:	
July	20...	For estimated expenses of Troop "A" on practice march.....	\$ 500 00
		To J. W. Loane:	
August	10...	For nose bags.....	10 00
		To W. H. Maguire:	
September	28...	For conical tents.....	113 00
		Total Troop "A" account.....	<u>\$2,045 50</u>

1899.	RECAPITULATION.	DR.	CR.
	To amount of appropriation.....	\$93,435 52	
	By general Account		\$40,751 91
	By Fourth Regiment Account.....		10,225 06
	By Fifth Regiment Account.....		8,941 77
	By First Regiment Account.....		1,208 48
	By First Separate Company Account.....		356 15
	By Troop "A" Account		2,045 50
	By balance December 31, 1899.....		29,906 65
		<u>\$93,435 52</u>	<u>\$93,435 52</u>

1900.

January 1...	Balance in Treasury subject to the war- rant of the Adjutant General, for the contingent and necessary expenses of the Adjutant General's office, and for the maintenance, equipment and discipline of the militia for the re- mainder of the fiscal year ending Sep- tember 30, 1900.....	\$29,906 65
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ACCOUNT OF DISBURSEMENTS OF APPROPRIATION MADE BY
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, FROM JANU-
ARY 1, 1899, TO DECEMBER 31, 1899, INCLUSIVE,
ON ACCOUNT OF FIRST NAVAL BATTALION.

1899.	
January	1...Amount to credit of appropriation this date, as per last annual report.....
	\$4,814 09
October	1...Amount of appropriation for the maintenance, equipment and disci- pline of First Naval Battalion for fiscal year ending September 30, 1900.....
	5,000 00
DISBURSEMENTS.	
To James W. Branzell;	
January	12...For repairing roof of U. S. S. "Dale"
	To The Tabb & Jenkins Hard- ware Co.:
January	12...For certain equipment.....
	\$ 22 50
	23 21

		To Charles F. Eareckson:	
January	12...	For fifty-seven signal flags.....	\$ 85 50
		To Baltimore Steam Packet Co.:	
January	12...	For transportation and subsistence of certain officers and men to Norfolk to secure yacht "Sylvia"	59 35
		To Commander Isaac E. Emerson:	
January	12...	For expenses incurred and paid by him in bringing yacht "Sylvia" to Baltimore.....	64 76
March	15...	For pay of certain officers and men for services before muster in into the service of the United States.	971 53
June	23...	For pay and subsistence of officers and men for period of services on annual cruise of 1899.....	2,904 80
		For clothing and supplies.....	3,063 31
		For pay of certain officers, not here- tofore paid, for services before muster in into the service of the United States.....	151 25
		To Oehm & Co.:	
March	15...	For uniforms.....	1,236 94
		By balance December 31, 1899.....	1,230 94
			<hr/>
			\$9,814 09
			<hr/>
			\$9,814 09

1900.			
January	1...	Balance in treasury subject to the warrant of the Adjutant-General, for the maintenance, equipment and discipline of First Naval Bat- talion for remainder of fiscal year ending September 30, 1900..	\$1,230 94

ACCOUNT OF MONEYS IN THE HANDS OF AND RECEIVED BY
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL, WITH AN ACCOUNT
OF THE DISBURSEMENTS THEREOF.

1899.			
January	1...	To balance in Third National Bank, as per last report.....	\$439 22
July	24...	To check of Otto L. Schilling, to Captain D. F. Pennington, Quar- termaster, endorsed to the Adj- utant General by General Mum- ford, for one rifle lost.....	13 12

DISBURSEMENTS.

(Paid by checks on the Third
National Bank, and by the
"Schilling" check above men-
tioned).

February	23...	By check No. 37 to The Smith Pre- mier Typewriter Company, for record ribbon.....	\$ 75
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ADJUTANT GENERAL.

25

April	1...By check No. 38 to Captain Charles W. Adams, Company "F," First Regiment, for expenses to Annapolis, under orders.....	\$ 5 75
April	1...By check No. 39 to Captain Thomas G. forward, Company "D," First Regiment, for expenses to Annapolis, under orders.....	3 84
April	1...By check No. 40 to Captain George L. Fisher, Company "B," First Regiment, for expenses to Annapolis, under orders.....	8 50
April	1...By check No. 41 to Captain William A. Wright, Company "E," First Regiment, for expenses to Annapolis, under orders.....	4 50
April	1...By check No. 42 to Captain Samuel Riggs, Company "K," First Regiment, for expenses to Annapolis, under orders.....	5 00
July	20...By check No. 43 to Cashier Third National Bank, on account of interest, Military Emergency Fund Loan, quarter ended June 30, 1899.....	410 88
December	12...By above "Schilling" check, endorsed to General Riggs, on account of pay of Lieutenant James A. Henderson, Company "K," First Regiment, for services, Camp Wilmer.....	13 12
		<hr/>
		\$452 34
		<hr/>
		\$452 34

STATEMENT OF CLAIM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND AGAINST THE UNITED STATES ON ACCOUNT OF PAY- ING, EQUIPPING, TRANSPORTING, PROVISION- ING, ETC., TROOPS IN PREPARING AND FURNISHING MARYLAND'S QUOTA FOR THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

Amount of claim as originally filed by
the Adjutant General of Maryland
with the Auditor for the War De-
partment.....\$134,682 76
Expenditures by the Adjutant General
of Maryland, under authority of the
Governor of Maryland, as per
vouchers:

1...For expenses in recruiting.....	\$ 790 37
2...For the examining of recruits.....	263 69
3...For medical supplies.....	1,122 35
4...For pay of officers and men, Fourth Regi- ment, ordered out, but not mustered in into service of United States.....	3,089 55

5...For pay of officers and men, Fifth Regiment, found on examination not qualified to enter service of United States...	\$4,693 35
6...For pay of officers and men, First Regiment, found on examination not qualified to enter service of United States...	2,138 73
7...For pay of officers and men, Fifth Regiment, mustered in into the service of United States to date of muster in included.....	17,637 69
8...For pay of officers and men, First Regiment, mustered in into the service of the United States to date of muster in included.....	10,423 83
9...For pay of certain officers and men, First Naval Battalion, mustered in into the service of United States to date of muster in included.....	4,220 73
Expenditures and value of articles furnished by the Acting Quartermaster General of the State Militia, under the authority of the Governor of Maryland, as per vouchers:	
10...For regular supplies.....	1,360 80
11...For incidental expenses.....	731 00
12...For army transportation.....	6,132 40
13...For barracks and quarters.....	6,266 75
14...For purchase and value of clothing.....	55,168 27
15...For value of ordnance.....	996 16
16...For rations (including labor).....	7,924 85
17...For purchase and value of clothing for First Naval Battalion.....	10,718 84
18...For supplies, various, First Naval Battalion	891 56
19...For rations, (labor), First Naval Battalion..	111 84
	<hr/>
	\$134,682 76 \$134,682 76

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PRESENT STATUS OF THE CLAIM OF THE STATE AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

Amount of claim as originally filed.....	\$134,682 76
Amount so far allowed by Auditor for War Department, and paid by Certificate No. 7,657, dated July 28, 1890.....	\$78,153 65
Payment of this amount partly suspended and partly disallowed on account of alleged errors as to small portion thereof and alleged insufficiency of evidence as to remainder...	56,529 11
	<hr/>
	\$134,682 76
	<hr/>
	\$134,682 76
Amount of balance of original claim.....	\$56,529 11
Claim abandoned as to portion thereof, for following reasons:	
For clerical error in claim for "Material for Water System"	\$113 40
For not being a proper charge against the United States Government in claim for "Barracks and Quarters"	149 29

For refusal of Auditor to allow for the refunding of the pay for the day of muster in, the United States Paymaster having also paid this day. (This sum was paid by the State according to State law and custom, as for the last day's service in camp. It thus became a small State bounty	\$ 1,876 78
For refusal of Auditor to allow various sums paid rejected men and men declining to enter service after reporting for duty at camp, and also for his refusal to allow the difference between the pay of certain officers and men reporting for duty in a higher rank or grade, for which the State had to pay, and the pay they would have been entitled to had they reported in the lower rank or grade they patriotically consented to enter the service of the United States, amounting to.....	1,736 84
Leaving amount of balance, as present claim against the United States, for which additional evidence was furnished, and the claim, thus amended, filed by the Adjutant General, December 6, 1899.....	52,652 80
	<hr/>
	\$56,529 11
	<hr/>
	\$56,529 11

PRINCIPAL ORDERS ISSUED IN PREPARING FOR SPANISH-
AMERICAN WAR, AND RELATING TO MATTERS
GROWING OUT OF SAID WAR.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 4, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 3. }

(1.) The commanding officers of the First Brigade, the First Naval Battalion and the Veteran Corps, Fifth Regiment Infantry, will order the medical officers of their respective commands to report to the Surgeon General, at a time and place to be named by the Surgeon General in a communication to be addressed by him to each and every of said commanding officers, for the purpose of considering what medical and hospital stores and equipment are necessary for the Maryland National Guard as now organized.

(2.) The Surgeon General will, without delay, after conferring with the medical officers aforesaid, submit to these Headquarters a statement and report showing what medical and hospital stores and equipment are necessary for the purposes aforesaid, and the itemized cost thereof as nearly as may be.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES :

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 5, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 4. }

In accordance with the authority vested in the Commander-in-Chief by Section 9, of Article 65 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, as re enacted with amendments at the January Session of 1896 of the General Assembly of Maryland, the Commanding Officer of the 1st Brigade, Maryland National Guard, is hereby directed to enlist and form a Signal Corps, as a part of his brigade, and to confer with these headquarters, from time to time, as occasion may require, in the progress of the organization of the corps.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES :

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 16, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 6. }

(1.) All officers of the Maryland National Guard who, either on account of age or other physical disability, shall be adjudged unfit for active military duty in the field, shall be placed on the retired list by General Orders from these Headquarters.

(2.) Officers placed on the retired list are authorized to retain their uniforms and side arms and to wear the same on occasions of ceremony, but they shall not exercise command unless required by the commander-in-chief.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 16, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 7. }

All Staff Officers under the present State organization whose services may not be required in the event that the organization to which they belong shall be sworn into the service of the United States, shall be placed on waiting orders until their services may be needed.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 16, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 8. }

(1.) The commanding officers of the First Brigade and the First Nava Battalion will forthwith cause a physical examination to be made of every officer and enlisted man in their respective commands, not heretofore examined, by a Board of Medical Officers to be appointed by said commanding officers.

(2.) The said commanding officers shall, at the same time, also cause strict inquiry to be made of every officer and enlisted man in their respective commands found physically qualified for active military duty

in the field, as to his willingness to enter the service of the United States, with the organization to which he now belongs, for duty either at home or abroad, for such time as may be prescribed by the President or the Congress of the United States.

(3.) Any officer not willing to enter the service of the United States, as above indicated, will be requested and permitted to tender his resignation; and every enlisted man found physically disqualified for active duty in the field or not willing to enter such service will be given an honorable discharge.

(4.) All vacancies among officers existing after the foregoing provisions of this order shall have been carried into effect shall be provisionally filled by the Commander-in-Chief, who, so far as may be, will commission such officers to fill vacancies as may be agreeable to the officers of the organization, and approved by the said commanding officer of the First Brigade and First Naval Battalion, respectively, as the appointment affects the command of the one or the other.

(5.) All vacancies among enlisted men existing after the foregoing provisions of this order shall have been carried into effect shall be immediately filled by enlistment of men physically qualified and willing to enter the service of the United States, so that each Company of the Brigade and each Division of the Naval Battalion shall be recruited to the full strength authorized by the Militia Law of this State.

(6.) As each company and division shall be recruited to its authorized strength, report thereof will be promptly made to these Headquarters.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 20, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 9. }

Upon the report and recommendation of the Commanding Officer, First Brigade, M. N. G., that Company 1, First Regiment, Infantry, Maryland National Guard, is not up to the proper standard of numbers, efficiency and discipline, the said company is hereby disbanded and mustered out of service.

The Brigade Commander will take necessary steps to secure all State and United States property in the possession of said company, and will cause the same to be turned in to the Acting Quartermaster General.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES :

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., April 21, 1898.

THE STATE OF MARYLAND,

To Major General L. Allison Wilmer,

Adjutant General of Maryland, Greeting:

WHEREAS, A state of war exists between the United States and Spain whereby it may become necessary to order out the Maryland National Guard, as now organized, or some portion thereof, to assist or co-operate with the United States Government in the prosecution of said war, and to protect the State of Maryland, and to organize other military organizations for the service of the United States and for the defense and protection of the State, and to quell any internal disturbance within the State of Maryland during the continuance of said war:

Be it known, that by virtue of the authority vested in me by Section 34 of Article LXV, of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, as reenacted with amendments at the January Session of 1896, of the General Assembly of Maryland:

I, LLOYD LOWNDES, Governor of Maryland and Commander-in-Chief of the land and naval forces of the State, do hereby delegate, assign and order you to assume command of all Maryland Troops now organized and to be hereafter organized as occasion may require, and in pursuance of the authority hereby vested in you, to do all such things as may be necessary as the Commanding Officer of said Troops until this authority shall be revoked.

THE GREAT SEAL
OF THE
STATE OF MARYLAND.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, on this 21st day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

LLOYD LOWNDES.

BY THE GOVERNOR;

RICHARD DALLAM,

Secretary of State.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND,

April 21st, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS {
NO. I.

(I.) By authority of the Governor of Maryland, as Commander-in-Chief of the land and naval forces of the State, I do hereby "assume command of all Maryland troops now organized or to be hereafter organized, as occasion may require," during the state of war which now exists between the United States and Spain, for any duty or service said troops (land and naval) or any portion thereof may have to perform within the State, either in aid of the United States or in suppressing any riots or disorder that may occur within the State.

(2.) This order in no manner affects, nor will it affect, the authority or the status of the Commanding Officers of the First Brigade, the First Naval Battalion, the Veteran Corps, Fifth Regiment Infantry, or any organization to be hereafter formed.

(3.) All of said Commanding Officers will, until further orders, or until mustered into the service of the United States, report to "The Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces," whose Headquarters, for the present, will be Annapolis, Maryland.

(4.) The co-operation of all Commanding Officers is asked in our common purpose to serve our country, and to protect and defend our State.

L. A. WILMER,

Major General Commanding

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 22, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 10.

The Major General Commanding the Maryland State Forces will order an encampment of the First Brigade, or such portions thereof as may be designated, at Pimlico, in Baltimore county, at such time and for such length of time as may be deemed advisable.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND,

April 22d, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 2.

(1.) By virtue of orders from the Governor and Commander-in-Chief there will be an encampment of the First Brigade, Maryland National Guard, at Pimlico, Baltimore county, Maryland, commencing on Monday, April 25th, 1898, for such length of time as may be prescribed in future orders.

(2.) The Acting Quartermaster General will have the necessary camp equipage and quartermaster stores transported to Pimlico, and will provide transportation for troops under the direction of the Brigade Commander.

(3.) The camp will be under the command of Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs, Commanding First Brigade, and he will issue all necessary orders for the formation of the camp and the mobilization and subsistence of the troops of his Brigade.

(4.) The camp is established for the further instruction and discipline of the Brigade, and for completing its organization, armament and equipment preparatory to any service that may be required either by the National or State Government.

L. A. WILMER,

Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 26, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }

No. II. }

(1.) Major Charles R. Spence is hereby relieved from duty as Acting Quartermaster General, with the thanks of these Headquarters for his faithful efforts in the discharge of his duties.

(2.) Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, Inspector General, in addition to his other duties, is hereby assigned to duty as Acting Quartermaster General.

(3.) Major Spence will turn over to General Mumford all unissued quartermaster and ordnance stores, taking receipts therefor, and will make up his accounts to the first of May, 1898, for all contracts and expenditures made by him as Acting Quartermaster General, and deliver the same to General Mumford who will make report thereof to the Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces.

(4.) General Mumford will forthwith proceed to take an account of all quartermaster and ordnance stores issued to any organization of the Maryland National Guard, including a particular account of all tentage, and report result thereof to the Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces, so that in the event that any regiment should be called into the service of the United States, a statement of all uniforms, arms and equipment in its possession may be readily made.

(5.) The Brigade Commander will afford to General Mumford all facilities possible for the execution of his duties under this order.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 27, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }

No. 12. }

(1.) A Military Board is hereby appointed under the provisions of Section 23 of the Act of 1896, Chapter 89, for the purpose of examining into the capacity, qualification, propriety of conduct and efficiency of any commissioned officer who may be ordered before said Board for examination. Detail for the Board: Lt. Col. R. Dorsey Coale, 5th Regt. I., M. N. G., Capt. Fred. I. Mosher, Co. A, 4th Regt. I., M. N. G., Capt. George L. Fisher, Co. B, 1st Regt. I., M. N. G., Capt. James D. Iglehart, Asst. Surgeon, 5th Regt. I., M. N. G., and Capt. John G. Jay, 4th Regt. I., M. N. G.

(2.) The Board will sit at Brigade Headquarters, or such place as may be designated by the Brigade Commander, at Camp Wilmer, Pimlico, during the present encampment, whenever it may be necessary. The examination of any officer appearing before the Board will be, primarily, directed to an ascertainment of his technical and practical knowledge of drill regulations, and if the officer should prove deficient in these the examination need not be pursued; but the Board may inquire into the general efficiency, or into any matter likely to affect the efficiency, of the officer examined.

(3.) No stenographer will be employed by the Board and no recorder will be appointed, but the Board shall make up its reports and certify its conclusions and recommendations in writing, duly signed by the Board or a majority thereof, to these headquarters, through proper channels.

(4.) The Brigade Commander is hereby authorized to order any officer of his command before said Board for examination ; but any officer so ordered may, before he appears before said Board, tender his resignation or be placed upon the retired list at his request. And should the report of the Board be adverse, in any case, the Brigade Commander, before transmitting the report, shall offer the officer so adversely reported upon the opportunity to resign or to be placed upon the retired list at his request, and, in this case, the adverse report shall not be sent to these headquarters.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES :

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, April 27, 1898.

WHEREAS, The President of the United States has issued his proclamation calling for Volunteers for service in the Army of the United States, and it has been certified to me by the Honorable the Secretary of War that the quota for Maryland is

One Regiment of Infantry,
Four Batteries of Heavy Artillery :

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Lloyd Lowndes, Governor of Maryland and Commander-in-Chief of the land and naval forces of the State, do hereby call upon such organizations or parts of organizations of the Maryland National Guard as may be selected, and may be willing to volunteer for the service of the United States, so that the present quota required from Maryland may be filled, as nearly as may be, from the organized Militia. And I do further call for such Volunteers, from the State at large, as may be necessary to recruit organizations selected and volunteering to the full authorized strength.

Major General L. Allison Wilmer, Commanding the Maryland State Forces, is hereby directed and commanded to take such steps and issue such orders as may be necessary to carry this Proclamation into effect as speedily as possible, and to report to the War Department as soon as any required organization may be ready for service.

THE GREAT SEAL
OF THE
STATE OF MARYLAND.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland at the City of Annapolis, on this 27th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

LLOYD LOWNDES.

BY THE GOVERNOR :

RICHARD DALLAM,
Secretary of State.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS MARYLAND, April 27, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 3. }

(1.) In obedience to the proclamation and order of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, of this date, calling for one regiment of infantry and four batteries of artillery, the quota of Maryland troops required by the President of the United States for the service of the United States, it is hereby ordered that the Fifth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, be, and the said organization hereby is, called to volunteer for service in the volunteer Army of the United States as the Regiment of Infantry.

Subject to such change as may be necessary by any law of the United States or regulation of the War Department, the regiment will be officered and organized as follows:

FIELD AND STAFF:

One colonel, one lieutenant colonel, two majors, one adjutant (extra Lt.) one quarter-master (extra Lt.), one surgeon, two assistant surgeons, one chaplain, one sergeant major, one quarter-master sergeant, one chief musician, two principal musicians and three hospital stewards.

Twelve companies each constituted as follows:

One captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quarter-master sergeant, four sergeants, twelve corporals, two musicians, one artificer, one wagoner and fifty-nine privates.

All officers in said regiment fit for service and willing to volunteer will retain their present positions and rank, except as changes may be necessary by the changes of organization above prescribed.

(2.) The four batteries of heavy artillery will be officered and organized as follows:

There shall be in each battery one captain, one first lieutenant, two second lieutenants, one first sergeant, twenty-two sergeants, ten corporals, two musicians, two artificers, one wagoner, and one hundred and eight privates, subject to such change as may be necessary by any law of the United States or regulation of the War Department.

And it is hereby ordered that the Fourth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, be and the same is hereby called to volunteer for service in the Volunteer Army of the United States for the organizing of said batteries, the officers to be selected, as far as practicable, from the present Fourth Regiment officers, with the possibility that a field officer may be selected from said organization.

The officers remaining in said regiment after the organization of the four batteries required as above set forth, will not, except for good and sufficient cause, lose their commissions; but their services will be availed of, if occasion require, in organizing or re-organizing another regiment for future emergency.

At the termination of service in the United States Army of the officers and men of the Fourth Regiment thus volunteering, it will be recommended and urged that the regiment shall be converted into a permanent heavy artillery regiment, of the Maryland National Guard.

(3.) That recruiting may be rapid and effective as possible it is asked that men from the First Regiment, willing to enlist under the present call, shall be afforded opportunity to enlist in the Fifth Regiment, by proper transfers, their places to be supplied, by recruiting, on the return of the several companies to their respective armories.

Captains of companies in the First Regiment will make record of the men offering to enlist as above suggested, and a record of those accepted and transferred to the Fifth Regiment, and return copies thereof, through proper channels, to these Headquarters that the names may be placed upon a roll of honor in the office of the Adjutant General.

No enlisted man will be retained and no man will be enlisted who is in years over forty-five or under eighteen, or who is not in physical strength and vigor.

(4.) The Commanding Officer of the First Brigade will, under the direction of the Major General Commanding, assume direct supervision of the reorganization and the recruiting of the Fifth Regiment and the four batteries of heavy artillery in accordance with the terms and provisions of this order, and when any of said organizations shall be complete, he will report that fact to the Major General Commanding, with a roster of the command so that the names may be placed upon a roll of honor in the office of the Adjutant General, and an additional and separate list of all officers, to the end that they may be re-commissioned on the mustering in of the organization into the service of the United States.

(5.) In the promulgation of this order every condition of the service is taken into consideration with a view of producing the best results; and the loyalty, devotion to duty and discipline which have always marked the Maryland National Guard are relied upon for a hearty and prompt response to this call.

L. A. WILMER,
Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS

FIRST BRIGADE MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

CAMP WILMER, PIMLICO, MD., April 27th, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 4. }

(1.) The Officers of the Fourth Regiment Inf., M. N. G., having declined, for their regiment, to organize the four batteries of Heavy Artillery required as part of the quota from Maryland, under the call of the President of the United States, as certified to the Governor of Maryland by the Honorable Secretary of War, so much of G. O. No. 3, Headquarters Maryland State Forces, of this date, as relates to the said Fourth Regiment Inf., M. N. G., and to the transfer of men from the First Regiment I., M. N. G., to the Fifth Regiment I., M. N. G., is hereby revoked.

(2.) The Officers of the First Regiment I., M. N. G., having signified their willingness to help to organize said batteries from said First Regiment I., M. N. G., the said batteries will be organized from said First Regiment, as far as the men are willing to enlist and their numbers will permit, the batteries to be recruited by new enlistments, and the officers to be selected, as far as practicable, from the present First Regiment I., M. N. G. officers.

(3.) The officers remaining in said First Regiment after the organization of the four batteries required, as set forth in G. O. No. 3 aforesaid, will not, except for good and sufficient cause, lose their commissions; but their services will be availed of, if occasion require, in organizing and reorganizing another regiment for future emergency.

L. A. WILMER,
Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., April 29th, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 5. }

WHEREAS, The promulgation of General Orders No. 3 from these Headquarters, of date April 27, 1898, was based upon a communication from the Secretary of War of date April 25, 1898, to the Governor of

Maryland, enclosing a schedule setting forth the numbers of officers and men required for batteries of heavy artillery and companies of infantry, the number of privates in the batteries being placed in said schedule as one hundred and eight maximum and the number of privates in said companies being placed at fifty-nine privates maximum; and

WHEREAS, In said General Orders No. 3 it was prescribed that the organization of the regiment of infantry and the batteries of artillery was to be "subject to such change as may be necessary by any law of the United States or regulation of the War Department;" and

WHEREAS, It appears that Captain Walter L. Finley, Ninth Cavalry, the officer detailed by the Major General Commanding the United States Army to muster into the service of the United States, for the State of Maryland, the troops called out by the President's Proclamation of the 23rd instant, is in receipt of a copy of an Act of Congress approved April 26, 1898, being "Public Number 70. An act for the better organization of the line of the Army of the United States," wherein it is provided that the number of privates in a company of infantry shall be eighty-four and the number of privates in a battery of heavy artillery shall be one hundred and sixty-two.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, That the reorganization of the Fifth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, for the service of the United States, and the organization of the batteries of heavy artillery for the service of the United States, shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress aforesaid.

L. A. WILMER,

Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, April 30th, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS } NO. 6. }

(1.) The apportionment of troops for Maryland having been changed by the Honorable the Secretary of War, in a letter of even date herewith to the Governor of Maryland, requiring two battalions of Infantry in place of four batteries of Heavy Artillery, so much of G. O. No. 3, Headquarters Maryland State Forces, of date April 27th, 1898, as relates to the organization of four heavy batteries, is hereby revoked.

(2.) In pursuance, also, of said letter from the Secretary of War, the organization of the regiment of Infantry shall include, in addition to the officers prescribed in said G. O. No. 3, one Major, three Battalion Adjutants and three Battalion Sergeant Majors; and the companies shall consist of fifty-five privates, instead of fifty-nine.

(3.) Two battalions of Infantry shall be organized from the First Regiment of Infantry, M. N. G., as follows:

Field, Staff and non-commissioned Staff.

One Lieutenat Colonel, two Majors, two Assistant Surgeons, two battalion Adjutants, two Sergeant Majors and two Hospital Stewards.

Eight companies to be officered and organized in the same manner as the companies of the regiment of infantry.

(4.) Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs, commanding First Brigade, M. N. G., will proceed, without delay, to direct the organization of the regiment and the two battalions of infantry in accordance with this order, recruiting two additional companies for the two battalions in accordance with the verbal orders and instructions this day given him.

L. A. WILMER.

Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., May 4, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 7. }

WHEREAS, By paragraph 4 of G. O. No. 2, Headquarters Maryland State Forces, of date April 22, 1898, it is particularly prescribed that "the camp (at Pimlico) is established for the further instruction and discipline of the Brigade, and for completing its organization, armament and equipment preparatory to any service that may be required either by the National or State Government." And,

WHEREAS, It seems that certain enlisted men of both the Fifth and First Regiments reported for duty with no purpose of preparing for service, etc., as evidenced by their departure from camp.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, That the name of no enlisted man of either the Fifth or the First Regiment reporting for duty in camp at Pimlico without the *bona fide* intention of enlisting, with his command, in the service of the United States, if this should be asked of him, shall be entered or reported upon the pay roll of his regiment.

L. A. WILMER,
Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 6, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 18. }

(1.) The Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to appoint, as his personal staff, two Aids to be commissioned as First Lieutenant and Second Lieutenant, respectively, to be assigned to such duty in the Adjutant General's Office and at Headquarters Maryland State Forces, or elsewhere, as may be prescribed by the Major General Commanding.

(2.) These Commissions will be revoked at any time on the recommendation of the Major General Commanding, and the pay of these Officers shall be the same as the pay prescribed for First Lieutenant and Second Lieutenant, respectively, not mounted, in the Army of the United States, by the regulations governing the pay of such officers in the United States Army; provided, that should the Clerk to the Adjutant General be appointed Aid with the rank of First Lieutenant, he shall be credited with his pay as such Clerk.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., May 6, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 8. }

(1.) In pursuance of G. O. No. 18, Headquarters Maryland National Guard, of even date herewith, the following Officers have been appointed and commissioned:

H. Heber Boswell, First Lieutenant and Aid to the Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces.

Chester F. Johnston, Second Lieutenant and Aid to the Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces.

They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

(2.) Each of said Officers is assigned to duty in the Adjutant General's Office and at Headquarters Maryland State Forces, for such work as may be required of them.

(3.) First Lieutenant H. Heber Boswell is authorized as Aid to authenticate all Orders from these Headquarters.

L. A. WILMER,
Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 10, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 20. }

In addition to the Staff Officers authorized to be placed on waiting orders by General Orders No. 7, Headquarters Maryland National Guard, of date April 16, 1898, any other Officer of the Maryland National Guard whose services may not be required at any time, shall be placed on waiting orders.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., May 10, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 9. }

(1.) Whenever any officer in either the Fifth or the First Regiment shall be finally rejected by the examining Surgeon, his name will be immediately reported for retirement and his services and pay will cease; and whenever any enlisted man in either regiment shall be finally rejected by the examining Surgeon, he will be immediately given an honorable discharge and his services and pay will cease.

(2.) Vacancies caused in any company of either the Fifth or the First Regiment by rejection of officers or men, or vacancies existing from any other cause, must be filled within twenty-four hours from the time such vacancies occur; and if such vacancies shall not be filled within the prescribed time, the fact will be forthwith reported to these Headquarters, with such statement or explanation as the Brigade Commander may make, that the matter of disbanding the company may be considered and promptly acted upon.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL WILMER:

H. HEBER BOSWELL,
First Lieutenant and Aid.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 11, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 22. }

(1.) The Fifth and First Regiments of Infantry, First Brigade, Maryland National Guard, are hereby temporarily detached from said Brigade for the purpose of enabling them to enter the service of the United States in the Volunteer Army thereof.

(2.) Until said regiments shall be mustered into the service of the United States the commanding officers thereof shall report to the Commanding Officer of the First Brigade, and hold themselves subject to all orders and commands of the Brigade Commander and of the Major General Commanding Maryland State Forces.

(3.) When said Regiments shall be mustered out of the service of the United States the commanding officers thereof, with their respective commands, will immediately report to the Commanding officer of the First Brigade, Maryland National Guard, for duty in the State service as at present as a part of the First Brigade Maryland National Guard.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES,

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 29. }

The Majors of the Fifth Regiment will rank in the order herinafter named:

1. Major Clinton L. Riggs.
2. Major Henry M. Warfield.
3. Major Louis M. Rawlins.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 30. }

The Captains and Lieutenants in the Fifth Regiment will rank in the order hereinafter named:

Captains;

1. Captain N. Lee Goldsborough.
2. Captain B. Frank Boyden.
3. Captain C. Baker Clotworthy.

4. Captain George I. Deichmann.
5. Captain Elbert Thomson.
6. Captain John Hinkley.
7. Captain Charles W. Jackson.
8. Captain Charles D. Gaither.
9. Captain Edmund A. Munoz.
10. Captain Edward Dudley Warfield.
11. Captain Samuel W. Hoopes.
12. Captain Robert B. Bowie.

First Lieutenants:

1. First Lieutenant S. Johnson Poe.
2. First Lieutenant Edward C. Johnson.
3. First Lieutenant Henry T. Daly.
4. First Lieutenant Jesse Slingsluff.
5. First Lieutenant Wm. P. Holmes.
6. First Lieutenant Christopher Johnston.
7. First Lieutenant Ridgely Gaither.
8. First Lieutenant Fitzhugh Tayloe.
9. First Lieutenant Washington Bowie, Jr.
10. First Lieutenant Gustave Ridgely.
11. First Lieutenant Lay Bryan.
12. First Lieutenant E. Abbott Holmes.
13. First Lieutenant Frank Campbell.
14. First Lieutenant Henry G. Riggs.
15. First Lieutenant Armstead M. Webb.
16. First Lieutenant Irvine Keyser.
17. First Lieutenant J. Markham Marshall.

Second Lieutenants:

1. Second Lieutenant Thomas I. Janney.
2. Second Lieutenant Charles G. Stirling.
3. Second Lieutenant David W. Jenkins.
4. Second Lieutenant Joseph N. D. Danels.
5. Second Lieutenant T. Rowland Thomas.
6. Second Lieutenant Robert E. L. Marshall.
7. Second Lieutenant William M. Boykin.
8. Second Lieutenant Owen Norris.
9. Second Lieutenant James E. Hancock.
10. Second Lieutenant John S. Markoe.
11. Second Lieutenant R. Sanchez Boone.
12. Second Lieutenant Samuel E. Conradt.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 31. }

The following assignment of Company Officers in the Fifth Regiment is hereby announced:

Company "A."

Captain Robert B. Bowie.
First Lieutenant Frank Campbell.
Second Lieutenant F. Sanchez Boone.

Company "B."

Captain Charles W. Jackson.
 First Lieutenant Henry T. Daly.
 Second Lieutenant Thomas L. Janney.

Company "C."

Captain Elbert Thomson.
 First Lieutenant Gustave Ridgely.
 Second Lieutenant Owen Norris.

Company "D."

Captain E. Dudley Warfield.
 First Lieutenant Lay Bryan.
 Second Lieutenant James Hancock.

Company "E."

Captain John Hinkley.
 First Lieutenant Wm. P. Holmes.
 Second Lieutenant T. Rowland Thomas.

Company "F."

Captain Charles D. Gaither.
 First Lieutenant Henry G. Riggs.
 Second Lieutenant Samuel E. Conradt.

Company "G."

Captain C. Baker Clotworthy.
 First Lieutenant Christopher Johnston.
 Second Lieutenant William M. Boykin.

Company "H."

Captain Samuel W. Hoopes.
 First Lieutenant E. Abbott Holmes.
 Second Lieutenant John S. Markoe.

Company "I"

Captain N. Lee Goldsborough.
 First Lieutenant Jesse Slingluff.
 Second Lieutenant Charles G. Stirling.

Company "K."

Captain E. A. Munoz.
 First Lieutenant Fitzhugh Tayloe.
 Second Lieutenant Joseph N. D. Dannels.

Company "L."

Captain B. Frank Boyden.
 First Lieutenant Washington Bowie, Jr.
 Second Lieutenant Robert E. L. Marshall.

Company "M."

Captain George L. Deichmann.
 First Lieutenant Ridgely Gaither.
 Second Lieutenant David W. Jenkins.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER
Adjutant General.

NOTE:—May 14, 1898, Frank G. Riggs commissioned First Lieutenant vice First Lieutenant Henry G. Riggs assigned to duty as Battalion adjutant, under Major Clinton L. Riggs, vice Lieutenant Webb placed on waiting orders without pay.

May 14, 1898. Mark Alexander Herbert commissioned First Lieutenant and assigned to duty as Battalion Adjutant, under Major Rawlins, vice Irvine Keyser placed on waiting orders, without pay.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 32. }

The Majors of the two Battalions of the First Regiment will rank in the order hereinafter named :

1. Major Ellwood W. Evans.
2. Major Charles A. Little.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES :

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 33. }

The Captains and Lieutenants in the two Battalions of the First Regiment will rank in the order hereinafter named :

Captains:

1. Captain William A. Wright.
2. Captain Thomas G. Forwood.
3. Captain James C. Porter.
4. Captain George L. Fisher.
5. Captain Samuel Riggs, of R.
6. Captain Charles T. Lowndes.
7. Captain Charles W. Adams.
8. Captain Edwin D. Pusey.

First Lieutenants:

1. First Lieutenant Lauren F. Smith.
2. First Lieutenant George T. King.
3. First Lieutenant Philip E. Porter.
4. First Lieutenant Milton R. Hawken.
5. First Lieutenant Willard G. Rouse.
6. First Lieutenant Benjamin R. Elliott.
7. First Lieutenant J. Philip Roman.
8. First Lieutenant Owen Norris.
9. First Lieutenant William H. Lamar.
10. First Lieutenant Randolph Isaac.

Second Lieutenants:

1. Second Lieutenant Edwin F. Taggart.
2. Second Lieutenant George R. Tydings.
3. Second Lieutenant William E. Sands.
4. Second Lieutenant Shirley C. Morgan.
5. Second Lieutenant Otho H. W. Talbott.
6. Second Lieutenant Hance Willison.
7. Second Lieutenant Charles S. Carrington.
8. Second Lieutenant Hugh Ridgely Riley.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES :

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 34. }

The following assignment of Company Officers in the two Battalions of the First Regiment is hereby announced :

Company "A."

Captain Edwin D. Pusey.
First Lieutenant Benjamin R. Elliott.
Second Lieutenant Hugh Ridgely Riley.

Company "B."

Captain George L. Fisher.
First Lieutenant Milton R. Hawken.
Second Lieutenant William E. Sands.

Company "C."

Captain Charles T. Lowndes.
First Lieutenant J. Philip Roman.
Second Lieutenant Hance Willison.

Company "D."

Captain Thomas G. Forward.
First Lieutenant Willard G. Rouse.
Second Lieutenant Shirley C. Morgan.

Company "E."

Captain William A. Wright.
First Lieutenant George T. King.
Second Lieutenant Edwin F. Taggart.

Company "F."

Captain Charles W. Adams.
First Lieutenant Owen Norris.
Second Lieutenant Charles S. Carrington.

Company "G."

Captain James C. Porter.
First Lieutenant Philip E. Porter.
Second Lieutenant George R. Tydings.

Company "H."

Captain Samuel Riggs, of R.
First Lieutenant William H. Lamar.
Second Lieutenant Otho H. W. Talbott.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General,

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,
ADJUTANT'S GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 13, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 35. }

The designation of the Fifth Regiment of Infantry, Maryland National Guard, and of the First Regiment of Infantry, Maryland National Guard, from this time and until said Regiments shall be mustered out of the service of the United States shall be respectively, as follows:

Fifth Maryland, United States Volunteers, (5th Reg't I., M. N. G.) and First Maryland United States Volunteers, (1st Reg't I., M. N. G.)
Commissions will be issued accordingly.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 15, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 49. }

(1.) The camp at Pimlico will be broken on Monday, May 16, 1898, after the First Regiment shall have been mustered into the service of the United States.

(2.) All unissued State property will be turned over to the Acting Quartermaster General and taken possession of by him.

(3.) The Brigade Commander will detail such officers and men as may be necessary to secure and protect unissued State property until same shall have been delivered to the Acting Quartermaster General and properly stored under his direction.

(4.) In closing this encampment the Governor and Commander-in-Chief desires to thank the Brigade Commander, Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs, for his earnest, intelligent and cheerful co-operation with the Major General Commanding in the work of preparing, under most adverse circumstances, the Regiment and two Battalions of the National Guard, required of Maryland, for the service of the United States in the present war with Spain.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., May 15, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 50. }

The Governor and Commander-in-Chief cannot too strongly express the pride and gratification he feels at the prompt and ready response of the members of the Maryland National Guard to the call for their services, at the instance of the President of the United States, in the present war with Spain.

The hearts of all true Marylanders go with them, and our prayers shall daily be offered for their speedy and safe return.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 24, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 51. }

Paragraph I of G. O. No. 16, Headquarters Maryland National Guard, of date December 15, 1897, is hereby amended as follows:

The authorized enlisted strength of Troop "A", First Brigade, Maryland National Guard, shall be as follows: One First Sergeant, one Quartermaster Sergeant, six Sergeants, eight Corporals, two Farriers and Blacksmiths, two Trumpeters, one Sadler, one Wagoner, seventy-eight Privates; total enlisted, one hundred.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, May 30, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 52. }

(1.) The Acting Quartermaster General will report, without delay, to these headquarters a complete and accurate inventory of all Quartermaster and Ordnance stores now on hand, furnished to the State of Maryland by the United States Government for the use of the Militia and purchased by the State for the use of the National Guard, showing specifically what stores are issued and to whom, and what stores are unissued and how secured.

(2.) The Commanding Officers of the Maryland National Guard and all Quartermaster and Ordnance Officers are hereby directed to afford every facility to the Acting Quartermaster General for the prosecution of this work and to render him any assistance he may require of them for the completion thereof.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., June 4, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 53. }

To encourage enlistment in Troop "A," First Brigade, Maryland National Guard, and to promote the efficiency thereof, the following additional rules and regulations for the Government of said Troop are hereby promulgated:

(1.) Troop "A" shall drill not less than one day in each week for at least two and a half hours at each drill.

(2.) To compensate the members of the Troop for use, hire and service of horses a fund shall be created as follows :

(a) The sum of five dollars per month for each member of said Troop, less credits for absence as hereinafter provided for, shall be paid by the Adjutant General out of the appropriation for the militia, the warrant for the aggregate to be issued at the expiration of each month in favor of the fiscal officer of the Troop to be appointed by the Brigade Commander and approved by the Major General Commanding.

(b) The sum of one dollar, for each offense, shall be paid by or charged against each and every member of the Troop who shall fail to attend a drill in any given week.

(3.) Out of the fund so created the fiscal officer shall pay, at the end of each month, to each and every member of the Troop the sum of five dollars, less the amount charged against him and not paid for absences, as prescribed in Paragraph 2 b. of this order.

(4.) A consolidated monthly Morning Report of Troop "A" shall be made up at the end of each month and forwarded to the Adjutant General, through proper channels, and with this Report shall be forwarded a statement and account of the fiscal officer showing the amount due by the State under this Order, after deducting charges for non-attendance not paid.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, June 8, 1898.

WHEREAS, The President of the United States has issued his Proclamation calling for additional Volunteers for service in the Volunteer Army of the United States, and I have been notified by the Honorable the Secretary of War that there are required from Maryland, under this "second call,"

First—580 enlisted men to recruit each of the 20 companies now in service to the maximum of 106 enlisted men.

Second—A battalion of four companies, each to be composed of 3 officers and 106 enlisted men, to be assigned to the First Maryland U. S. Volunteers, now composed of two battalions, thus making a full regiment :

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Lloyd Lowndes, Governor of Maryland and Commander-in-Chief of the land and naval forces of the State, do hereby call for such volunteers as may be necessary to complete the organization of each of the companies of the Fifth and First Regiments now in service to 106 enlisted men, to be recruited under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the War Department.

And I do further call upon the Fourth Regiment of Infantry, Maryland National Guard, to furnish the one battalion required of Maryland as hereinbefore set forth, if the regiment be willing to volunteer for this purpose, the officers to be selected by the organization and their names to be submitted to me, through the regular channels, for approval before any commission shall be issued.

Major General L. Allison Wilmer, Commanding the Maryland State Forces, is hereby directed and commanded to take such steps and issue such orders as may be necessary to carry this Proclamation into effect, subject to directions from the War Department; and should the Fourth Regiment be unwilling to furnish the battalion required, then action will

be immediately taken to organize a Third Battalion for the First Regiment, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed.

THE GREAT SEAL
OF THE
STATE OF MARYLAND.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland at the City of Annapolis, on this 8th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

LLOYD LOWNDES.

BY THE GOVERNOR:

RICHARD DALLAM,

Secretary of State.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES,

ANNAPOLIS, MD., June 8, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS } NO. II. }

(1.) In obedience to so much of the Proclamation and Order of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of even date herewith, as relates to the furnishing of one Battalion of Infantry, it is hereby ordered that the Commanding Officer of the First Brigade, Maryland National Guard, require the Field Officers and company commandants of the Fourth Regiment to appear with him at the Headquarters of the First Brigade in Baltimore City, on Wednesday, June 8, 1898, at 5 o'clock P. M., at which time and place the proposition for the volunteering of said battalion will be submitted by the Major General Commanding, and the matter determined.

(2.) Should the Fourth Regiment volunteer, through its Officers, to furnish the Battalion required, the Officers of said Regiment will, as soon as practicable, hold a meeting under the orders and direction of the Brigade Commander, and select company officers for the four companies, in such manner as the Brigade Commander may prescribe, the names so selected to be submitted, through regular channels, to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

(3.) Should the Governor approve the Company Officers selected in accordance with Paragraph 2 of this order, the officers will, on being notified, recommend, through regular channels, a Major of said Battalion, to be finally approved, and, if approved, to be commissioned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the Company Officers aforesaid and a Battalion Adjutant to be named by the Major.

(4.) The Company Officers of the Battalion having been approved by the Governor, each company will be recruited, preferably from members of the Fourth Regiment, to 106 enlisted men, as follows:

- 1 First Sergeant,
- 1 Quartermaster Sergeant,
- 4 Sergeants,
- 8 Corporals,
- 2 Musicians,
- 1 Artificer,
- 1 Wagoner,
- 88 Privates.

(5.) As soon as any company of the Battalion shall be recruited, as herein required, notification will be given, through regular channels, that the physical examination of the members may be made in accordance with Army regulations.

(6.) Recruiting will be carried on at the Armory of the Fourth Regiment, but none of the men volunteering will be ordered into service or required to remain in the Armory until further orders.

(7.) When the Battalion shall have been mustered into the service of the United States, measures will be taken, under further orders and such rules and regulations as may be prescribed, for the complete reorganization of the two remaining Battalions of the Fourth Regiment.

(8.) The Brigade Commander will require the Commanding Officer of the Fourth Regiment to give such personal supervision to the execution of this order as may be necessary, and he will also himself, under the direction of the Major General commanding, give personal supervision to the execution of this order.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL WILMER :

H. HEBER BOSWELL,
First Lieutenant and Aid.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, June 11, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 54. }

(1.) The Fourth Regiment having offered a Battalion of four companies to form a part of the First Maryland, United States Volunteers (1st Reg't. I., M. N. G.,) for the service of the United States in the present war with Spain, in accordance with the Proclamation of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of date June 8, 1898, and the following officers having been selected for said companies, their selection is hereby approved, that is to say:

1st Company.

George F. Haupt, Captain,
Samuel J. Blight, 1st Lieut.,
Charles L. Lyons, 2d Lieut.

2d Company.

Frederick I. Mosher, Captain,
Charles R. Evans, 1st Lieut.,
Orville H. Brown, 2d Lieut.

3d Company.

Louis Schmidt, Captain,
Robert S. Chenoweth, 1st Lieut.,
Harry E. Haynes, 2d Lieut.

4th Company.

Andrew W. Feuss, Captain,
Charles Hahn, 1st Lieut.,
Earnest W. Fetzner, 2d Lieut.

The said officers will rank in the order hereinafter named, from the date of their U. S. Volunteer commissions, as follows:

Captains:

1. George F. Haupt,
2. Frederick I. Mosher,
3. Louis Schmidt,
4. Andrew W. Feuss.

1st Lieutenants:

1. Robert S. Chenoweth,
2. Charles Hahn,
3. Charles R. Evans,
4. Samuel J. Blight.

2d Lieutenants:

1. Earnest W. Fetzner,
2. Orville H. Brown,
3. Charles L. Lyons,
4. Harry E. Haynes.

(3.) All of said officers are hereby detailed for duty in their respective companies as named in Paragraph 2 of this Order until further orders or until such time as their commissions as officers in the Volunteer Army of the United States shall be issued, and they will, under the direction of the Brigade Commander, proceed to name a Major for the approval of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief as soon as practicable.

(4.) The companies shall be provisionally designated as follows:

1st Company.....	Company "H."
2d Company.....	Company "I."
3d Company.....	Company "M."
4th Company.....	Company "L."

(5.) The Battalion constituted by these companies will, on being mustered into the service of the United States, be assigned to the First Maryland United States Volunteers (1st Reg't. I., M. N. G.,) thus making a full regiment, in accordance with the determination of the Honorable the Secretary of War, and the officers will be commissioned accordingly at the time of being mustered into the service of the United States.

(6.) The Battalion thus constituted is hereby detached from the Fourth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, for the purpose of enabling it to enter the service of the United States, but until the Battalion shall be mustered into the service of the United States its officers will hold themselves, with their commands, subject to the orders of their present superior officers. On being mustered out of the service of the United States they will forthwith report for duty to the Commanding Officer of the Fourth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, and resume the positions held by them in said Regiment at the time of the issuing of this order.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,

Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, June 15, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 55. }

So much of Paragraph 2 of General Orders No. 54, A. G. O., of date June 11, 1898, as prescribes the rank of Second Lieutenants in the Battalion of the Fourth Regiment from the date of their U. S. Volunteer Commissions is hereby revoked, and the rank of said officers will be as follows from the date of their U. S. Volunteer Commissions:

1. Ernest W. Fetzer,
2. Harry E. Haynes,
3. Orville H. Brown,
4. Charles L. Lyons.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND STATE FORCES.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., June 22, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 12. }

(1.) In pursuance of an order from the Secretary of War of date June 18, 1898, so much of paragraph IV, of General Orders No. 11, Headquarters Maryland State Forces, of date June 8, 1898, as prescribes that of the enlisted men for each company there shall be eight Corporals and eighty-eight Privates is hereby revoked.

(2.) There will be recruited for each company of the Battalion of the Fourth Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard, to enter the service of the United States as a Battalion of the First Maryland, United States Volunteers, *twelve Corporals and eighty-four Privates.*

L. A. WILMER,
Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, June 24, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 56. }

So much of Paragraph 2 of General Orders No. 54, A. G. O., of date June 11, 1898, as prescribes the rank of First Lieutenants in the Battalion of the Fourth Regiment from the date of their U. S. Volunteer Commissions is hereby revoked, and the rank of said officers will be as follows from the date of their U. S. Volunteer Commissions:

1. Robert S. Chenoweth,
2. J. Frank Ryley,
3. Charles R. Evans,
4. Charles Hahn,
5. Samuel J. Blight.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, November 21, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 59. }

(1.) No enlisted man of the Maryland National Guard shall be discharged therefrom except by Special Orders from these Headquarters;

but nothing herein shall prevent the dishonorable discharge of enlisted men in any of the cases and in the manner prescribed by the Militia Law of the State.

(2.) All applications for honorable discharges shall be made in writing by the applicant, addressed to the Adjutant General of the State and forwarded by endorsements through regular channels.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

HEADQUARTERS MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD,

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

ANNAPOLIS, November 21, 1898.

GENERAL ORDERS }
No. 60. }

(1.) On all boards of examiners appointed for the examination of persons duly elected or nominated to office as required by section 14 of Article 65 of the Code of Public General Laws, as the said Article was re-enacted by Act of Assembly of 1896, Chapter 89, there shall be one medical officer; and on all military boards appointed in accordance with Section 28 of said Article "to examine into the capacity, qualification, propriety of conduct and efficiency of any commissioned officer," there shall be two medical officers.

(2.) All persons elected or nominated to office in the Maryland National Guard, and every officer of the Maryland National Guard reported to the Commander-in-Chief "as incompetent or unfit to discharge the duties of his office," shall be physically examined by the medical officer or officers of the board conducting the examination in accordance with the rules governing the physical examination of persons applying for commissions in the Regular Army of the United States, and a full written report of such physical examination shall be made and forwarded with the report of the board with such recommendations as the board may deem proper to make.

BY COMMAND OF GOVERNOR LOWNDES:

L. ALLISON WILMER,
Adjutant General.

ROSTER OF OFFICERS OF MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD
ORGANIZATIONS, WITH THE NUMBER OF MEN, WHO
SERVED IN SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

FIFTH REGIMENT, INFANTRY, MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD, MUSTERED
IN, UNITED STATES SERVICE, AS "5TH MARYLAND, U. S.
VOLUNTEER INFANTRY; (5TH REG'T., I., M. N. G.)"

Robert Dorsey Coale, Colonel,		
William D. Robinson, Lieutenant Colonel,		
Clinton L. Riggs, Major,		
Henry M. Warfield, Major,		
Louis M. Rawlins, Major,		
John G. Jay, Surgeon, (Major),		
Samuel Griffith Davis, Jr., Assistant Surgeon, (Captain),		
Thaddeus W. Clark, Assistant Surgeon, (Captain),		
John W. Elliott, Chaplain, (Captain),		
Samuel Johnson Poe, Adjutant, (First Lieutenant),		
Edward C. Johnson, Quartermaster, (First Lieutenant),		
James Markham Marshall, Battalion Adjutant, (First Lieu- tenant),		
Mark Alexander Herbert, Battalion Adjutant, (First Lieu- tenant),		
Henry G. Riggs, Battalion Adjutant, (First Lieutenant).		
Field and Staff Officers.....	14	
Non-commissioned Staff.....	11	
	<hr/>	25
<i>Company "A."</i>		

Robert B. Bowie, Captain,		
Frank Campbell, First Lieutenant,		
Raphael S. Boone, Second Lieutenant.		
Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	
	<hr/>	80

Company "B."

Charles W. Jackson, Captain,		
Henry T. Daly, First Lieutenant,		
Thomas S. Janney, Second Lieutenant.		
Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	
	<hr/>	80

Company "C."

Elbert Thompson, Captain,		
Gustave W. Ridgely, First Lieutenant,		
Owen Norris, Jr., Second Lieutenant.		
Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	
	<hr/>	80

Company "D."

E. Dudley Warfield, Captain,		
Lay Bryan, First Lieutenant,		
James E. Hancock, Second Lieutenant.		
Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	
	<hr/>	80

Company "E."

John Hinkley, Captain,
William P. Holmes, First Lieutenant,
Thomas R. Thomas, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "F."

Charles D. Gaither, Captain,
Francis G. Riggs, First Lieutenant,
Samuel E. Conradt, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "G."

C. Baker Clotworthy, Captain,
Christopher Johnston, First Lieutenant,
William M. Boykin, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "H."

Samuel W. Hoopes, Captain,
Edward A. Holmes, First Lieutenant,
John S. Markoe, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "I."

N. Lee Goldsborough, Captain,
Jesse Slingluff, First Lieutenant,
Charles G. Stirling, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "K."

Edmund A. Munoz, Captain,
Fitzhugh Tayloe, First Lieutenant,
Joseph N. D. Danels, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "L."

Benjamin F. Boyden, Captain,
Washington Bowie, Jr., First Lieutenant,
Robert E. L. Marshall, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Company "M."

George L. Deichmann, Captain,
Ridgely Gaither, First Lieutenant,
David W. Jenkins, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	77	80

Total, Officers and Men, mustered in, Camp Wilmer..	985
-----------------------------------------------------	-----

Number of Enlisted Men mustered in, at Baltimore, on second call for troops.....	348
Grand Total, Fifth Regiment.....	<u>1,333</u>

Officers subsequently commissioned by Governor of Maryland and mustered in, as follows:

Washington Bowie, Jr., Captain, Company "L," vice Benjamin F. Boyden, resigned.

Robert E. L. Marshall, First Lieutenant, Company "L," vice Washington Bowie, Jr., promoted.

William S. Brownley, Second Lieutenant, Company "L," vice Robert E. L. Marshall, promoted.

William M. Boykin, First Lieutenant, Company "G," vice Christopher Johnston, resigned.

Frank Tinsley, Second Lieutenant, Company "G," vice William M. Boykin, promoted.

TWO BATTALIONS, FIRST REGIMENT, INFANTRY, MARYLAND NATIONAL
GUARD, MUSTERED IN, UNITED STATES SERVICE, AS "1ST
MARYLAND, U. S. VOLUNTEER INFANTRY;
(1ST REG'T., I., M. N. G.)"

William P. Lane, Lieutenant Colonel,	
Ellwood W. Evans, Major,	
Charles A. Little, Major,	
Washington Clement Claude, Assistant Surgeon, (Captain),	
Samuel Chase de Krafft, Assistant Surgeon, (Captain),	
Lauran F. Smith, Battalion Adjutant, (First Lieutenant),	
Randolph M. Isaac, Battalion Adjutant, (Second Lieutenant).	
Field and Staff Officers.....	7
Non-commissioned Staff.....	<u>4</u>

II

Company "A."

Edwin D. Pusey, Captain,	
Benjamin R. Elliott, First Lieutenant,	
Hugh Ridgely Riley, Second Lieutenant.	
Officers.....	3
Enlisted Men.....	<u>77</u>

80

Company "B."

George L. Fisher, Captain,	
Milton R. Hawken, First Lieutenant,	
William E. Sands, Second Lieutenant.	
Officers.....	3
Enlisted Men.....	<u>77</u>

80

Company "C."

Charles T. Lowndes, Captain,	
J. Philip Roman, First Lieutenant,	
Hanson Willison, Jr., Second Lieutenant.	
Officers.....	3
Enlisted Men.....	<u>77</u>

80

Company "D."

Thomas G. Forward, Captain,
Willard G. Rouse, First Lieutenant,
Shirley C. Morgan, Second Lieutenant.

Officers	3
Enlisted Men	77

80

Company "E."

William A. Wright, Captain,
George T. King, First Lieutenant,
Edward F. Taggart, Second Lieutenant.

Officers	3
Enlisted Men	77

80

Company "F."

Charles W. Adams, Captain,
Owen Norris, First Lieutenant,
Charles S. Carrington, Second Lieutenant.

Officers	3
Enlisted Men	77

80

Company "G."

James C. Porter, Captain,
Philip E. Porter, First Lieutenant,
George R. Tydings, Second Lieutenant.

Officers	3
Enlisted Men	77

80

Company "K."

Samuel Riggs of R., Captain,
William H. Lamar, First Lieutenant,
Otho H. W. Talbott, Second Lieutenant.

Officers	3
Enlisted Men	77

80

Total, Officers and Men, mustered in, Camp Wilmer...

 651

ONE BATTALION, FOURTH REGIMENT, INFANTRY, MARYLAND NATIONAL
GUARD, MUSTERED IN, UNITED STATES SERVICE, ON SECOND
CALL FOR TROOPS, AS COMPANIES "H," "I," "L" AND
"M" OF "1ST MARYLAND, U. S. VOLUNTEER
INFANTRY; (1ST REG'T., I., M. N. G.)," TO
CONSTITUTE ONE BATTALION OF
SAID 1ST MARYLAND.

Joseph B. Phipps, Major,
Seth S. Ullrich, Assistant Surgeon, (Captain),
J. Frank Ryley, Battalion Adjutant, (First Lieutenant).

Field and Staff Officers	3
Non-commissioned Staff	2

5

Company "H."

George F. Haupt, Captain,
 Samuel J. Blight, First Lieutenant,
 Charles L. Lyon, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	106	
	<hr/>	109

Company "I."

Frederick I. Mosher, Captain,
 Charles R. Evans, First Lieutenant,
 Orville H. Brown, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	106	
	<hr/>	109

Company "L."

Andrew W. Feuss, Captain,
 Charles Hahn, First Lieutenant,
 Ernest W. Fetzer, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	106	
	<hr/>	109

Company "M."

Louis Schmidt, Captain,
 Robert S. Chenoweth, First Lieutenant,
 Harry E. Haynes, Second Lieutenant.

Officers.....	3	
Enlisted Men.....	106	
	<hr/>	109

Total, Officers and Men, Fourth Regiment, mustered in at Baltimore.....		441
Additional Field and Staff Officers, 1st Maryland, mustered in, Fort Monroe, to complete organization of Regiment on second call for troops.....	6	
Additional Non-commissioned Staff.....	3	
	<hr/>	9
Number of Enlisted Men mustered in at different points in the State, to complete organization of original eight companies of 1st Maryland, on second call for troops.....		232
		<hr/>
Grand Total, First and Fourth Regiments.....		1,333

Officers subsequently commissioned by Governor of Maryland, and mustered in, to complete organization of 1st Maryland, and to fill vacancies, as follows:

William P. Lane, Colonel, promoted. (To complete organization).

Ellwood W. Evans, Lieutenant-Colonel, promoted. (To complete organization).

Washington Clement Clande, Surgeon, (Major), promoted. (To complete organization).

Coapland R. Page, Chaplain, (Captain). (To complete organization).

Lauran F. Smith, Adjutant, (First Lieutenant), promoted by assignment. (To complete organization).

Benjamin R. Elliott, Quartermaster, (First Lieutenant), promoted by assignment. (To complete organization).

Charles T. Lowndes, Major, vice Ellwood W. Evans, promoted.

J. Philip Roman, Captain, Company "C," vice Charles T. Lowndes, promoted.

Francis B. Whiting, First Lieutenant, Company "C," vice J. Philip Roman, promoted.

John G. Constable, Second Lieutenant, Company "C," vice Hanson Willison, Jr., resigned.

William E. Sands, First Lieutenant, Company "B," vice Milton R. Hawken, assigned as Battalion Adjutant vice Laurant F. Smith, promoted by assignment as Adjutant.

Warren J. Haines, Second Lieutenant, Company "B," vice William E. Sands, promoted.

Otho H. W. Talbott, First Lieutenant, Company "K," vice William H. Lamar, resigned.

Charles Alvey, Second Lieutenant, Company "K," vice Otho H. W. Talbott, promoted.

Hugh Ridgely Riley, First Lieutenant, Company "A," vice Benjamin R. Elliott, promoted by assignment as Quartermaster.

Thomas L. Brewer, Second Lieutenant, Company "A," vice Hugh Ridgely Riley, promoted.

John E. Wilson, Second Lieutenant, Company "E," vice Edward F. Taggart, resigned.

Shirley C. Morgan, First Lieutenant, Company "D," vice Willard G. Rouse, resigned.

Benjamin J. Leckron, Second Lieutenant, Company "B," vice Warren J. Haines, resigned.

Silas B. Smith, Second Lieutenant, Company "D," vice Shirley C. Morgan, promoted.

Harry E. Haynes, First Lieutenant, Company "M," vice Robert S. Chenoweth, resigned.

Howard S. Bokee, Second Lieutenant, Company "M," vice Harry E. Haynes, promoted.

Ernest W. Fetzer, First Lieutenant, Company "L," vice Charles Hahn, resigned.

H. Clay M. Supplee, Second Lieutenant, Company "L," vice Ernest W. Fetzer, promoted.

George L. Hicks, Assistant Surgeon, vice Seth S. Ullrich, resigned.

FIRST NAVAL BATTALION, MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD, MUSTERED IN, UNITED STATES NAVY, WITH RANK OF OFFICERS AND ASSIGNMENT FOR DUTY.

Isaac E. Emerson, Commander; Lieutenant U. S. N., Commanding "U. S. Auxiliary Naval Force," Fifth District.

Edwin Geer, Lieutenant Commander; Lieutenant U. S. N.—"Dale," "Apache," "Ajax."

Samuel M. Blount, Lieutenant; Lieutenant U. S. N.—"Franklin," "Dixie," "Marcellus."

Henry F. Harrison, Lieutenant; Lieutenant U. S. N.—"Dale," "Katahdin."

Joseph Bonn, Lieutenant; Lieutenant U. S. N.—"Dale."

Layton F. Smith, Lieutenant; Lieutenant, (J. G.), U. S. N.—"Franklin," "Dixie," "Potomac," "Vulcan."

Davies Murdoch, Lieutenant; Lieutenant, (J. G.), U. S. N.—"Franklin," "Dixie."

Charles L. Birmingham, Lieutenant; Lieutenant (J. G.), U. S. N.—"Dale."

Sydney O. Heiskell, Surgeon; P. A. Surgeon U. S. N.—"Franklin," "Dixie."

Parker Cook, Lieutenant; P. A. Paymaster U. S. N.—"Franklin," "Dixie."

William McLane Goodrich, Lieutenant; Ensign U. S. N.—"Franklin," "Dixie."

Peter T. Coyle, Lieutenant, (J. G.); Ensign U. S. N.—“Franklin,” “Dixie.”

Robert C. Hull, Lieutenant, (J. G.); Lieutenant, (J. G.), U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Apache,” “Bureau of Equipment,” Brooklyn.

Henry T. Powell, Assistant Engineer; Assistant Engineer U. S. N.—“Franklin,” “Dixie,” “Detroit.”

William S. Belding, Ensign; Lieutenant (J. G.), U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Apache,” “Ajax.”

Smith H. McKim, Ensign; Assistant Surgeon U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Franklin,” “Dixie.”

John E. Reeside, Ensign; Ensign U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Katahdin.”

Dwight Mallory, Ensign; Ensign U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Apache,” “Ajax.”

Charles M. Newman, Ensign; Ensign U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Apache,” “Ajax.”

Frank E. Wagner, Assistant Surgeon; Assistant Surgeon U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Ajax,” “New Hampshire.”

Special Commissions were issued to the following, to complete complement of officers as required by Navy Department:

Robert S. Paul, Chief Engineer; Chief Engineer U. S. N.—“Dixie,” “Badger.”

Thomas C. B. Howard, Lieutenant, (J. G.); Lieutenant, (J. G.), U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Katahdin.”

Benjamin F. Jacobs, Ensign; Ensign U. S. N.—“Dixie,” “Wabash.”

Richard P. Brown, Assistant Engineer; Assistant Engineer U. S. N.—“Dixie.”

John H. Brown, Ensign; Ensign U. S. N.—“Dale,” “Ajax.”

William E. Putts, Ensign; Ensign U. S. N.—“Dale.”

Assigned to “Dixie”:

Officers.....	12	
Warrant Officer.....	1	
Petty Officers and Seamen	266	
Total “Dixie”.....		279
Assigned to “U. S. Auxiliary Naval Force”:		
Officers.....	14	
Petty Officers and Seamen.....	163	
Total “U. S. Auxiliary Naval Force”.....		177
Grand Total, First Naval Battalion.....		456

RECAPITULATION.

Total Fifth Regiment.....	1,333
Total First and Fourth Regiments.....	1,333
Total First Naval Battalion.....	456
Grand Total Furnished For The War	3,122

ROSTER OF OFFICERS,

WITH NUMBER OF MEN, NOW CONSTITUTING THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT OF MARYLAND.

HEADQUARTERS—ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND.

GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF:

LLOYD LOWNDES.

ADJUTANT GENERAL:

L. ALLISON WILMER.

GENERAL STAFF OF THE MILITIA:

Major General L. Allison Wilmer, Adjutant General,
Brigadier General Thomas S. Mumford, Inspector General and Acting
Quartermaster General,
Brigadier General Alfred E. Booth, Chief of Ordnance,
Brigadier General Ridgely B. Warfield, Surgeon General.

(Judge Advocate General, vacant.)

AIDS TO THE GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF:

Colonel William E. Griffith,	Colonel Ira Tyler,
Colonel Seymour Mandelbaum,	Colonel Henry B. Wilcox,
Colonel Clarence Hodson,	Colonel Micijah W. Pope,
Colonel Gerard T. Hopkins, Jr.,	Colonel John M. Carter, Jr.
Total, Governor, General Staff and Aids.....13	

FIRST BRIGADE, MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.

Headquarters—Baltimore, Maryland.

Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs, Commanding,
Colonel Allan McLane, Adjutant General,
Colonel John S. Saunders, Inspector General,
Colonel John M. T. Finney, Chief Surgeon,
Major Charles R. Spence, Chief Quartermaster,
Major Frank W. Coale, Chief Commissary,
Major Charles V. Starkloff, Chief Paymaster,
Major Josiah Pierce, Jr., Ordnance Officer and Inspector of Small Arms
Practice.

(Judge Advocate, vacant.)

First Lieutenant J. Markham Marshall, Aid.

(First Lieutenant and Aid, vacant.)

Officers.....	9
Non-commissioned Staff Officers.....	6

Total ,.....	15
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FOURTH REGIMENT, INFANTRY.

Headquarters, Baltimore, Md.

FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS:

Colonel Willard Howard, Commanding,
 Lieutenant-Colonel J. Frank Supplee,
 Major Franklin P. Swazey,
 Major Morris W. Tucker,
 Major Charles Clark,
 Captain Alfred G. Goodrich, Adjutant,
 Major J. Dimmitt Norris, Surgeon,
 Captain Seth S. Ullrich, Assistant Surgeon,
 Captain Duncan MacCalman, Assistant Surgeon,
 (One Assistant Surgeon vacant),
 Captain David F. Penington, Quartermaster,
 Captain Lester L. Kingsbury, Commissary,
 Captain John T. Hoffman, Ordnance Officer,
 (Paymaster vacant),
 (Chaplain vacant),
 First Lieutenant J. Frank Ryley, Battalion Adjutant,
 First Lieutenant Ernest W. Fetzer, Battalion Adjutant,
 First Lieutenant Charles Hahn, Battalion Adjutant.

LINE OFFICERS:

Company "A."

Captain—Vacant,
 1st Lieutenant—Vacant,
 2d Lieutenant—Orville H. Brown.

Company "C."

Captain—Robert S. Chenoweth,
 1st Lieutenant—Vacant,
 2d Lieutenant—Vacant.

Company "E."

Captain—Nicholas S. Hill,
 1st Lieutenant—Vacant,
 2d Lieutenant—Edward J. Evans.

Company "G."

Captain—Andrew W. Feuss,
 1st Lieutenant—Vacant,
 2d Lieutenant—H. Clay M. Supplee.

Company "I."

Captain—Charles R. Evans,
 1st Lieutenant—Vacant,
 2d Lieutenant—Richard A. Farley.

Company "L."

Captain—Edward H. J. Stesch,
 1st Lieutenant—Albert Lyman,
 2d Lieutenant—M. K. Tavenner.

Company "B."

Captain—George F. Haupt,
 1st Lieutenant—Samuel J. Blight,
 2d Lieutenant—Charles L. Lyon.

Company "D."

Captain—Walter C. Wessels,
 1st Lieutenant—Vacant,
 2d Lieutenant—J. Clifton Keyes.

Company "F."

Captain—Thomas F. Peterson,
 1st Lieutenant—J. Harry Ullrich,
 2d Lieutenant—Harry L. McCullough.

Company "H."

Captain—William A. Burck,
 1st Lieutenant—L. E. Roberts,
 2d Lieutenant—Bruce B. Gotee.

Company "K."

Captain—Vacant,
 1st Lieutenant—Harry E. Haynes,
 2d Lieutenant—Vacant.

Company "M."

Captain—Samuel W. Filbert,
 1st Lieutenant—Albert S. Gill,
 2d Lieutenant—Charles E. Hummel.

Officers.....	41
Enlisted Men.....	573
Total.....	614

FIFTH REGIMENT, INFANTRY.

Headquarters, Baltimore, Maryland.

FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS:

Colonel Frank Markoe, Commanding,
 Lieutenant Colonel R. Dorsey Coale,
 Major Henry M. Warfield,
 Major Louis M. Rawlins,
 Major George L. Deichmann,
 Captain S. Johnson Poe, Adjutant,
 Major William H. Crim, Surgeon,
 Captain S. Griffith Davis, Assistant Surgeon,
 Captain James D. Iglehart, Assistant Surgeon,
 (One assistant surgeon, vacant),
 Captain Robert G. Miller, Quartermaster,
 Captain Edward C. Johnson, Commissary,
 Captain Charles F. Albers, Ordnance Officer,
 (Paymaster, vacant),
 Captain William M. Dame, Chaplain,
 Captain Henry B. Keyser, Inspector Rifle Practice,
 First Lieutenant Mark A. Herbert, Battalion adjutant,
 First Lieutenant Samuel E. Conradt, Battalion Adjutant,
 First Lieutenant Carryl H. Bryan, Battalion Adjutant.

LINE OFFICERS:

Company "A."	Company "B."
Captain—Robert B. Bowie,	Captain—Thomas S. Janney,
1st Lieutenant—R. Sanchez Boone,	1st Lieutenant—Henry T. Daly,
2d Lieutenant—Philip W. Wroe.	2d Lieutenant—Vacant.
Company "C."	Company "D."
Captain—Elbert Thomson,	Captain—Lay Bryan,
1st Lieutenant—Gustave Ridgely,	1st Lieutenant—John S. Markoe,
2d Lieutenant—Vacant.	2d Lieutenant—John A. Robinson.
Company "E."	Company "F."
Captain—John Hinkley,	Captain—Washington Bowie, Jr.,
1st Lieutenant—William P. Holmes,	1st Lieutenant—Albert E. Glocker,
2d Lieutenant—Thomas R. Thomas.	2d Lieutenant—Vacant.
Company "G."	Company "H."
Captain—C. Baker Clotworthy,	Captain—Edward A. Holmes,
1st Lieutenant—William M. Boykin,	1st Lieutenant—Charles G. Kerr,
2d Lieutenant—Vacant.	2d Lieutenant—Bruce Robinson.
Company "I."	Company "K."
Captain—N. Lee Goldsborough,	Captain—Edmund A. Munoz,
1st Lieutenant—Charles G. Stirling,	1st Lieutenant—Fitzhugh Tayloe,
2d Lieutenant—Frank Phelps.	2d Lieutenant—Jos. N. D. Danels.
Company "L."	Company "M."
Captain—Jesse Slingluff,	Captain—Ridgely Gaither,
1st Lieutenant—Wm. L. Brownley,	1st Lieutenant—David W. Jenkins,
2d Lieutenant—Vacant.	2d Lieutenant—Charles L. Boone.

Officers..... 48
 Enlisted Men..... 690

Total..... 738

FIRST REGIMENT, INFANTRY,

Headquarters, Towson, Maryland.

FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS:

Colonel, vacant,
 Lieutenant-Colonel, Charles B. McClean, Commanding,
 Major, William G. Purnell,
 Major, Charles A. Little,
 Captain, Lauran F. Smith, Adjutant,
 Major, W. Clement Claude, Surgeon,
 Captain, J. Wright Downey, Assistant Surgeon,
 Captain, S. Case deKrafft, Assistant Surgeon,
 Captain, Charles G. Hill, Assistant Surgeon,
 Captain, Isidor Becker, Quartermaster,
 Captain, Randolph M. Isaac, Commissary,
 Ordnance Officer, vacant,
 Captain, Henry H. Keedy, Jr., Paymaster,
 Captain, C. Randolph Page, Chaplain,
 Second, Battalion Adjutants, vacant.

LINE OFFICERS:

Company "A."	Company "B."
Captain—Q. S. J. Beckley,	Captain—George L. Fisher,
1st Lieutenant—Vacant,	1st Lieutenant—Milton R. Hawken,
2d Lieutenant—Wm. H. Shipley.	2d Lieutenant—William E. Sands,
Company "C."	Company "D."
Captain—Charles T. Lowndes,	Captain—Thomas G. Forwood,
1st Lieutenant—J. Philip Roman,	1st Lieutenant—Willard G. Rouse,
2d Lieutenant—Vacant.	2d Lieutenant—Shirley C. Morgan.
Company "E."	Company "F."
Captain—William A. Wright,	Captain—Vacant,
1st Lieutenant—George T. King,	1st Lieutenant—Owen Norris,
2d Lieutenant—Edward F. Taggart.	2d Lieutenant—Charles S. Carrington.
Company "G."	Company "K."
Captain—James C. Porter,	Captain—Samuel Riggs, of R,
1st Lieutenant—Philip E. Porter,	1st Lieutenant—James A. Henderson,
2d Lieutenant—George R. Tydings.	2d Lieutenant—Otho H. W. Talbott.
Officers.....	33
Enlisted Men.....	419
Total.....	452

FIRST SEPARATE COMPANY, INFANTRY.

Armory, Baltimore, Maryland.

Captain William R. Spencer,
 First Lieutenant (vacant),
 Second Lieutenant Henry Ryan, Jr.

Officers.....	2
Enlisted Men.....	60
Total.....	62

TROOP "A," FIRST BRIGADE.

Station, Pikesville, Maryland.

Captain Joseph W. Shirley,
 First Lieutenant C. Lyons Rogers, Jr.,
 Second Lieutenant Redmond C. Stewart.

Officers.....	3
Enlisted Men.....	75
Total.....	78

SIGNAL CORPS.

Headquarters First Brigade.

Baltimore, Maryland.

First Lieutenant Neil P. Leary,
 Second Lieutenant Thomas M. Clinton.

Officers.....	2
Enlisted Men.....	11
Total.....	13

SUMMARY—*First Brigade.*

	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.
Brigadier General and Staff.....	9	6	15
Fourth Regiment, Infantry.....	41	573	614
Fifth Regiment, Infantry.....	48	690	738
First Regiment, Infantry.....	33	419	452
First Separate Company, Infantry.....	2	60	62
Troop "A," Cavalry.....	3	75	78
Signal Corps.....	2	11	13
Total, First Brigade.....	138	1,834	1,972

FIRST NAVAL BATTALION, MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.

Headquarters, Baltimore, Maryland.

Isaac E. Emerson, Commander,
 Edwin Geer, Lieutenant Commander,
 Henry F. Harrison, Lieutenant,
 William McLane Goodrich, Lieutenant,
 Sydney O. Heiskell, Surgeon,
 William V. Wilson, Jr., Paymaster,
 Frederick P. Clampett, Chaplain,
 Peter T. Coyle, Lieutenant, (J. G.),
 Charles M. Newman, Lieutenant, (J. G.),
 James E. Hewes, Lieutenant, (J. G.),
 Henry T. Powell, P. A. Engineer,
 Frank E. Wagner, Assistant Surgeon,
 William S. Belding, Ensign,
 William E. Putts, Ensign,
 Parker Cook, Assistant Paymaster,

Julien L. Eysmans, Ensign,
 Charles Fallon, Ensign,
 John E. Reeside, Ensign,
 Charles C. Schiller, Ensign.

Officers.....	19
Warrant Officers.....	3
Chief Petty Officers.....	7
Petty Officers and Seamen.....	201
Total First Naval Battalion.....	230

"VETERAN CORPS," FIFTH REGIMENT INFANTRY,
 MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.

Headquarters—Baltimore, Maryland.

Colonel Charles D. Gaither, Commanding,
 Lieutenant Colonel, (vacant.)
 Major, (vacant.)
 Major Abram B. Gaither, Surgeon,
 Captain Augustus L. Shutt, Quartermaster,
 Captain George W. Davison, Paymaster,
 Captain Edward A. Watts, Adjutant,
 Commissary, (vacant.)
 Ordnance Officer, (vacant.)
 Assistant Surgeon, (vacant.)
 1st Company—Captain Frank X. Ward,
 First Lieutenant, Henry A. Williams.
 2d Company—Captain Neilson Poe, Jr.
 3d Company—Captain, (vacant.)
 4th Company—Captain George W. Wonderly.
 5th Company—Captain Henry W. Bennett.

Officers.....	10
Enlisted Men.....	137
Total	147

RECAPITULATION.

	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total
Governor, General Staff and Aids.....	13	.....	13
First Brigade.....	138	1,834	1,972
First Naval Battalion.....	19	211	230
"Veteran Corps," Fifth Regiment.....	10	137	147
Grand Total.....	180	2,182	2,362

Report of the Acting Quartermaster General.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL,

ROOM 404 MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING,

BALTIMORE, MD., December 12, 1899.

*To the Adjutant General, State of Maryland,**Annapolis, Maryland:*

SIR:—I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of the Quartermaster General's Office for the years 1898 and 1899, respectively.

OPERATIONS OF 1898:

In obedience to General Order No. 10, A. G. O., Annapolis, Md., April 26, 1898, I assumed the duties of Acting Quartermaster-General, State of Maryland, relieving Major C. R. Spence, Chief Quartermaster First Brigade M. N. G., therefrom, and proceeded with the work of supplying and equipping the State troops preparatory to their muster into the United States service for duty in the war with Spain.

The needs of these troops to properly equip and prepare them for active service (including expenditures to maintain the remainder of the force assembled), necessitated the expenditure of \$76,461.52. Purchases were made in open market, but with a due regard to the interest of the State. All supplies so purchased by me were subject to proper inspection before being accepted, and disbursements on account of all purchases of supplies, hire of labor, teams, etc., were promptly settled as fast as the accounts could be prepared, examined and approved.

Under the first call for Volunteers by the President of the United States the quota furnished from the State of Maryland was one Regiment of Infantry of 50 officers and 961 enlisted men, and one Battalion of Infantry consisting of 32 officers and 626 enlisted men, an aggregate strength of 1,669.

The full strength of the command borne on the State rolls in camp from April 25, to May 17, 1898, aggregates a daily average of 89 officers and 1,228 enlisted men; total, 28,973.

On the second call for Volunteers by the President, the State furnished one Battalion of 16 officers and 426 enlisted men, making the entire strength (including 26 officers and 430 enlisted men of the First Naval Battalion, M. N. G.,) mustered into the

United States service, which was supplied and equipped by the Quartermaster's Department, to consist of 124 officers and 2,443 enlisted men.

The total amount of funds received by me, \$83,476.27, is as follows:

RECEIPTS.

From the Adjutant General (by warrant)	\$82,625 36
" Major C. R. Spence (transfer of funds).....	390 53
" sale of lumber at Pimlico, Md	383 63
" " iron pipe.....	25 00
" " cookstove.....	3 00
" " campaign hats.....	38 75
" rebatement on purchase of typewriter.....	10 00
Total received.....	<u>\$83,476 27</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

Transferred to Adjutant General.....	\$5,514 75
" Major Allan McLane.....	1,500 00
Paid out on account of Troops accepted by U. S..	57,314 81
" " Naval Battalion.....	12,251 45
" " remainder troops in camp	6,895 26
Total.....	<u>\$83,476 27</u>

The cost per capita, exclusive of the clothing on hand, amounted to.....\$23 96
Including the same..... 32 09

The amount per diem per man for subsistence paid by this Department was 25.16.

The total cost to the State to assemble, clothe, feed and equip the troops and Naval Battalion (124 commissioned officers and 2,443 enlisted men), accepted and mustered into the service of the United States, aggregates as follows:

Purchase of Q. M. Supplies.....	\$5,717 99
Transportation of troops, etc.....	8,810 76
Purchase of new clothing.....	34,255 96
Purchase of ordnance.....	996 16
Purchase of subsistence.....	7,138 35
Hire of labor, Subsistence Department.....	786 50
Value of serviceable clothing issued.....	20,874 51
Total for Infantry Arm.....	<u>\$78,580 23</u>

Second—1st Naval Battalion, 26 Officers and 430 enlisted men:

Purchase of clothing.....	\$10,718 84
Purchase of supplies, various.....	891 56
Hire of labor.....	111 88
Total.....	<u>11,722 28</u>
Total.....	<u>\$90,302 51</u>

Articles, such as lumber, iron pipe, etc., used at Camp Wilmer during its occupancy by the State troops (no longer required) have been sold to the best advantage possible, and the amount realized for such portions of the same as was properly chargeable to the United States has been deposited to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States; the balance so realized taken up as State funds and properly accounted for. All property purchased for use of the troops while in camp and which was not transferred to the United States has been gathered together and stored in the Fifth Regiment Armory. It has been thoroughly overhauled and carefully packed away in cases with moth balls, nevertheless, it requires constant attention, and as the store-room will soon be required for the equipments of the regiment I would recommend that a roomy and well ventilated storehouse be secured for its preservation. Much time and attention is now being devoted to hunting up all articles of both State and United States property, much of which (particularly United States property) is known to be missing. With this end in view it is essential that all officers accountable for either State or United States property be directed to render to this office semi-annual returns of the same.

OPERATIONS OF 1899.

The work devolving upon this Department during the current year has been the clothing and equipping of the Fifth Regiment, Infantry, Maryland National Guard, and First and Second Battalions, Fourth Regiment, I., M. N. G., and the proper preparation of the accounts arising out of the State's claim for reimbursement from the United States Government of moneys expended to equip the United States Volunteers in the war with Spain.

THE WAR CLAIM.

The accounts prepared by this office (\$90,302.51) and that of the Adjutant General (\$44,380.25) aggregated \$134,682.76. Of this amount \$113,808.25 was actual cash disbursements; the balance, \$20,874.51, represents the money value of clothing and supplies on hand belonging to the State and transferred to Fifth and First Regiments, Maryland United States Volunteers. Seventy-eight thousand one hundred and fifty-three dollars and sixty-five cents (\$78,153.65) has already been returned to the State, leaving a balance due of \$56,529.11. The answer to the *suspensions*, as embodied in the statement of differences of the Auditor of the War Department, should ensure an additional payment or payments amounting to \$52,564.50, thus securing to the State, when this claim is finally settled, reimbursement in the amount of \$130,718.15, or \$16,909.90 more than actual cash

disbursement. The remainder, \$3,964.61, *disallowed* by the Auditor on account of over payments made on pay rolls, and the payment of officers and men who failed to enter the service of the United States for personal reasons, and on account of the withdrawal, etc., of certain charges for property, etc., which, upon investigation, was found to be incorrect, will have to be borne by the State.

CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE.

In supplying new clothing to the two Regiments of the State Militia, this department adopted the system of purchasing supplies from the manufactures direct, awarding the contracts to the lowest responsible bidders—quality, texture, color, etc., considered—and having this material made up (also under contract). This method has resulted not only in furnishing the members of the Guard with blouses, overcoats and trousers made to individual measurement, but has given them uniforms of the best quality and finish, besides saving the State a large amount of money over the system of purchasing in open market as shown by the following figures:

Conshocken Woollen Co...	{ Purchase of 2,220 yds. blouse flannel at 95 cts. per yd...	\$2,109 00
Conshocken Woollen Co...	{ Purchase of 5,759 yds. kersey, at \$1.25 per yard.....	7,198 90
Oehm & Co	{ Purchase of 1,378 campaign hats, at 83 cents each.....	1,143 74
Oehm & Co	{ Purchase of 438 prs. stripes	88 82
Rosenfeld Bros.....	{ Purchase of 1,252 woolen blankets, at \$2.75 each....	3,443 00
Rosenfeld Bros.....	{ Purchase of 54 officers' caps, at \$5.00 each.....	270 00
Horstman Co.....	{ Purchase of 1,489 pairs leggins, at 48 cts. per pair...	714 72
Horstman Co.....	{ Purchase of 683 pairs cloth chevrons.....	132 02
Rosenfeld Bros., manufacture	of 973 overcoats, at \$5.95..	5,789 35
" " " " " " " "	" 1,323 blouses, at \$1.98..	2,619 35
Oehm & Co., manufacture of	1,323 pairs trousers at 83 cents per pair.....	1,164 24
Total.....		\$24,673 14

Saving to the State over war prices exacted last year for the same articles, purchased in open market:

1,252 woolen blankets.....	\$ 786 24
1,323 blouses.....	782 72
1,323 pairs trousers.....	997 70
973 overcoats.....	1,002 71
1,489 pairs leggins.....	178 68
1,378 campaign hats	234 26
Total saving of.....	\$3,982 31

The following table explains the manner of distribution of the above articles:

TO WHOM ISSUED.	Officers' Caps.	Woolen Blankets.	Blouses.	Trousers.	Overcoats.	Campaign Hats.	Leggins.	N. C. Staff Chevrons.	Sergeants' Chevrons.	Corporals' Chevrons.	Sergeants' Stripes.	Corporals' Stripes.
Fourth Infantry.....	.....	375	556	556	206	556	686	56	110	154	60	148
Fifth Infantry.....	54	877	767	767	767	822	803	75	96	192	80	150
Total	54	1252	1323	1323	973	1378	1489	131	206	346	140	298

In addition to the new clothing purchased and distributed, as shown by the above figures, the following articles made into sizes are ready for issue:

Four hundred and fifty-four blouses, 183 pairs trousers, 41 overcoats and 600 pairs leggins.

The work of providing the Third Battalion, of the Fourth Infantry, M. N. G., with clothing is now in process of operation, and such part of the uniform, not on hand, will soon be ready for examination and distribution.

TENTAGE.

There is practically no tentage on hand for the use of the Guard in case of emergency. Of the amount now on hand, namely, 144 common tents, 18 hospital tents and 32 wall tents, 80 of the common tents are unserviceable. Letter from this office dated June 30th, 1899, sets forth the tentage required for use of the troops in this State. In asking for new tentage I would recall the report of a Board of Army Officers recommending the use of drab-colored tents, this report has the approval of the Secretary of War; and the reasons set forth by this Board for the change are so conclusive that I believe it would be to the interest of the Militia to be furnished with canvas of the same material.

ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.

The following named articles of ordnance and ordnance property received from the United States government were distributed and invoiced to the National Guard as follows:

To Whom Issued.	Springfield Rifles, Cal. 45, Model 1878.	Bayonet Scabbards, Cal. 45, Hook Attachments.	Cartridge Belts and Plates.	Blanket, Bags and Straps, complete.	Haversacks and Straps, Complete.	Canteens and Straps, complete.	Meat Cans.	Tin Cups.	Knives, Forks and Spoons, each kind.	Leather Belts and Plates,	Arm-Chests.
Fourth Infantry.....	480	48	480	565	565	565	565	565	565	40	24
Fifth Infantry.....	720	720	720	767	822	822	822	822	822	.....	36
Total.....	1200	1200	1200	1327	1327	1327	1327	1327	1327	40	60

CARE AND PRESERVATION OF THE PROPERTY.

During the year a storeroom has been fitted up and all property and stores not required for immediate use have been systematically arranged therein.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS.

RECEIPTS.

Received from the Adjutant General by warrant..... \$25,427 30

DISBURSEMENTS.

Purchase of clothing.....	\$24,673 33	
Cleaning and repairing clothing.....	259 86	
Building storeroom.....	84 03	
Advertising (proposals for supplies).....	31 75	
Hauling, etc., military property	48 97	
Hire of labor.....	19 90	
Purchase of saddle pads.....	7 70	
Office expenses, purchase of stamps, etc.....	25 94	
		25,151 48
Balance on hand.....		275 82

PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY.

After eighteen months constant and steady search for missing military property (both United States and State), I am able to present herewith a complete record (see table marked "A") to which especial attention is invited of the State's accountability. This record shows in detail (Naval Battalion excluded) the quantities and whereabouts of nearly all the United States property; and, so far as this office is in possession of data to work from, the entire military property owned by the State, amounting in value to over \$50,000.

As it is probable that for many years no accurate inventory has been obtained until the present time—a matter of very great importance when the expense of purchasing new property is considered—it will readily be seen that too much stress cannot be laid on the necessity for a scrupulous attention to the care and preservation of public property, and a prompt rendition of semi-annual returns by all officers, especially regimental quartermasters responsible for the same.

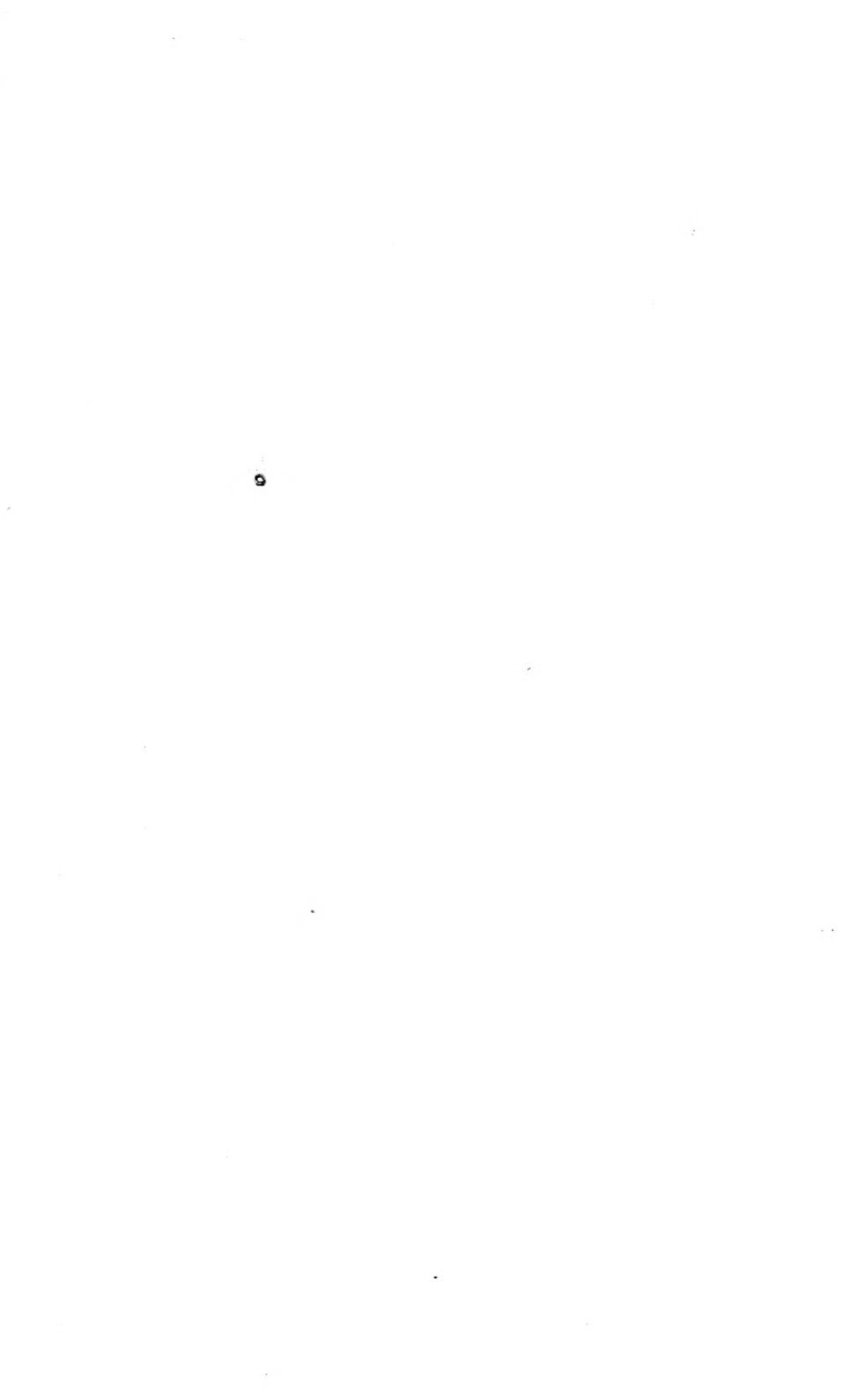
Much labor has been thrown on this office in locating United States property—borne on the State return—for which the State is held responsible. Without the assistance of those in charge of property, an accurate return is an impossibility.

I desire to make note of the services of Mr. J. C. Marshall, retired Quartermaster-Sergeant United States Army. His experience in this department in issuing supplies and looking after the State's property, and his familiarity with technical clerical details incidental to the proper preparation of accounts for the War Department, have been of much assistance to me and valuable in securing early action by the United States Government on the State's war claim.

Very respectfully,

T. S. MUMFORD,

*Brigadier General and Acting Quartermaster General,
State of Maryland.*



Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Stationery, etc.					
	Letter Paper.	Envelopes.	Letter Books.	Cash Books.	Property Books of Quartermasters.	Regimental Record Books.
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.						
On hand December 31, 1898.....				1	3	
Received by purchase during 1899.....	15	1000	1			
Received by transfer during 1899.....						3
Found, taken up, etc.....						
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	15	1000	1	1	3	3
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	15	500				
Balance remaining on hand.....		500	1	1	3	3
<i>How distributed—In whose possession</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)...		500	1	1	3	
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....						
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....						
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						1
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						1
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						1
In possession of Veteran Corps.....						
Total.....		500	1	1	3	3
State Property.....		500	1	1	3	3
United States Property.....						

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Stationery, etc.					Office and Barrack Furniture.											
Company Enlistment and Descriptive Books.	Company Roll Books.	Company Property Books.	Company Letter Received Books.	Company Letter Receipts sent and Endorsement Books.	Desks, Flat Top.	Metalic File Cases.	Stew Pans.	Cupboards.	Letter Cases, Filing.	Book Cases.	Coat Racks.	Inkstands.	Cups, Sponge.	Desks, Office.	Chairs, Office.	Iron Washstands.
												I	I	2	2	13
75	75	75	75	75	I	I	20	2	I	I	I					
75	75	75	75	75	I	I	20	2	I	I	I	I	I	2	2	13
75	75	75	75	75	I	I	20	2	I	I	I	I	I	2	2	13
38 8	38 8	39 8	41 8	41 8	1	I				I	I	I	I	2	2	13
I	I	I	I	I				2	I							
I	I	I	I	I												
13	13	13	12	12												
13	13	13	12	12			20									
75	75	75	75	75	I	I	20	2	I	I	I	I	I	2	2	13
75	75	75	75	75	I	I	20	2	I	I	I	I	I	2	2	13

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Office and Barrack Furn'e.					
	Folding Tables.	Wardrobes.	Typewriters.	Letter Presses.	Blotter Baths.	Dishpans.
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.						
On hand December 31st, 1898.....	16	2	1	.....	.....	44
Received by purchase during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received by transfer during 1899.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....
Found, taken up, etc.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	27
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	16	2	3	3	2	71
Condemned, sold, etc.. during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Balance remaining on hand.....	16	2	3	3	2	71
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)...	16	2	.....	.....	.....	44
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	27
In possession of Veteran Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	16	2	3	3	2	71
State Property.....	16	2	3	3	2	71
United States Property.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Office and Barrack Furniture.

Tin Boilers.	Chambers and Slops.	Tin Basins.	Coffee Pots.	Lanterns.	Buckets.	Dippers.	Tin Plates.	Soap Cups.	Toilet Pitchers.	Lamps, Table.	Oil Cans.	Rakes.	Forks.	Camp Stools.	Oil Heaters.	Stove Lifters.
10	11	106	9	48	112	1	1103	11	11	7	12	.....	6	2	8	1
6	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	11	106	39	48	112	1	1103	11	11	7	12	.....	6	2	8	1
16	11	106	39	48	112	1	1103	11	11	7	12	.....	6	2	8	1
10	11	106	9	42	112	1	1103	11	11	7	12	.....	.....	2	8	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....
.....
6	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	11	106	39	48	112	1	1103	11	11	7	12	.....	6	2	8	1
16	11	106	39	48	112	1	1103	11	11	7	12	.....	6	2	8	1

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Office and Barrack Furn'e.					
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.	Folding Chairs.	Push Carts.	Shoe Brushes.	Tin Cups.	Scales, Platform.	Buzacott Ovens.
On hand December 31, 1898.....	.....	1	12	1070	1	3
Received by purchase during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received by transfer during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Found, taken up, etc.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	33	1	12	1070	1	8
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Balance remaining on hand.....	33	1	12	1070	1	8
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)....	33	1	12	1070	1	2
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of Veteran Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	33	1	12	1070	1	8
State Property.....	33	1	12	1070	1	8
United States Property.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Office and Barrack Furniture.												Ordnance.				
Mimeographs.	Oilcloth (Table).	Flour Barrels.	Chairs, Rocker.	Stands, Typewriter.	Stands, Letter Press.	Carpet Sweepers.	Electric Fans.	Gas Stoves.	Ladders, 12 foot.	Iron Safes.	Magazine Rifles.	Springfield Rifles, Cal. 45.	Bayonets	Bayonet Scabbards.	Blanket Bags.	Blanket Bag Shoulder Straps.
.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I	.....	120	25	37	30
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1453	.....	1762	1542	1490
I	15	.....	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	.....	45	.....	.....	245	618
I	15	50	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1498	120	1787	1824	2138
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	242	.....	269	407	720
I	15	50	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1256	120	1518	1417	1418
.....	15	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	164	25	26
.....	.....	.....	I	I	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	60	60	60	60
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I	I	I	I	.....	476	.....	530	565	565
I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	720	.....	764	767	767
.....
I	15	50	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1256	120	1518	1417	1418
I	15	50	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I	1256	120	1518	1417	1418

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Ordnance.					
	Blanket Bag Coat Straps.	Cartridge Belts.	Cartridge Belt Plates.	Canteens.	Canteen Straps, Infantry.	Gunslings.
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.						
On hand December 31, 1898.....	22	36	3	100	93	60
Received by purchase during 1899.....						
Received by transfer during 1899.....	1507	1524	1421	1493	1495	211
Found, taken up, etc.....	1058	127	287	285	392	
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	2587	1687	1711	1878	1980	271
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	1169	393	435	229	338	
Balance remaining on hand.....	1418	1294	1276	1649	1642	271
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)....	26			100	93	211
In possession of 1st Brigade, Staff and Signal Corps.....						
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....		40	40	103	103	
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....	60	60	60	60	60	60
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	565	474	456	564	564	
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	767	720	720	822	822	
In possession of Veteran Corps.....						
Total	1418	1294	1276	1649	1642	271
State Property.....						
United States Property.....	1418	1294	1276	1649	1642	271

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Ordnance.

Haversacks.	Haversack Straps.	Meat Cans.	Tin Cups.	Knives.	Forks.	Spoons.	Teaspoons.	Officers' Sword Belts, Black Leather.	N. C. Officers' Waist Belts.	N. C. Officers' Waist Belt Plates.	Sword Frogs for N. C. Officers.	Saddles, McClellan.	Curb Bridles.	Steel Bits.	Saddle Cloths.	Saddle Pads.
56	1	167	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	10	3	3	1	9	9	.....	6	6
1504	1406	1405	1677	1387	1387	1387	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	7
227	328	215	.....	160	160	160	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	139	34	140	37	3
1787	1787	1621	1844	1547	1547	1547	16	10	3	3	4	148	43	214	43	16
180	180	130	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1607	1607	1491	1844	1547	1547	1547	16	10	3	3	3	148	43	214	43	16
56	54	1	306	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	12	.....	4
103	103	103	94	101	101	101	.....	3	.....	.....	3	12	12	.....	8	12
63	63	.....	57	59	59	59	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101	.....	202	3	.....
563	565	565	565	565	565	565	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	4	4	.....	3	.....
822	822	822	822	822	822	822	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	9	9	.....	9	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	20	.....	20	.....
1607	1607	1491	1844	1547	1547	1547	16	10	3	3	3	148	43	214	43	16
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	214	.....	16
1607	1607	1491	1844	1547	1547	1547	.....	4	3	3	3	148	43	.....	43	.....

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Ordnance.					
	Brass Hook Attachments.	Swords, N. C. Officers.	Breast Straps and Martingales	Marksman's Pins.	Rifle Stocks.	Canvas Knapsacks
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.						
On hand December 31, 1898 .....	.....	1	109	.....	25	.....
Received by purchase during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received by transfer during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	.....
Found, taken up, etc.....	80	1	.....	.....	.....	708
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	80	2	109	21	25	708
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Balance remaining on hand.....	80	2	109	21	25	708
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)....	.....	1	1	21	25	.....
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps .....	.....	2	11	.....	.....	.....
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	80	.....	97	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	708
In possession of Veteran Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	80	3	109	21	25	708
State Property.....	80	.....	106	21	.....	708
United States Property.....	.....	3	3	.....	25	.....

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Ordinance.

Housings, Major General's.	Housings, Brigadier General's	Sabres, Officers.	Sabre Cases.	Sabres, Enlisted Men.	Sharpshooters' Badges.	Cartridge Boxes.	Swords, Line Officers.	Pistol Cartridge Pouches.	Pistol Belts (Loops).	Pistol Holsters.	Sabre Belts.	Sabre Belt Plates.	Sabre Belt Attachments.	Sabre Knots.	Canteen Straps, Cavalry.	Saddle Blankets.
I.....	4	3	102.....	95	I	41	3	181	101	101	99	100	101	106		
I	3		66	1105												
2	3	4	3	102	66	1374	I	41	3	181	101	101	99	100	101	106
2	3	4	3	102	66	1200	I	41	3	181	101	101	99	100	101	106
I	3			66			I	I								
I		I		2					9	2	2					3
		3	3	100				40	3	101	99	99	99	100	101	101
										19						2
						174				44						
2	3	4	3	102	66	174	I	41	3	181	101	101	99	100	101	106
					66		I			78	I	I				3
2	3	4	3	102		174		41	3	103	100	100	99	100	101	103

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Ordnance.					
	Bridles (headstall).	Reins (Cavalry Bridle).	Spurs, Officers.	Spurs, Enlisted Men.	Spur Straps.	Sabre Straps.
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.						
On hand December 31, 1898.....	103	202	1	100	101	202
Received by purchase during 1899.....						
Received by transfer during 1899.....						
Found, taken up, etc.....						
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	103	202	1	100	101	202
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	103	202	1	100	101	202
Balance remaining on hand.....	103	202	1	100	101	202
<i>How Distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)....						
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....					2	2
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	103	202	1	98	99	202
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						
In possession of Veteran Corps.....						
Total.....	103	202	1	100	101	202
State Property.....						99
United States Property.....	103	202	1	100	101	103

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Ordinance.

Nose Bags.	Links, Cavalry.	Revolvers, Calibre 38.	Screwdrivers, Revolver.	Headstalls, Halter.	Straps, Halter.	Surcingles.	White Belts.	Plates, White Belts.	Black Leather Belts.	Plates, Black Leather.	Boots, Carbine.	Bench Reloading Tools.	Artillery Harness.	Curb Straps.	Guidon Sockets and Straps.
13	103	102	95	101	100	103	.....	.....	124	9	4	.....	2	100	.....
48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	15	891	531	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
61	103	180	95	101	100	103	15	15	1015	540	4	2	2	100	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	975	500	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
61	103	180	95	101	100	103	15	15	40	40	4	2	2	100	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	15	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	103	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	101	95	101	100	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	.....
.....	.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	40	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
61	103	180	95	101	100	103	15	15	40	40	4	2	2	100	2
61	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	15	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	103	103	95	101	100	103	.....	.....	40	40	.....	2	2	100	.....

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Ordnance.			
STATION. BALTIMORE, MD.	Ball Cartridges, Rifle, Calibre 45	Ball Cartridges, Revolver, Calibre 38.	Blank Cartridges, Rifle, Calibre 38.	Blank Cartridges, Revolver, Calibre 45.
On hand December 31, 1898.....	107,000	11,000	24,000	1950
Received by purchase during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received by transfer during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Found, taken up, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	107,000	11,000	24,000	1950
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	4150	.....	.....	.....
Balance remaining on hand.....	102,850	11,000	24,000	1950
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>				
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)...	102,000	.....	24,000	.....
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	.....	11,000	.....	1950
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....	850	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of the Veteran Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	102,850	11,000	24,000	1950
State Property.....	102,850	11,000	24,000	1950
United States Property.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Ordnance.

Arm Chests.	Round Balls, Calibre 45.	Cartridge Primers.	Laidley's Revolving Targets.	Targets for Gallery Practice.	Shot Marks and Staves.	Brushes, Bench.	Brace, with Screwdriver.	Screwdrivers.	Spring Vises.	Shell Extractors.	Tumbler Punchers.	Wiping Rods.	Bit (Brace $\frac{3}{8}$ inch.)	Hammer Claw.	Hatchet.	Oiler.
4	2000	.....	4	14	4	I	I	20	4	20	4	20	I	I	I	I
60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	I	I	I	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
71	2000	.....	4	14	4	I	I	23	5	21	5	22	I	I	I	I
18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
53	2000	.....	4	14	4	I	.....	23	5	21	5	22	I	I	I	I
4	2000	.....	4	.....	4	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	4	20	4	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	I	3	I	I	I	2	I	I	I	I
53	2000	.....	4	14	4	I	I	23	5	21	5	22	I	I	I	I
53	2000	.....	4	14	4	I	I	23	5	21	5	22	I	I	I	I

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Medical Property.					
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.	Hospital Corps Pouches, Complete.	Surgeons' Field Cases, Complete.	Medical Officers' Orderly Pouches.	Emergency Cases.	First Aid Packages.	Litters.
On hand December 31, 1898.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received by purchase during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Received by transfer during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Found, taken up, etc.....	36	10	9	7	2665	32
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	36	10	9	7	2665	32
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Balance remaining on hand.....	36	10	9	7	2665	32
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....	28	2	1	.....	865	8
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	4	4	4	3	900	12
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	4	4	4	4	900	12
In possession of Veteran Corps.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	36	10	9	7	2665	32
State Property.....	36	10	9	7	2665	32
United States Property.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Medical Property.							China Ware, etc.											
Litter Slings.	Food Chests, Complete.	Mess Chests, Complete.	Commode Chests, Complete.	Sterilizing Chests, Complete.	Surgical Chests.	Ambulances.	Cups.	Saucers.	Dinner Plates.	Soup Plates.	Tumblers.	Vegetable Dishes.	Pitchers.	Meat platters.	Pie plates.	Bowls.	Carving Forks.	Table Knives.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	33	.....	150	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	1	814
128	2	2	2	2	2	1	1246	1155	1258	1242	657	144	119	125	88	125	.....	.....
128	2	2	2	2	2	1	1246	1219	1291	1242	807	144	147	125	88	125	1	814
128	2	2	2	2	2	1	1246	1219	1291	1242	807	144	147	125	88	125	1	814
80	2	2	2	2	2	1	1246	1219	1291	1242	807	144	147	125	88	125	1	814
.....
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
128	2	2	2	2	2	1	1246	1219	1291	1242	807	144	147	125	88	125	1	814
128	2	2	2	2	2	1	1246	1219	1291	1242	807	144	147	125	88	125	1	814

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Tableware, etc.			
STATION. BALTIMORE, MD.	Table Forks.	Tablespoons.	Teaspoons.	Bread Knives.
On hand December 31, 1898.....	807	787	17	1
Received by purchase during 1899.....				
Received by transfer during 1899.....				
Found, taken up, etc.....				
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	807	787	17	1
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	807	787	17	1
Balance remaining on hand.....	807	787	17	1
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>				
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)....	807	787	17	1
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....				
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....				
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....				
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				
In possession of Veteran Corps.....				
Total.....	807	787	17	1
State Property.....	807	787	17	1
United States Property.....				

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Clothing.

Blouses, Officers.	Blouses, Enlisted Men.	Overcoats, Officers.	Overcoats, Enlisted Men.	Dress Coats, Officers.	Dress Coats, Enlisted Men.	Trousers, Officers.	Trousers, Enlisted Men.	Helmets, Officers.	Helmets, Enlisted Men.	Forage Caps, Officers.	Forage Caps, Enlisted Men.	Woolen Blankets.	Cap Ornaments.	Shoulder Straps.	Cloth Chevrons, N. C. Staff, etc.	Cloth Chevrons, Sergeants.
3	448	2	68	7	63	3	103	.....	72	.....	103	50	146	.....	.....	2
.....	1323	.....	973	.....	.....	.....	1323	.....	.....	54	.....	1252	.....	.....	130	200
1	469	8	29	.....	13	1	308	1	199	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
93	151	110	583	14	848	122	234	3	.....	70	764	326	10	4	40	56
97	2391	120	1653	21	924	126	1968	4	277	124	867	1658	156	4	170	258
.....	340	.....	.....	.....	173	.....	300	.....	.....	.....	103	230	.....	.....	2	8
97	2051	120	1653	21	751	126	1668	4	277	124	764	1428	156	4	168	250
6	360	9	41	7	.....	3	195	1	208	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	7	4	6	.....	6	4	6	.....	6	4	6	2	14	.....	11	7
4	84	4	80	.....	.....	4	84	.....	.....	4	82	83	82	4	4	10
3	60	1	60	3	60	3	60	.....	63	.....	63	64	60	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	28	.....	3	.....	33	.....	3	.....	26	.....	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	773	34	699	8	685	7	556	.....	.....	18	613	375	.....	.....	78	136
44	767	40	767	.....	.....	72	767	.....	.....	98	.....	882	.....	.....	75	96
.....
97	2051	120	1653	21	924	126	1668	4	277	124	764	1428	156	4	168	250
97	1323	120	1613	21	803	126	1323	4	277	124	764	1252	106	4	166	250
.....	728	.....	40	.....	121	.....	335	.....	.....	.....	.....	176	50	.....	2	.....

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property.

CLASSES.	Clothing.					
STATION.	Cloth Chevrons, Corporals.	Stripes, N. C. Staff and Sergts.	Stripes, Corporals.	Ponchos.	D. B. Shirts.	Campaign Hats.
BALTIMORE, MD.						
On hand December 31, 1898.....				15	10	16
Received by purchase during 1899	352	150	370			1376
Received by transfer 1899.....						103
Found taken up, etc.....	93			196	144	159
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	445	150	370	211	154	1654
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	16					40
Balance remaining on hand.....	429	150	370	211	154	1614
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General).....			60	15	10	
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....		6		9	3	11
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....	13	7	8	94	78	82
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....		10	16	62	61	63
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				18		20
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	224	60	148			588
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	192	67	138	13	2	880
In possession of Veteran Corps.....						
Total.....	429	150	370	211	154	1614
State Property.....	429	150	370	165	154	1614
United States Property.....				46		

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Clothing.									Equipage.											
Leather Gauntlets.	Boots.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Leggins.	Chassuer Hats.	Epanlettes.	Pon Pons.	Metallic Letters.	Axes.	Bedsacks.	Cots.	Mattresses.	Maddocks.	Drums.	Snares, Drum.	Braces, Drum.	Trumpets.	Trumpet Mouth Pieces, Extra.	Trumpet Crooks, Extra.	Trumpet Cords and Tassels.
85	.....	69	1	832	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	115	113	28	2	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	1489	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	1	2	.....	444	774	788	824	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	10	50	8	.....	.....	.....
85	1	71	1	3249	774	788	824	12	6	115	113	28	2	1	10	50	2	2	2	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	950	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
85	1	71	1	2299	774	788	824	12	4	115	113	28	2	1	10	50	10	2	2	2
.....
.....	.....	8	1	600	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115	113	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	2	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
83	.....	.....	.....	137	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	61	.....	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	686	774	788	824	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	10	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	803	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....
85	1	71	1	2299	774	788	824	12	4	115	113	28	2	1	10	50	10	2	2	2
42	1	71	1	1494	774	788	824	12	4	115	113	28	2	1	10	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	.....	.....	.....	805	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	2	2	2

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Equipage.					
STATION, BALTIMORE, MD.	Hoops, Drum.	Ropes, Drum.	Sticks, Drum.	Hooks, Drum.	Slings, Drum.	Music Pouches.
On hand December 31, 1898.....						..*
Received by purchase during 1899.....						
Received by transfer during 1899.....						
Found, taken up, etc.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
Balance remaining on hand.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>						
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)...						
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....						
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....						
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....						
In possession of Veteran Corps.....						
Total.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
State Property.....	10	20	16	50	60	40
United States Property.....						

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Equipage.					Tentage.											
Colors, Regimental and U. S.	Garrison Flags.	Storm Flags.	Pillows.	Shovels, etc.	Tents, Common.	Tent Poles, Ridge.	Tent Poles, Upright.	Conical Tent.	Conical Poles.	Conical Tripods.	Hospital Tents.	Hospital Tent Flies.	Hospital Tent Poles, Ridge.	Hospital Tent Poles, Upright.	Wall Tents.	Wall Tent Flies.
.....	.....	.....	35	6	144	138	189	.....	.....	.....	18	18	15	36	32	32
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	I	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	I	I	35	6	144	138	189	4	4	4	18	18	15	36	32	32
2	I	I	35	6	144	138	189	4	4	4	18	18	15	36	32	32
.....	.....	.....	35	.....	144	138	189	4	4	4	18	18	15	36	32	32
2	I	I	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....
.....
.....
2	I	I	35	6	144	138	189	4	4	4	18	18	15	36	32	32
I	I	I	35	6	134	128	169	4	4	4	11	11	8	22	25	25
I	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	10	20	.....	.....	.....	7	7	7	14	7	7

Tabular Statement of United States and State Military Property

CLASSES.	Tentage.			
	Wall Tent Poles, Ridge.	Wall Tent Poles, Upright.	Pins, Large.	Pins, Small.
STATION.				
BALTIMORE, MD.				
On hand December 31, 1898.....	5	62	248	2000
Received by purchase during 1899.....				192
Received by transfer during 1899.....				
Found, taken up, etc.....				
Total on hand and received (from all sources) since last report.....	5	62	248	2192
Condemned, sold, etc., during 1899.....				
Balance remaining on hand.....	5	62	248	2192
<i>How distributed—In whose possession.</i>				
In store (Possession of Quartermaster General)...	5	62	248	2192
In possession of 1st Brigade Staff and Signal Corps.....				
In possession of Troop "A," M. N. G.....				
In possession of 1st Separate Co., M. N. G.....				
In possession of 1st Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				
In possession of 4th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				
In possession of 5th Regiment, I., M. N. G.....				
In possession of Veteran Corps.....				
Total.....	5	62	248	2192
State Property.....		48	248	2192
United States Property.....	5	14		

in Possession of the State of Maryland, December 31, 1899.

Tentage.					Material.	
Tents, 12x20, and Poles.	Tents, 12x16, and Poles.	Common Tent Floors.	Wall Tent Floors.	Hospital Tent Floors.	Blouse Flannel.	Blue Kersey.
3	2	663	88	21	2220	5759
.....
3	2	663	88	21	2220	5759
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2220	5647
3	2	663	88	21	.....	112
3	2	663	88	21	.....	112
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Manufactured into	5,647 Yds. Manfd.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,323 Blouses.	into 1,323 Trousers.
3	2	663	88	21	.....	112
3	2	663	88	21	.....	112
.....

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,

BALTIMORE, MD., December 31. 1899.

*To the Adjutant General, State of Maryland,**Annapolis, Maryland.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith my reports of inspection of the State troops for the years 1898 and 1899, respectively.

Inspection 1898—Troops mobilized at Camp Wilmer, Pimlico, Maryland, preparatory to their muster into the United States service for duty in the war with Spain.

In obedience to orders from the Adjutant General's Office, dated Annapolis, Md., April 23rd, 1898, the entire Brigade, M. N. G., of the State, mobilized at Pimlico, Maryland, April 25th, 1898, was as follows:

Brigade Staff, 8 Commissioned Officers and 5 Non-Commissioned Officers. Total.....							13
First Regiment, M. N. G., 31 Officers and 340 enlisted men. Total.....							371
Fourth	"	"	44	"	683	"	727
Fifth	"	"	50	"	667	"	717
First Separate Co.	"	"	3	"	55	"	58
Troop "A"	"	"	1	"	31	"	32
Signal Corps	"	"	1	"	8	"	9
Total.....							1927

This rendezvous was selected by the Brigade Commander, Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs, for the following reasons: Its proximity to the city for supply purposes, its location in reference to steam railways and the two systems of street car lines for transportation purposes, the purity of its water supply, the immediate availability of buildings for temporary offices, storehouses, mess sheds, stables and for sanitary purposes.

Under all the conditions desired it was undoubtedly the most available site offered, notwithstanding the fact that the character of the soil, subjected to almost daily rains for the entire period of the encampment, made the grounds undesirable as a camp site for drill purposes.

The movement of the troops into camp was made too hurriedly, and consequently without proper and sufficient preparation in advance for shelter and supplies. Some of the companies were not issued tentage till late in the night. Under the circumstances tents should have been pitched in advance of the arrival of the troops by pioneer detachments from the several regiments and organizations of the Brigade.

The troops finally mustered into the service of the United States from this encampment was one Regiment of Infantry, known as the Fifth Regiment, Maryland, United States Volunteers, commanded by Col. R. Dorsey Coale, and the First Regiment of Infantry, Maryland, United States Volunteers, (composed of eight companies; eventually increased to twelve by the addition of four companies from the Fourth Regiment, I., M. N. G.), commanded by Col. William F. Lane.

The total strength of these commands was 98 officers and 2,013 enlisted men. Aggregate 2,111.

The First Separate Company, (Colored), under the command of Capt. William R. Spencer, reported in camp previous to the general concentration of the troops to guard the State property, and remained on duty after the departure of the troops and the State property was removed.

During the entire encampment this company performed its duty faithfully and well, its discipline is good and the general good conduct and soldierly manner in which the men performed the duty of guards and sentinels was a frequent topic of favorable comment on the part of superior officers.

This was the first experience of Calvary Troop "A" under the command of Captain Joseph W. Shirley, in camp. The guard work performed was very satisfactory. It has good material as the nucleus of an excellent cavalry troop which can render the City and State good service in event of internal disorder.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

In the absence of the Brigade Quartermaster, Major Allan McLane, Judge Advocate of the Brigade, was detailed to take charge of the Quartermaster Department, assisted at first by Captain Isidor Becker, R. Q. M., First Regiment, and afterwards by Captain D. M. Pennington, R. Q. M., Fourth Regiment. There was considerable confusion in this department for several days due to the lack of supplies incident to the hurried concentration of the troops and the want of a recognized system of issue. No fault can, however, be attached to Major McLane, for he was without experience in this duty. On the contrary, much credit is due him for his untiring efforts to provide everything possible for the comfort and protection of the troops.

Tent-floors had been brought from the former encampment at Frederick, Md., and every tent was provided with flooring. There was a full allowance of tentage for the entire brigade. The Fifth Regiment was the only one supplied with mattresses at first. The whole command was furnished with them in a few days. On account of an inadequate supply of water a new tank was built and an abundant supply furnished for all purposes, throughout the entire camp, by a system of water pipes.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

The Subsistence Department was in charge of Major F. W. Coale, Brigade Commissary.

Rations were issued to the Regimental Commissary Officers in bulk and prepared by hired cooks until the troops were mustered into the United States service. The food was of good quality and ample in quantity. There were some complaints at first as to a lack of fresh beef, which was due to inability to have this article supplied as needed in the absence of a cold storage box.

The articles of food supplied consisted of fresh, corned and canned roast beef, mutton, ham, bacon, smoked sausages and eggs, bread, butter, coffee, sugar, salt, pepper, potatoes, beans, rice, cabbages, onions, apples, cheese, tomatoes, corn and string beans.

The Commissary Department was well managed, the cost per ration being only 25 16-100 cents per day.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Colonel J. M. T. Finney, Chief Surgeon of the Brigade, was in charge of the Medical Department. He was assisted by the Regimental Surgeons in caring for the sick, in carefully watching the sanitary condition of the camp, in looking after its cleanliness and the cooking arrangements, and inspecting the sinks and seeing that they were kept in proper condition. The hospital tents were floored and fully supplied with cots and mattresses and the necessary bedding. The Dispensary, in charge of Stewards from the Medical Department, with attendants, contained all the necessary medical supplies. An analysis was made of the water and pronounced satisfactory as to its purity.

Notwithstanding the incessant rains there was not a serious case of illness in camp, which is evidence of the high character of the service rendered by this department.

Attention is invited to the custom of officers contracting indebtedness against the State without proper authority, thereby entailing much unnecessary labor on the part of disbursing officers in examination of these claims.

Previous to the muster of the State troops into the service of the United States the men were supplied with overcoats, blouses, trousers, flannel shirts, shoes, campaign hats, ponchos, buzzacott ovens, arms, ammunition, etc., together with a full allowance of tentage. (The mounted officers, with horse equipments.)

It will thus be seen that no troops were more thoroughly clothed, armed and equipped ready for war service than those furnished by the State of Maryland.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,

BALTIMORE, MD., *December 15, 1899.*

In obedience to G. O. No. 10, dated Adjutant General's Office, Annapolis, Md., November 16, 1899, I have the honor to report the result of my inspection of all organizations of the First Brigade, (except the First Regiment I., M. N. G.,) and of the Naval Battalion, M. N. G.

The aggregate strength of the military establishment of the State based on last monthly returns to Brigade Headquarters is as follows:

Brigade Commander and staff.....	15
First Regiment I., M. N. G.....	453
Fourth " " ".....	659
Fifth " " ".....	737
First Separate Company.....	62
Troop "A".....	71
Signal Corps.....	13
<hr/>	
Total.....	2,010
First Naval Battalion.....	210
<hr/>	
Total.....	2,220

BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS,

BRIGADIER GENERAL LAWRASON RIGGS, Commanding.

The present plan of administration of these headquarters is in striking contrast to that found at the time of my first inspection. The records pertaining to the brigade at that time were so meagre that they were of little assistance in ascertaining the condition of the several organizations composing it. In the last three years the system of government has been advanced to a high condition of future usefulness. Not only are all the necessary books of record on file, but a very comprehensive set of blank forms have been prepared for each organization of the brigade; in addition to this a complete set of regimental and company books have been provided and distributed. In fact the complete history of the entire brigade during the present administration is now a matter of record, and so carefully and methodically arranged that reference to any communication, to the several staff departments and each organization, can be made at a moment's notice. All requisitions for funds and supplies are carefully scrutinized, all vouchers are examined and a rigid economy is practiced in the disbursement of State moneys requiring the approval of the brigade commander. All this has been largely the result of much time and labor on the part of the present efficient Adjutant General, Colonel Alan McLane, who is worthy of much praise for his scrupulous discharge of the manifold duties of his office.

The money accounts of this officer were examined, also vouchers for all expenditures. His accounts were found correct.

FOURTH REGIMENT I., M. N.G.

(Baltimore City.)

COLONEL WILLARD HOWARD, Commanding.

Inspected November 28, 29, and December 1, 1899.

	PRESENT.			ABSENT.			Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	
Field and Staff.....	14	.....	14	I	.....	I	15
Non-Com. Staff.....	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....	8
Field Music.....	.....	31	31	.....	.....	.....	31
Company "A".....	I	32	33	.....	3	3	36
Company "B".....	2	23	25	.....	19	19	44
Company "C".....	I	32	33	.....	17	17	50
Company "D".....	2	39	41	.....	6	6	47
Company "E".....	I	30	31	.....	18	18	49
Company "F".....	2	19	21	I	27	28	49
Company "G".....	2	23	25	.....	10	10	35
Company "H".....	2	37	39	.....	.....	.....	39
Company "I".....	I	18	19	.....	13	13	32
Company "K".....	2	20	22	.....	34	34	56
Company "L".....	3	29	32	.....	12	12	44
Company "M".....	2	30	32	I	11	12	44
Total.....	35	371	406	3	170	173	579

Percentage present, 70.

THIRD BATTALION.

MAJOR CHARLES CLARK, Commanding.

Company "C"—CAPTAIN ROBERT S. CHENOWETH.

This company presented a generally neat appearance, steady in ranks, and fairly well "set up." Manual of arms "good" and company movements "fairly good." Company books up to date. Percentage present, 66.

Company "D"—CAPTAIN W. C. WESSELLS.

The general appearance of this company was "fairly good." The company drill can be classed as "fair." The books of the company were in proper shape. The attendance was "very good." Percentage present, 87.

Company "H"—CAPTAIN W. A. BURKE.

This company's appearance was "good." The company drills, "fair." Commands given in proper cadence. Company books in proper condition. Attendance, "excellent." Percentage present, 100.

Company "F"—CAPTAIN T. F. PETERSON.

In general appearance, manual of arms, firings and marching this company can be rated as "fair." Company books in proper shape. Percentage present, 35.6.

REMARKS ON BATTALION.

The battalion drill presented by Major Clark, indicated considerable instruction, and a good knowledge on his part of the proper handling of his command; company commanders should familiarize themselves with the details of the ceremony of "Inspection of a Battalion."

SECOND BATTALION,

MAJOR MORRIS W. TUCKER, Commanding.

Company "B"—CAPTAIN E. F. HAUPT.

This company's appearance was "very good" in dress and bearing of men. The company movements were well executed, and showed the service training of the Captain. The marching was "very good." The company Books were especially neat and up to date. Percentage present, 56.8.

Company "I"—LIEUT. C. R. EVANS, Commanding.

The appearance of this company was "very good." The drill was also "very good." The manual of arms and firings "fair." Company books in good condition. Percentage present, 59.

Company "A"—LIEUT. O. H. BROWN, Commanding.

This company can be rated as "fair" in general appearance, marching, manual of arms and firings. Company books kept up. Attendance very good. Percentage present, 91.6.

Company "E"—LIEUT. E. I. EVANS, Commanding.

This company was presented for inspection without fixed bayonets. The general appearance was "fair," and the company drill was only "fair." Captain N. S. Hill was absent. Company books not up to date. Percentage present, 63.

REMARKS ON THE BATTALION.

The drill of this battalion was quite creditable; there seemed, however, to be a desire to hurry through the movements at the expense of accuracy. (Thorough theoretical instruction of the guides is essential to the precise execution of the general movements of the battalion.) This was lacking on the part of these guides.

FIRST BATTALION.

MAJOR F. P. SWAZEY, Commanding.

Company "G"—CAPTAIN A. W. FEUS.

A "very good" appearance was made by this company. The general "set up" of the men indicated the work of an experienced captain. The company drill was quite good throughout. Company books in good order. Percentage present, 70.

Company "L"—CAPTAIN E. H. I. STESCH, Commanding.

This company made a "fairly good" appearance. Considerable inattention in ranks; company composed mostly of recruits. The company drill was "fairly good." Books up to date. Percentage present, 72.7.

Company "K"—CAPTAIN H. E. HAYNES.

This company is classed as "good" in general appearance, and though composed of new material was very steady and attentive. The company drill was also "fairly good" under the circumstances. Books in order. Percentage present, 39.

Company "M"—CAPTAIN SAMUEL W. FILBERT.

The appearance of this company was "fairly good." There was some inattention in ranks. The drill of the company should be classed as "good." Company books in proper shape. Percentage present, 72.7.

REMARKS ON BATTALION.

Major Swazey handled his battalion well, showing thorough familiarity with details of the movements executed. The ceremony of inspection of battalion was in close accordance with drill regulations.

FIELD MUSIC.

The Field Music made an "excellent" appearance, not only as to dress, but as to neatness and adjustment of equipments, cleanliness of instruments, steadiness in ranks and soldierly "set up" generally. The attendance is especially to be commended in such a large drum corps, the percentage present being 100.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

CAPTAIN D. F. PENNINGTON, Regimental Quartermaster.

The money accounts of this, the fiscal officer of the regiment, were examined and found correct up to date. All vouchers are now examined by a Regimental Board, also by the Adjutant General of the Brigade, as to current expenses of the regiment. This officer is bonded according to law. Regimental and government property, both Quartermaster's and Ordnance, is in his charge. All his property is properly stored in the armory and looked after with the same care and system that has always characterized the work performed by this energetic Quartermaster.

REMARKS ON REGIMENT.

This regiment has been working under difficulties in its efforts to reorganize since the Spanish War. Four of its companies constituted a battalion of the First Regiment, Maryland,

United States Volunteers. Their recent return to the Fourth Regiment, together with numerous changes among officers and men in many of the companies, were the main reasons for the presentation of the regiment for inspection under unfavorable conditions. Four of the companies have not yet been supplied with complete equipments of ordnance nor with new clothing throughout. Under these conditions it would not be reasonable to expect the standard usually required at the annual inspection. The United States Government has furnished arms and field equipments in place of those transferred to volunteers during the war, and new clothing has been issued by the State. Regimental headquarters is now supplied with the necessary books of record, and since my last detailed inspection the regiment has been concentrated under one roof in a handsome armory, consequently many obstacles formerly in the way have disappeared, and a good foundation now exists for building up the regiment to a high standard of efficiency.

FIFTH REGIMENT, I., M. N. G.

(*Baltimore City.*)

COLONEL FRANK MARKOE, Commanding.

Inspected December 5th, 7th and 8th, 1899.

	PRESENT.			ABSENT.			Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	
Field and Staff.....	14	.....	14	3	.....	3	17
Non-Com. Staff.....	.....	11	11	.....	1	1	12
Field music.....	.....	31	31	.....	1	1	32
Company "A".....	2	38	40	1	14	15	55
Company "B".....	2	39	41	.....	5	5	46
Company "C".....	2	44	46	.....	1	1	47
Company "D".....	2	41	43	.....	6	6	49
Company "E".....	3	45	48	.....	1	1	49
Company "F".....	2	33	35	.....	12	12	47
Company "G".....	2	33	35	.....	7	7	42
Company "H".....	3	27	30	.....	14	14	44
Company "I".....	1	41	42	1	9	10	52
Company "K".....	3	38	41	.....	2	2	43
Company "L".....	2	31	33	.....	20	20	53
Company "M".....	3	50	53	.....	1	1	54
Total.....	41	502	543	5	94	99	642
Percentage present 84.5.							

THIRD BATTALION.

MAJOR H. M. WARFIELD, Commanding.

Company "I"—CAPTAIN N. LEE GOLDSBOROUGH.

The general appearance of this company was "very good" as to dress and bearing and the company drill can be rated as

"good." Manual of arms and firings "fairly good." Some gazing about in ranks. Company books in good condition. Percentage present, 80.

Company "L"—CAPTAIN JESSE SLINGLUFF.

The neat and steady appearance of this company was quite satisfactory under the circumstances, it being practically a new company, except old non-commissioned officers. The company movements, manual of arms and firings were fairly well done. Company books in proper order. Percentage present, 64.

Company "B"—CAPTAIN THOMAS S. JANNEY.

This company's appearance as to dress was "very good," but there was some inattention in ranks; it presented a very good company drill, the manual and firings can be rated as "good." Books were in order. Attendance good. Percentage present, 89.

Company "G"—CAPTAIN C. B. CLOTWORTHY.

The appearance of this company as to dress was generally good, men were very steady in ranks. Company movements, manual of arms and firings were "fairly good." Some company books require completion to date. Percentage present, 78.

REMARKS ON BATTALION.

The Battalion Commander demonstrated his knowledge of battalion drill in presenting several well executed movements. Nearly all non-commissioned officers in this battalion had field service in volunteers. Eighty-seven old members, balance new men.

SECOND BATTALION.

MAJOR LEWIS M. RAWLINS, Commanding.

Company "E"—CAPTAIN JOHN HINKLEY.

The very good appearance of this company, both as to dress and general steadiness and soldierly bearing, was most satisfactory. Company movements and firings "fairly good." Manual of arms "very good." Some cadence. Company books particularly neat and up to date. Attendance "excellent." Percentage present, 91.

Company "D"—CAPTAIN LAY BRYAN.

The general appearance of this company was "good." The company drill was fairly good, and the firings and manual of arms can be classed likewise. Company books in good shape. Percentage present, 87.

Company "A"—CAPTAIN R. B. BOWIE.

This company's appearance and general bearing in ranks can be rated as good. The manual of arms was more than good.

considerable cadence; the firings fairly good and the company movements were "good." Books in proper order. Percentage present, 72.

Company "K"—CAPTAIN E. A. MUNOZ.

This company presented a good general appearance and quite steady in ranks. The Company drill, firings and manual of arms should all be classed under the same head as "fairly good." Attendance "excellent." Percentage present, 95.3.

REMARKS ON BATTALION.

Major Rawlins' drilling of his battalion showed care and attention to details of movements. Two new captains since last inspection. Most of non-commissioned officers in this battalion are old members.

FIRST BATTALION.

MAJOR GEORGE L. DEICHMAN, Commanding.

Company "C"—CAPTAIN ELBERT THOMPSON.

The dress and steadiness and set up of this company can be classed as "good;" the manual of arms, firings and company drill was "fairly good." Company books up to date. Attendance "excellent." Percentage present, 97.8.

Company "M"—CAPTAIN RIDGELY GAITHER.

The remarkably neat appearance of this company as to uniforms, its steadiness and military bearing and attention to every detail of inspection entitled it to be classed as "excellent." The firings were "good" and the company drill was "very good." The manual of arms was "excellent," the attention to cadence was pronounced. The attendance was "excellent." Company books up to date. Percentage present, 98. This company is honored with having the highest general rating of any company in the National Guard at this inspection.

Company "H"—CAPTAIN E. A. HOLMES.

The general appearance of this company was fairly good. Company drill, manual of arms and firings should also be rated as fairly good. Company books in good shape. Percentage present, 68.

Company "F"—CAPTAIN WASHINGTON BOWIE.

This company presented a good appearance as to dress and steadiness in ranks. The company drill was fairly good, as well as the manual of arms and firings. Company books in good order. Percentage present, 74.4.

REMARKS ON BATTALION.

The handling of this battalion was not up to the standard; closer attention should be given to the details of inspection. All non-commissioned officers old members. Nearly one hundred old members in battalion.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT,

CAPTAIN R. J. MILLER, R. Q. M.

Captain Miller's books and records were found to be kept in the same neat, careful and systematic manner as at last inspection. All his money accounts with vouchers are examined quarterly by a Board of Officers of his Regiment, and his vouchers are also examined at Brigade Headquarters. He is bonded. His money accounts were examined by me and found correct. The Quartermaster's property at the 5th Regiment Armory is in good order and condition.

FIELD MUSIC.

The general appearance of the field music, under Drum Major Czarnowskis, was well up to the standard, instruments and brasses in usual bright condition; the drill was "excellent" as well as attendance. Percentage present, 97.

REMARKS ON REGIMENT.

The general appearance of this Regiment as to neatness of dress, adjustment of field equipments, soldierly set-up of the men and steadiness in ranks, created a most favorable impression. There is marked improvement in attention to dress throughout the battalions.

Closer attention should be given to the manual of arms and firings; also to the details of the ceremony of inspection, errors being noticeable throughout the Regiment.

Regimental record books are kept up to the former standard. The theoretical course of instruction for non-commissioned officers and practical instruction of men as sentinels should be resumed. The Regiment is now almost completely supplied with new uniforms, and in addition practically new rifles and field equipments; its officers, with few exceptions, and nearly fifty per cent. of its men having had several months' of field service as United States volunteers, it is now in a condition to place itself in a higher rank than ever among the militia Regiments of the country.

TROOP "A." M. N. G.

(Pikesville, Md.)

CAPTAIN JOSEPH W. SHIRLEY, Commanding.

Inspected December 2, 1899.

PRESENT.			ABSENT.			Aggregate
Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	
3	33	36	0	75	35	71
Percentage present, 50.						

The progress made by this troop since its first appearance at Camp Wilmer is commendable. Its appearance at this first annual detailed inspection was very satisfactory as to dress and soldierly "set up." The review and inspection were well rendered, and the drill indicated the work of a properly trained instructor and student of cavalry methods.

The clean condition of the arms, the care bestowed on the equipments and the adjustment of the same throughout the entire troop was noticeable, and showed the knowledge and interest of the individual trooper in his work. The ready use of the sabre on horseback and the mounted exercises by individual troopers—selected at random—were prominent features of the drill. The personnel of this organization is excellent, and the pride taken by its members in acquiring a knowledge of cavalry work is indicative of its future usefulness as an efficient accessory to the militia system of the State. The troop at present has no armory. It drills at night, principally by electric lights, on ground adjoining the Pikesville Arsenal. The company property is carefully stored in a room loaned by the courtesy of the authorities of the Soldiers' Home.

The company books and records of the troop were in good shape. The attendance was not satisfactory.

FIRST SEPARATE COMPANY.

(Baltimore City.)

CAPTAIN WM. R. SPENCER, Commanding,

PRESENT.			ABSENT.			Aggregate.
Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	
2	47	49	.....	13	13	62

The company presented a fairly good appearance, under the circumstances; the clothing has been in service for twelve years, and has been well cared for; new clothing should be issued; the wear and tear on it at Camp Wilmer entitles the company to this consideration. The drill-hall is in better sanitary condition since last inspection; it is too small to admit of good drill with a large company. About sixty (60) full-dress uniforms should be turned in, as they are old and never used. Company books in excellent condition. Percentage present, 79.

FIRST NAVAL BATTALION.

(Baltimore City.)

COMMANDER ISAAC E. EMERSON, Commanding.

Inspected December 13, 1899.

	PRÉSENT.			ABSENT.			Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.	Officers	Enlisted Men.	Total.	
L. & S. Officers..	7	.....	7	2	.....	2	9
W. & C. P.....	.....	10	10	.....	.....	.....	10
1st Division.....	2	39	41	.....	9	9	50
2nd Division.....	.....	31	31	2	17	19	50
3rd Division.....	3	46	49	.....	2	2	51
4th Division.....	2	24	26	.....	14	14	40
Total.....	14	150	164	4	42	46	210

Percentage present, 78.

Lieut. Commander Edwin Geer presented the Battalion for inspection in the absence of Commander I. E. Emerson. It was paraded as an Infantry Battalion. The general appearance of the command was very satisfactory. Clothing very neat and in good condition, arms in good condition also. The web belts are in very poor condition, having seen much service and should be replaced by new ones.

The Third Division, commanded by Lieut. Wm. M. Goodrich, presented an excellent appearance; the attendance in this division was also excellent, 96 per cent. present. The division is composed almost entirely of officers and men who served on the "Dixie" •

After the infantry inspection part of the command was presented as a battery with two (2) Fletcher guns; these in addition to two (2) Driggs Schoeder, two (2) brass howitzers, and one (1) automatic Colt were inspected and found to be in first-class condition. This Battery would be invaluable in event of street riots.

This command was inspected in its recently occupied drill hall, formerly a power house of the street railway company; its drill floor space is not sufficient to handle the four divisions at present, but with alterations in contemplation it will not only be large enough for all infantry formations, but for battery drill as well.

A drill hall for this organization for its winter work has been needed very much, not only to keep the men up in their drill exercises, but as an incentive to attract a good element of the community to this progressive organization.

The money accounts of Paymaster W. V. Wilson, Jr., were not quite ready for inspection; they will be examined when completed. During the past summer this battalion had a week's practice cruise on the U. S. auxillary cruiser "Prairie,"

commanded by Captain M. R. S. Mackenzie, U. S. Navy. On the return from this cruise I had the honor of accompanying his Excellency, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, on his official visit. Captain Mackenzie, in his report to the Navy Department, said: "This is one of the best organizations we have taken out for instruction, and any help that the United States government or the State of Maryland may give this battalion will be money well spent."

Since my last inspection a large majority of the officers and men have seen service on either the "Dixie" or U. S. monitors in the war with Spain. Lieut.-Commander Geer reports that over 60 per cent. of these are members of the organization. These officers and men have therefore been subjected to considerable service training in naval matters, and have had some valuable experience as to discipline and customs of the navy, and obtained a good deal of knowledge in gunnery practice. I find them zealous in their work. They have demonstrated their ability to handle the "Sylvia," a practice ship transferred to them by the Navy Department. It would, therefore, seem wise that every encouragement should be extended this organization, and that liberal increase in the State's appropriation be made to still further stimulate its members to increased exertions in the future in their efforts to place it second to none in the country.

I desire, therefore, to renew the recommendations in regard to brigade organizations as fully set forth in my report of last annual inspection.

GENERAL REMARKS.

In closing this report I especially desire to invite attention to the remarks in my last annual detailed inspection in regard to the "Medical Department" and "Target Practice." The organization of the former on a practical working basis is one of the most important matters requiring attention in our State militia system; and as one of the principal duties of a soldier is to learn how to use his rifle properly, an out-door target range is absolutely essential to give him thorough practical knowledge on this subject.

I have been honored in making the first military detailed inspection of the entire National Guard of the State, since its organization.

In reviewing the work of this department I cannot but feel that considerable progress has been made in placing our State troops on a higher plane of efficiency, and that the policy outlined by you of applying regular army methods of inspection, modified to conform to the changed conditions usually prevailing among national guardsmen, has been productive of some good and to be hoped permanent results. Certainly the standard has been raised in many things that pertain to the making

of a good soldier and the excellent administrative system now prevailing throughout the brigade can scarcely be classed with that in vogue at the time of my first inspection.

My observation of the militia of several other States leads me to believe that our own National Guard compares quite favorably with a majority of them. There is still room, however, for great improvement, especially from the practical-useful standpoint for the work they are most liable to be called upon to perform under the militia law of the State, and for which it exists. The experience in the late war shows that National Guardsmen can readily be moulded into practical soldiers by a proper amount of training, and the leaven of volunteers existing in all our State regiments should be of very material assistance in attaining this desired end.

I beg leave to make acknowledgment of the confidence reposed in me, as manifested in the cordial approval of the work of this office, and to tender my heartfelt thanks for your kind assistance and the many courtesies extended me during your administration.

The duty required of an Inspector of making unfavorable criticisms at times is not a pleasant one. It has been the aim of this office to record conditions impartially and in such manner as to produce the best results. The comments have been made with no desire to find fault, but, on the contrary, in the nature of instruction. In such a sense I am sure they have been accepted by all those imbued with the true military spirit, and who, therefore, have at heart the real interests of the National Guard of the State.

Very respectfully,

T. S. MUMFORD,

Inspector General, Maryland National Guard.

Report of Commanding Officer, First Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS, FIRST BRIGADE, M. N. G.,

BALTIMORE, *December 20, 1899.*

ADJUTANT GENERAL, STATE OF MARYLAND,

Annapolis, Maryland.

SIR :

In obedience to G. O. No. 11, A. G. O., c. s., I have the honor to submit my report of the present condition of this brigade and its operations during the years 1898 and 1899.

On April 14th, 1898, a company of infantry organized at Rockville, Montgomery County, was mustered into the service of the State as Company "K," First Regiment, with an enlisted

strength of 53. The officers elected and commissioned according to law were Samuel Riggs of R., Captain, and James A. Henderson and Otho H. W. Talbott as First and Second Lieutenants, respectively.

Company I, First Regiment, having been reported as below the proper standard in enlisted strength, efficiency and discipline, was on April 20th, 1898, disbanded and mustered out of the State service by G. O. No. 9, A. G. O., 1898.

The Militia Law of 1896 provided for the formation, under conditions therein named, of a signal corps to be attached to the brigade. On recommendation of these headquarters Mr. Neil P. Leary, a civil engineer by profession, was commissioned by the Governor as First Lieutenant, and under provisions of G. O. No. 9, A. G. O., 5th April, 1898, undertook the work of organizing such a corps. He was successful in enlisting an excellent force of electricians, telegraphers and linemen.

On 21st April, 1898, the Governor, by virtue of authority given by Section 34 of Militia Law, ordered Major General Wilmer, the Adjutant General of the State, to assume command of all the Maryland troops then organized or thereafter to be organized, and on the same day General Wilmer in General Order assumed command of the Maryland State Forces, particularly setting forth that this order in no manner affected, or would affect, the authority or status of the commanding officers of the First Brigade, First Naval Battalion, Fifth Regiment Veteran Corps, or any organization to be thereafter formed. This plan worked well and tended to promptness in carrying through the subsequent work of raising and equipping the State's quota for volunteer service.

On the 22d of April, 1898, the Major General Commanding the Maryland State Forces ordered the First Brigade to go into camp at Pimlico, Baltimore County, Maryland, on the 25th of April, 1898, for such time as might be prescribed in future orders, and I was directed to issue all necessary orders for the formation of the camp and the mobilization and subsistence of the troops. The order of the Major General Commanding stated that the camp was established for the further instruction and discipline of the brigade, and for completing its organization, armament and equipment preparatory to any service that might be required of it by the National or State Government.

In pursuance of this authority I ordered the First Separate Company to the site selected for the camp on the 24th of April to protect the State property which was to arrive that night, and on the 25th of April, at 2 P. M., left the corner of Eutaw Place and North Avenue, Baltimore, for camp with Fourth and Fifth Regiments of Infantry and Troop A, arriving at 3.15 P. M. The companies of the First Regiment reached camp separately during the afternoon of the 25th from their various stations throughout the State.

The site selected for the camp was the property of the Maryland Agricultural Society, and situated three miles northwest from the centre of Baltimore city. Two lines of electric cars pass the grounds, and Arlington, a station on the Western Maryland Railroad, is one mile distant. The grounds were surrounded by a high board fence, and were sufficient in area to lay out a regulation brigade camp for the three regiments of infantry and to afford a drill ground ample for two regiments drilling simultaneously in close order formation.

Each of the separate organizations had its own camp within the same enclosure. The grounds contained a large covered grand stand, ample stabling for all horses, and suitable buildings for quartermaster and commissary store-houses. The water supply was obtained from an artesian well, and was ample in quantity and most excellent in quality. A tank of twenty thousand gallons capacity, with electric pump, was erected and the water piped through the camp, a tap being put at foot of each company street. Current for the pump was obtained from one of the electric railways.

The camp had been laid off on the 24th by the Chief Quartermaster of the brigade, and the location of each tent marked with a ready-built board flooring. This flooring had been stored at Frederick since the State camp held there in July, 1896.

Tentage was drawn from Chief Quartermaster by each command on its arrival, and by nine o'clock P.M. the entire brigade was settled in camp.

The space under the stand was used for regimental kitchens for the three infantry regiments and for mess hall, the space being only sufficient to feed three battalions at a sitting, one from each regiment. By the fourth day in camp temporary mess sheds had been erected sufficient in size to feed all simultaneously.

The morning report of April 26, 1898, showed the strength of the brigade in camp as follows:

ORGANIZATIONS.	Field Officers.	Staff Officers.	Line Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Totals.		
					Officers.	Men.	Aggregate.
Brigade Headquarters.....	1	7	.....	5	8	5	13
First Regiment.....	4	9	18	340	31	340	371
Fourth Regiment.....	3	11	31	683	45	683	728
Fifth Regiment.....	5	14	33	667	52	667	719
First Separate Company.....	.....	.....	3	55	3	55	58
Troop A.....	.....	.....	1	31	1	31	32
Signal Corps.....	.....	.....	1	8	1	8	9
Total.....	13	41	87	1789	141	1789	1930

The method, which has obtained in this State for years, of each regiment and separate organization having its food cooked in bulk by hired cooks on coal stoves, was followed. The method is unsatisfactory from every point of view, and although the brigade was supplied with a complete outfit of Buzzacott ovens, and it was intended to put them in use as soon as the camp was established, yet the weather conditions were such that in view of the inexperience of officers and men with this form of cooking, their use was postponed until the last few days of camp. As soon as the weather improved the Buzzacott ovens were set up, and the first meal was prepared without previous instruction, and proved at once the superiority of this over the old method.

Rations were issued daily by the Chief Commissary to regimental and separate organization commissaries upon requisition. The amounts and component parts of the ration issued are shown in the table attached to the report of Major F. C. Coale, Chief Commissary of the Brigade, a copy of which report is herewith enclosed. It shows the food cost per enlisted man per day, to have been 25.16-100 cents, and for preparation of food 6 50-100 cents, or a total subsistence cost of 31.66-100 cents per enlisted man per day. The conduct of this department under Major Coale was admirable.

The weather conditions were so unusual as to interfere seriously with the work the camp was designed to accomplish. The record is as follows:

WEATHER CONDITIONS AT CAMP WILMER, 1898.

DATE.		CONDITIONS.
April	25th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Cold.
"	26th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Cold.
"	27th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain and Snow.....Cold.
"	28th, A. M.....	Snow and high wind.
	P. M.—	Cloudy.....Cold.
"	29th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Cloudy.....Warmer.
"	30th, A. M.....	Clear.
	P. M.—	Clear.....Warmer.
May	1st, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Warmer.
"	2nd, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Warmer.
"	3rd, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Cool.
"	4th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Cloudy.....Cooler.
"	5th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Cool.
"	6th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Cooler.
"	7th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Cloudy.....Cool.
"	8th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Tunderstorms.....Cool.
"	9th, A. M.....	Clear.
	P. M.—	Clear.....Warmer.
"	10th, A. M.....	Dense fog.
	P. M.—	Cloudy.....Warm.
"	11th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Warm.
"	12th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Warmer.
"	13th, A. M.....	Rain.
	P. M.—	Rain.....Warmer.
"	14th, A. M.....	Clear.
	P. M.—	Clear.....Warm.
"	15th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	Thunderstorms.....Warm.
"	16th, A. M.....	Cloudy.
	P. M.—	" and hail.....Warm.
"	17th, A. M.....	Clear.
	P. M.—	Clear.....Cool.

The health of the troops in spite of the weather and consequent enforced idleness was remarkably good. The sick reports showing the average daily number of men in hospital as three. The greatest number on any one day, and that for one day only, was eight. On five days there were no sick in the hospital.

On April 27th the Governor of Maryland issued a proclamation reciting the proclamation of the President of the United States, and announcing Maryland's quota to have been fixed at one regiment of infantry and four batteries of heavy artillery. The Governor's proclamation further called upon the organizations of the Maryland National Guard, as they might be selected to volunteer for such service, so that the quota required from Maryland might be filled as nearly as possible from the organized militia.

On the same day the opportunity to volunteer as the regiment of infantry was offered to the Fifth Regiment, and by its officers promptly accepted.

The opportunity to volunteer as the four batteries of heavy artillery was then offered to the Fourth Regiment, and, after consideration by its officers, was declined. The opportunity so declined was then offered to the First Regiment, and immediately accepted.

The work of supplying Maryland's quota having thus been undertaken by two of the National Guard Regiments, and the camp having been established primarily for the organization and equipment of such troops as might be called for by the National Government, the Fourth Regiment was ordered to return to its armory in Baltimore, and there be dismissed.

The regiment of infantry called for was at first ordered to be officered and organized as follows: Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, two Majors, Adjutant (extra Lieutenant), Quartermaster (extra Lieutenant), Surgeon, two Assistant Surgeons, Chaplain, Sergeant-Major, Quartermaster-Sergeant, Chief Musician, two principal Musicians, three Hospital Stewards, and twelve companies each having three officers and eighty-one enlisted men.

On the 30th April a change in the apportionment of troops required from Maryland was made known, two battalions of infantry being called for in place of the four batteries of artillery, and these were ordered organized from the First Regiment, I., M. N. G. At the same time the Honorable Secretary of War authorized a change in the organization of the regiment of infantry first called for, by adding a Major, three Battalion Adjutants and three Battalion Sergeant-Majors, and reducing the number of enlisted men in each company to seventy-seven. The two battalions of infantry were ordered to be organized with a Lieutenant-Colonel, two Majors, two Assistant Surgeons, two Battalion Adjutants, two Sergeant-Majors, two Hospital Stew-

ards and eight companies each officered and organized in the same manner as the companies of the regiment of infantry.

The work of organizing and recruiting the quota of troops thus called for from this State was immediately undertaken. Applicants for enlistment were physically examined by the Regimental Surgeons, and were required to be of good character and habits, and in years under forty-five and over eighteen. Those accepted were at once enlisted into the Maryland National Guard for the regulation term of three years.

The Fifth Regiment, under the new organization, required 935 enlisted men, and had on this date 731. The two battalions required eight companies, with a total enlisted strength of 620, and the First Regiment had at this date only six companies and 381 enlisted men.

Applications from several towns in the State were received by the Governor asking to have the opportunity of furnishing recruits for two additional companies from among their citizens. The applications were referred to me for decision, and Cumberland and Easton were chosen, one in the extreme eastern and the other in the extreme western part of the State. On May 2 Captain Frederick I. Mosher, Fourth Regiment, was ordered to Cumberland to recruit and muster into the Maryland National Guard a company to be known as Company "C," First Regiment, and Captain Chase de Krafft, Assistant Surgeon First Regiment, was detailed to accompany him as examining surgeon. The company was rapidly recruited, an election of officers was held under provisions of the militia law, and on May 5th Captain Mosher reported in camp with three officers-elect and seventy-six enlisted men. Although this work was done rapidly it was nevertheless done well, for not a man from Company "C" was rejected by the United States surgeon when examined preparatory to muster in to the volunteer service.

On May 4 Captain George F. Haupt, Fourth Regiment, was ordered to Easton to recruit and muster into the National Guard Company "F," First Regiment, and Captain John G. Jay, Assistant Surgeon, Fourth Regiment, was detailed to accompany him as examining Surgeon. This company was also rapidly recruited, an election of officers was held under provisions of the militia law, and Captain Haupt reported the company organized on May 8 with three officers and eighty-two enlisted men. The recruiting for the six companies of First Regiment already organized was done at their home stations by officers detailed from their respective companies. The recruiting for the Fifth Regiment was done at Camp Wilmer.

Major Louis Crampton, Surgeon United States Army, began his examination of officers and men for the United States service on May 11, and on May 14 the requisite number had been accepted in the Fifth Regiment, and it was immediately

mustered into the United States service as "Fifth Maryland U. S. V. (Fifth Regiment I., M. N. G.)"

In the First Regiment the necessary number was reached for Companies "A," "B," "C" and "F" on May 16, and these companies were on that day mustered into the volunteer service, and on the following day the remaining companies, "D," "E," "G" and "K" were accepted and similarly mustered, the two battalions being accepted as "First Maryland U. S. V. (First Regiment I., M. N. G.)" These official designations of the regiments, made with the approval of the War Department, taken in connection with the provision of G. O. No. 22, A. G. O., temporarily detaching them from this brigade for the purpose of enabling them to enter the volunteer service of the United States, did away with the apprehension of "loss of identity" which caused so much trouble in other States.

In the Fifth Regiment forty-nine officers presented themselves for examination by the United States Army Surgeon, and all were passed except five, Colonel Frank Markoe, Major William H. Crim, Surgeon, Captain I. R. Trimble, Assistant Surgeon, Captain James D. Iglehart, Assistant Surgeon, and Captain Charles F. Albers, Company H.

In the First Regiment thirty-one officers were examined and all accepted except Captain J. Wright Downey, Assistant Surgeon.

In the Fifth Regiment 986 enlisted men were examined by the United States army surgeon, and 51 were rejected. In the First Regiment 736 were so examined and 116 rejected.

Each officer who was mustered into the volunteer service was supplied by the State with fatigue uniform, campaign hat, overcoat, blanket, blue flannel shirt, canvas leggings, rubber poncho, haversack (containing meat can, knife, fork, spoon and tin cup) and canteen. Field and staff officers also received horse equipments.

Each enlisted man was supplied by the State with trousers, blouse, overcoat with cape, campaign hat, shoes, leggings, blue flannel shirt, blanket, rubber poncho, blanket bag, haversack (containing meat can, knife, fork, spoon and tin cup), canteen, woven cartridge belt and bayonet scabbard with brass hook attachment.

All clothing and equipment was according to United States army standards. The troops were fully armed with Springfield rifles, calibre .45, and each command was supplied with twenty thousand rounds ball cartridges. Each of the twenty companies had a Buzzacott field oven complete.

The Fifth Regiment was supplied with 355 common tents, 43 wall tents and three hospital tents, and the First Regiment with 249 common tents, 32 wall tents and four hospital tents.

On June 8th, 1898, the Governor issued a proclamation based upon the President's second call for volunteers, announcing that there were required from Maryland under this call, first, 580 enlisted men to recruit each of the twenty companies then in the service to the maximum of 106 enlisted men, and, second, a battalion of four companies, each of three officers and 106 enlisted men, to be assigned to the First Regiment, thus making it a full regiment.

The men so required for the Fifth Maryland, U. S. V., were recruited in Baltimore by officers detailed from the regiment for that purpose. The Fourth Regiment was given the opportunity to furnish from its officers and men the battalion called for, and immediately volunteered for that purpose. The officers of the Fourth Regiment were ordered by the Major General commanding to be convened by me for the purpose of selecting the officers for the four companies in such manner as I might prescribe, the names so selected to be submitted to the Governor of Maryland for approval. If approved, they were to recommend, through regular channels, a major, and he, in similar manner, was to name the battalion adjutant.

On June 9th the officers of the regiment were convened, and before any method of selection had been announced I was requested to undertake the duty without suggestion from them. I named George F. Haupt, Frederick I. Mosher, Louis Schmidt and Andrew W. Feuss for the captaincies, and, after conference with them, selected for the First Lieutenants Robert S. Chenoweth, Charles Hahn, Charles R. Evans, Samuel J. Blight, and for the Second Lieutenants, Ernest W. Fetzner, Orville H. Brown, Charles L. Lyons and Harry E. Haynes.

These officers were approved by the Governor, and they selected Colonel J. B. Phipps, Adjutant General First Brigade, as Major, and he named as his adjutant Lieutenant Frank Ryley, at that time adjutant of the First Battalion, Fourth Regiment.

These officers were on the 20th June, 1898, placed on special duty at the Fourth Regiment Armory to prosecute the work of recruiting and preparing for muster the four companies which were to constitute the Third Battalion, First Maryland, U. S. V. The work was completed and the companies mustered in on the 29th of June, 1898. Each officer and enlisted man was armed and equipped by the State similarly to those volunteering under the first call. As the battalion was ordered to join the First Maryland, United States Volunteers, at Fort Monroe, Virginia, no tentage or ammunition was supplied to it.

As the result of the visit of the Adjutant General to the camps of the Fifth Maryland, United States Volunteers, at Tampa and Huntsville, a hospital train was sent from the latter place in charge of a surgeon and nurses sent from Baltimore. This train arrived here on 28th August, 1898, and brought one officer and

107 enlisted men. Of these the officer and forty-five enlisted men were sent to hospitals, and sixty-two men were able to go to their homes. The train was sent back to Huntsville by way of Fort McPherson, Atlanta, and returned here on 3d September, 1898, bringing one officer and seventy-five enlisted men. Of these fifty-eight enlisted men were sent to hospitals, and one officer and seventeen men were able to go to their homes. Of the two officers and 182 men thus brought home, four died.

The furnishing of Maryland's quota under the President's first call for volunteers, and the certainty of a second call, made it probable that the entire infantry strength of the brigade would be withdrawn from the State, leaving us dependent upon Troop "A," which at this time had but thirty-two enlisted men to deal with any internal disorder. The Major General commanding on 24th May, 1898, directed me to take steps to have the Troop recruited up to 100 enlisted men. In the orders originally organizing the Troop it was provided as a prerequisite to enlistment that each man should furnish and maintain a serviceable horse. Therefore, to encourage enlistments and to promote efficiency an allowance of \$1 per man was made for each mounted drill. By August the Troop had been increased to an enlisted strength of seventy six.

On August 5th three officers and thirty-six enlisted men of the Troop went into a three days' voluntary camp of instruction at a tract of land in Baltimore County, known as "Soldiers' Delight." A report of this camp has already been submitted to you. Its cost to the State was \$100.

On 24th October, 1898, the Commanding Officer of the Fifth Regiment reported to me in person the return of his regiment, which had been detached from the brigade on 11th May, 1898, to enable it to volunteer in the United States service.

Leaves of absence and furloughs were granted all officers and enlisted men of the command under provisions of your G. O. No. 39, 1898, until 5th December, 1898. Many of the men who had enlisted in this regiment at Camp Wilmer had done so for the purpose of going into the volunteer service of the United States. To relieve those men from serving for the balance of their terms of enlistment in the National Guard, as well as in order to reduce the companies within the maximum of sixty provided by our militia law, an opportunity was given to all who had enlisted between 22d of April and May 14th, 1898, to apply for discharge. The companies having thus been reduced to proper size, requisitions for ordnance and quartermaster stores were made and filled to fully equip the regiment.

The eight companies of the First Regiment and the four companies of the Fourth Regiment which constituted the First Maryland, United States Volunteers, were mustered out of the United States service on February 28th, 1899, and reported

back to this brigade. Leaves of absence and furloughs for the officers and men of the First Regiment were granted until May 1st, 1899, and for the Fourth Regiment until April 3d, 1899. Similar steps for the reorganization of these two regiments were taken as above described in the case of the Fifth Regiment.

At the present time two battalions of the Fourth Regiment have been fully equipped with clothing and ordnance. The remaining battalion has been supplied with sufficient clothing for its present enlisted strength, but has not as yet received its ordnance, requisitions for which have been forwarded by me.

To equip the troops forming Maryland's quota in the volunteer army took all the quartermaster and ordnance stores owned and held by the State. When these troops returned they brought nothing whatever with them, so the expense of re-equipment of the entire infantry arm of the brigade has been at once put upon the State. This has made it impossible up to the present to undertake the work of properly fitting up the armories of the companies of the First Regiment, a thing that I regard as prerequisite to the issue of any equipment. Immediately after the beginning of the new year I shall recommend that the armories of at least four companies of this regiment be so improved as to provide accommodations for keeping therein of all State and Government property issued to such companies, an impossibility at the present time. When this has been accomplished the work of similarly providing for the other companies of the regiment may be undertaken.

On 22d of July, 1899, three officers and thirty-four men of Troop "A" started on a practice march through Western Maryland and Southern Pennsylvania. A report of this march by the commanding officer of the troop is enclosed herewith. I visited the Troop at two points on their march. The profitable use made by the officers and men of this experience was such as to increase the confidence I already felt in this excellent organization.

The following table gives the organized strength of the brigade as of 25th November, 1899:

ORGANIZATIONS.	Field Officers.	Staff Officers.	Line Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.		Aggregate.
					Officers.	Enlisted Men.	
Brigade headquarters.....	1	8	.....	6	9	6	15
First Regiment.....	3	9	22	419	34	419	453
Fourth Regiment.....	5	10	25	619	40	619	659
Fifth Regiment.....	5	12	29	691	46	691	737
First Separate Company.....			2	60	2	60	62
Troop "A".....			3	68	3	68	71
Signal Corps.....			2	11	2	11	13
Totals.....	14	39	83	1874	136	1874	2010

I desire to acknowledge the satisfactory performance by all the officers of my staff of such duties as they have been called upon to perform. The work of Col. Allan McLane, Adjutant-General of the brigade, has been particularly arduous, but performed with an intelligence and faithfulness calling for special comment.

Very respectfully,

(Signed.)

LAWRASON RIGGS,

Brigadier General.

Report of the Commander, First Naval Battalion, for 1898.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST NAVAL BATTALION, M. N. G., U. S. S.

"DALE."

BALTIMORE, MD., *December 28, 1898.*

SIR:

In obedience to your orders I have the honor of submitting the following report on the operations of the Maryland Naval Militia for the year 1898, giving in detail a synopsis of the services rendered the United States government in the war with Spain.

The advent of this most memorable year found the officers of my command busily engaged in gathering information for the Navy Department under instructions from the Department as to the different classes of vessels hailing from this port and their adaptability for auxiliary vessels of the navy. We were asked to supply the original blue prints of all such vessels where possible, and to make drawings showing proposed changes into gunboats, torpedo boats, etc.; the possible cost of such changes, etc. In this connection I refer with much pleasure to the interest manifested by the officers of this Battalion in securing this information, and the time they devoted to this work, which was largely done before the excitement attending the blowing up of the battleship "Maine," demonstrating the fact that their devotion to this branch of the service is actuated by higher and nobler principles than the wave of temporary patriotism that affects certain classes only at the outbreak of actual hostilities.

The Department not only required a description of these vessels, but a personal inspection of them, and the information thus obtained was bound in duplicate, one copy of which was sent to the Bureau of Naval Intelligence and one copy retained at these headquarters.

The drawings prepared by Lieut. Wm. M. Goodrich received special commendation from officers of the regular navy.

During the latter part of the month of February, when the hostilities with Spain seemed imminent, I received verbal orders from you to recruit the Battalion to the full limit allowed by law—26 officers and 324 men—and to place provisional orders for equipments, uniforms, etc., in order that such articles could be supplied on short notice, when required. In accordance therewith I issued orders to the commanding officers of the four divisions, and the heads of the different departments to make out requisitions for all equipments and uniforms necessary to put the command on a war basis and ready for service.

Early in April I received orders from you stating that the Secretary of the Navy desired eight officers and one hundred and sixty seven men from the Maryland Naval Militia for duty on the U. S. S. "Dixie." You authorized me to ask for volunteers for this service, and to equip and uniform said force, and to notify the men to hold themselves in readiness to move on an hour's notice. I ordered the battalion to report on board the U. S. S. "Dale." After publishing your orders, I called for volunteers for service in the United States Navy, and it gives me pleasure to state every member of the organization, save one, promptly volunteered to go.

The detail for the U. S. S. "Dixie" was made out and equipped. On Saturday, April 23, at 12 o'clock noon, I received your orders by telephone to send the "Dixie's" com-

plement to her at once, and within five hours the officers and men had been summoned from their respective offices, stores and workshops, reported on board the "Dale," uniformed and were marched aboard the Norfolk steamer, en route for Norfolk Navy Yard. This prompt movement was very favorably commented upon by the Commandant at Norfolk Navy Yard.

The "Dixie's" complement was increased during the following week from this battalion to 12 Commissioned Officers and 266 Petty Officers and men and one Warrant Officer, as per Appendix "B."

Included in the "Dixie's" complement were 65 men for the engine-room force, and 12 men, including cooks, for the messmen's branch. These men are not provided for in our regular organization, but were enlisted by your authority.

The following officers; R. S. Paul, B. F. Jacobs and R. P. Brown, who were officers on the "Dixie" while she was in the merchant marine service, were also given special commissions by the Governor of Maryland in order that they might receive commissions in the United States Navy and assignment to duty on the "Dixie."

Captain Davis was quite anxious to retain these officers on the "Dixie" on account of their familiarity with the ship, and the Department advised me that none but naval militiamen from Maryland would be assigned to this ship, as it was the desire of the Department that the Naval Militia should receive full credit for any meritorious service the "Dixie" might render and be responsible for any of her shortcomings.

Few of the auxiliary cruisers of the navy rendered more efficient or valuable service than the "Dixie," and one of the officers of the regular service, on the "Dixie," wrote me personally as follows: "The success of the 'Dixie's' cruise was due in a great measure to the fine spirit which animated her crew and fitted them to successfully overcome the many obstacles they had to meet."

Among the appendices hereto attached will be found a report and extract from the log of the "Dixie's" prize crews, showing the important and hazardous work intrusted to the Maryland boys.

On April 23d, after dispatching the "Dixie's" complement in obedience to your instructions, the remainder of this command was ordered to report on board the U. S. S. "Dale," quartered and drilled daily until further orders.

During the two or three weeks following, we waited patiently on board the "Dale" for orders from the Navy Department authorizing our enlistment in the U. S. Naval Service. Regular ship routine was observed, and the entire ship's company was drilled morning and afternoon on shore and afloat, and the officers were formed into a school of instruction and later examined by an officer of the Navy.

Early in May I obtained your permission to visit the Navy Department in behalf of the remaining members of my command, who were getting quite impatient to enlist and go to the front. After two or three visits to Washington, I received from the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Theodore Roosevelt, assurance that the remainder of my command would be mustered into the service and assigned to coast defense duty, and between the 22d and 25th of May commissions were issued to thirteen officers,—four lieutenants, four lieutenants, (junior grade), four ensigns and an assistant surgeon. The Department informed me that no volunteers would be taken into the U. S. Navy with rank higher than lieutenant. 163 men were sworn in, and the Secretary of the Navy authorized the enlistment of the men who were on board May 2d to date from that day, while the officers' commissions were issued May 25th, their pay from the government did not begin until May 31st, the date of the delivery of the commissions. At this time the U. S. S. "Dale" was turned over to the Navy Department, and I received orders from the Secretary of the Navy to command her, and to report to Commander C. T. Hutchins, U. S. N., in command of Fifth District, Coast Defense System.

On June 10th I received orders from Commander Hutchins to send four officers and twenty-four men to Norfolk Navy Yard for duty on board U. S. S. "Apache;" the officers and men reported there on the 11th of June, and Lieut. Edwin Geer was put in command. It was the intention of the department to mobilize a fleet of four gunboats, two torpedo-boats and two patrol-boats for the Fifth District Coast Defense System, which embraced the territory between Metomkin inlet to New River inlet, North Carolina, including the Chesapeake Bay, but before this scheme was carried out peace hove in sight, with only the following vessels assigned to this district:

U. S. S. "Dale," for Reserve Ship; U. S. S. "Apache," U. S. S. "Ajax," U. S. S. "Sylph."

During the month of June Congress enacted the law authorizing the formation of an auxiliary naval force, to which the coast defense system was transferred. Capt. Jno. R. Bartlett was made chief of this force. Captain Bartlett's most extraordinary executive ability and kind consideration for naval militia soon brought order and organization out of the chaotic state in which he found the coast defense system, and he endeared himself to every naval militiaman with whom he came in contact by his courtesy and consideration.

On the 12th of July I received orders from the Secretary of the Navy designating me as assistant to the Chief of the United States Auxiliary Naval Force, and assigning me to the command to the Fifth District of said force, with headquarters at Baltimore, on U. S. R. S. "Dale," which position I had the honor of

filling until I received an honorable discharge from the naval service November 2d, 1898.

On September 14th, 1898, the Navy Department again loaned the U. S. S. "Dale" to the State of Maryland for use of the Naval Militia, and on December 19th, 1898, the Department also loaned the U. S. S. "Sylvia" to the State for use of the Naval Militia, a full report of which I made to you December 20th, 1898.

The assignment of the converted yachts to the Naval Militia is the best evidence of the Department's appreciation of the services rendered by this force, and will greatly improve the efficiency of our organizations and attract a most desirable class of men to this branch of the service.

Inasmuch as our organization does not provide for an engine-room force, the late war has demonstrated the necessity of this class of men, and since we now have a steamer, and will have use for them, even on a peace footing, I would respectfully suggest that you authorize the enlistment for each of the four divisions of this Battalion the following: One Machinist, two Machinists (first class), two Firemen (first class).

The appendices hereto attached give the different ships to which the officers and men of this command were assigned, and it gives me much pleasure to say that both officers and men accepted these various assignments and sub-divisions without any complaint whatsoever, and I have received personally, from most of the commanding officers of the various ships on which the officers and men served, the most flattering reports of their efficiency.

In conclusion, permit me to express to you, sir, my sincere appreciation of the consideration that I received at your hands, and the prompt and military manner with which the affairs of my command that came through your office were handled by you during those busy days of preparation.

I am sir, with much respect,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed.)

ISAAC E. EMERSON,

Commander, commanding.

To the Adjutant General, Annapolis, Md.

Report of the Commander, First Naval Battalion, for 1899.

HEADQUARTERS, FIRST NAVAL BATTALION, M. N. G.,

U. S. S. "DALE,"

BALTIMORE, *December 10, 1899.*

SIR:

Pursuant to your orders I have the honor of appending hereto a detailed report of the operations and condition of this battalion for the year 1899.

Since making my last annual report the Navy Department has loaned to the State of Maryland for use of the Naval Militia the U. S. S. "Sylvia," and in compliance with your orders I proceeded to Norfolk Navy Yard, December 16, 1898, with a detachment of 4 officers and 30 men, and brought the "Sylvia" to this port, arriving December 19.

The "Sylvia" is one of the converted steam yachts that was in service during the Spanish War, and I have found her a most valuable adjunct to this command, stimulating renewed interest and enthusiasm with both officers and men.

Owing to her size, 150 feet over all, she will only accommodate one division at a time, but by sending her out on every Saturday and holiday, each division made several cruises during the summer.

From the report of my executive officer, appended hereto, and from my previous special reports, you will note that we will soon be compelled to abandon the old "Dale," and it becomes imperative that we either secure another ship of her size, or an armory for the protection of Government and State property (the "Sylvia" being entirely too small for the purpose), and for the necessary room for artillery and infantry drills. These important drills, as you well know, cannot be executed with any satisfaction on board a small ship. I therefore strongly urge your recommendation for the next General Assembly to purchase an armory for this branch of the Guard, (the Navy Department having officially notified me that it is impossible for the government to assign us another ship.)

For the ensuing winter I have made favorable terms with the Baltimore United Electric Railway Company for the use of part of one of their old power-houses, located on Baltimore street and Rogers avenue, and we are now drilling there. I have secured an option on this property, and an appropriation of \$100,000 will purchase it and make the necessary changes for converting it into an up-to-date armory, most favorably located and adapted for our purposes. I am, sir, with much respect,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed.)

ISAAC E. EMERSON,

Commander, Commanding.

MAJOR-GENERAL L. A. WILMER,

Adjutant-General, Annapolis, Md.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST NAVAL BATTALION, M. N. G.,

U. S. S. "DALE."

BALTIMORE, MD., *December 8, 1899.*

SIR: I have to report that during the past year this battalion has performed the several duties hereinafter stated. The "Dale" and "Sylvia" have been placed out of commission since September 30. The small boats are all housed. The "Sylvia" was

docked at Columbia Iron Works and new wheel put on in place of the one on her when turned over by the Government. Since placing ships out of commission the "Sylvia's" hull has been chipped and painted with red lead, and is now in first-class condition. The condition of the "Dale" has been the subject of several prior reports. She is unseaworthy, leaks very badly, and in the summer was making 24 inches in 24 hours. Since the fall she has been placed at bulkhead of wharf and now makes very little water.

On December 5 all rifles, cutlasses and artillery pieces were removed from the U. S. S. "Dale" to the armory, Baltimore street and Rogers avenue, where drills have since been held, and will be until next summer, when the battalion returns to boatwork. The men are enthusiastic and attendance is fair.

May 17, battalion paraded and was reviewed by His Excellency Governor Lowndes at Electric Park, at the Trades Display.

June 16, embarked on U. S. S. "Prairie" for annual cruise; 13 Officers, 3 Warrant, 7 Chief Petty Officers, 203 Petty Officers and men—total, 226.

(Report of Cruise, see report Assistant Secretary of Navy). Returned June 23.

Beginning July 1, the "Sylvia" made trips every Saturday to points in the bay, returning Monday morning in time for men to return to work. One division would go each week; the average attendance on these trips were five officers and forty-five men and petty officers. The men were taught seamanship, handling vessels under steam and all duties pertaining to a seaman's life; target practice under way and standing still. One trip was made to Cape Henry and fifty miles at sea.

September 12—Battalion paraded in honor of Capt. N. M. Dyer, U. S. N., who was entertained by the city; was especially commended by Governor Lowndes and Captain Dyer for seamanlike appearance and marching.

December 7—Lieutenant-Commander Geer and Lieutenant Hewes were ordered to meet U. S. S. "Prairie" down the river and pilot her to wharf to load exhibits for Paris Exposition. This order was the result of request from Commander M. R. S. Mackenzie to have an officer meet "Prairie" and pilot her up. Collector W. S. Stone kindly tendered custom-house boat "Guthrie" to put these officers aboard "Prairie." The "Prairie" was met in Fort McHenry channel, off Wagner's Point, and docked pier No. 9, Locust Point.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed.)

EDWIN GEER,
Lt. Comd. & Ex. Officer.

TO COMMANDER ISAAC E. EMERSON,
Commanding First Naval Battalion, M. N. G.

**Report of the Commanding Officer, "Veteran Corps," Fifth
Regiment Infantry, Maryland National Guard.**

HEADQUARTERS "VETERAN CORPS," FIFTH REGIMENT INFAN-
TRY, MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.

BALTIMORE, *December 5, 1899.*

TO THE ADJUTANT GENERAL, STATE OF MARYLAND;

SIR:

In obedience to G. O. No. 11, A. G. O., c. s., dated November 16, 1899, I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this command for the years 1898 and 1899.

This corps has performed no duties during those periods except that of escort, parading as such upon the departure and return of the 5th Md. Reg't., U. S. V. in 1898. Also taking part in the funeral obsequies of Lieutenant-Colonel Wm D. Robinson and all enlisted men of the 5th Md., U. S. V., buried with military honors, who died in the service of the U. S. Acted as escort at the funeral of the late Commandant of this corps, Colonel George R. Gaither; and paraded on September 12, 1899, as escort for Capt. N. M. Dyer. Also took part in the celebration incident to Maryland Day at the Philadelphia Exposition, October 19, 1899.

During the past year an additional company has been added to the roster of this command and especially assigned to duty with the Gatling gun belonging to the corps, and is now thoroughly instructed in its use.

A full complement of modern rifles has been purchased, and I have the honor to report that this command is now fully armed and equipped with up-to-date arms.

— The corps now numbers 137 men and eleven officers.

I am, very respectfully,

(Signed.)

CHAS. D. GAITHER,

Colonel "Veteran Corps," Fifth Regiment Infantry, M. N. G.

